Filed pursuant to 424(b)(3) Registration No. 333-229136

BLACK CREEK INDUSTRIAL REIT IV INC. SUPPLEMENT NO. 1 DATED MAY 15, 2020 TO THE PROSPECTUS DATED APRIL 28, 2020

This prospectus supplement ("Supplement") is part of and should be read in conjunction with the prospectus of Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc., dated April 28, 2020 (the "Prospectus"). Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Supplement shall have the same meanings as in the Prospectus.

The purpose of this Supplement is to disclose:

- the transaction price and offering price for each class of our common stock for subscriptions to be accepted as of June 1, 2020;
- the calculation of our April 30, 2020 net asset value ("NAV") per share, as determined in accordance with our valuation procedures, for each of our share classes;
- the status of our public and private offerings;
- an update regarding the impacts of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19");
- an update to the risk factors;
- updated information with respect to our real properties;
- updated information regarding distributions;
- updated information regarding redemptions;
- updated selected financial data;
- updated information regarding fees and expenses payable to the Advisor, the Dealer Manager and their affiliates;
- updated historical NAV information for 2020;
- updated experts information; and
- our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

• JUNE 1, 2020 TRANSACTION PRICE

The transaction price for each share class of our common stock for subscriptions to be accepted as of June 1, 2020 (and distribution reinvestment plan issuances following the close of business on May 29, 2020 and share redemptions as of May 31, 2020) is as follows:

Share Class	action Price er share)	Offering Price (per share)
Class T	\$ 10.0629	\$ 10.5371
Class W	\$ 10.0629	\$ 10.0629
Class I	\$ 10.0629	\$ 10.0629

The transaction price for each of our share classes is equal to such class's NAV per share as of April 30, 2020. A calculation of the NAV per share is set forth in the section of this Supplement titled "April 30, 2020 NAV Per Share." The offering price of our common stock for each share class equals the transaction price of such class, plus applicable upfront selling commissions and dealer manager fees.

• APRIL 30, 2020 NAV PER SHARE

Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, has adopted valuation procedures, as amended from time to time, that contain a comprehensive set of methodologies to be used in connection with the calculation of our NAV. Our most recent NAV per share for each share class, which is updated as of the last calendar day of each month, is posted on our website at *www.blackcreekindustrialiv.com* and is also available on our toll-free, automated telephone line at (888) 310-9352. See the "Net Asset Value Calculation and Valuation Procedures" section of the Prospectus for a more detailed description of our valuation procedures, including important disclosure regarding real property valuations provided by Altus Group U.S. Inc. (the "Independent Valuation Firm"). All parties engaged by us in the calculation of our NAV, including the Advisor, are subject to the oversight of our board of directors. Generally, all of our real properties are appraised once each calendar year by third party appraisal firms in accordance with our valuation procedures and such appraisals are reviewed by the Independent Valuation Firm.

As used below, "Fund Interests" means our outstanding shares of common stock, along with the partnership units in our operating partnership ("OP Units") held directly or indirectly by the Sponsor, and "Aggregate Fund NAV" means the NAV of all of the Fund Interests.

The following table sets forth the components of Aggregate Fund NAV as of April 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020:

		As of				
(in thousands)	A	April 30, 2020	Μ	larch 31, 2020		
Investments in industrial properties	\$	963,100	\$	940,950		
Cash and cash equivalents		518,563		424,796		
Other assets		20,674		13,762		
Line of credit, term loan and mortgage notes		(356,750)		(356,750)		
Other liabilities		(16,239)		(15,805)		
Accrued performance component of advisory fee		(1,106)		(275)		
Accrued fixed component of advisory fee		(615)		(599)		
Aggregate Fund NAV	\$	1,127,627	\$	1,006,079		
Total Fund Interests outstanding		112,058		99,963		

The following table sets forth the NAV per Fund Interest as of April 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020:

(in thousands, except per Fund Interest data)	Total	Class T Shares		Class W Shares				OP Units	
As of April 30, 2020									
Monthly NAV	\$ 1,127,627	\$	1,049,737	\$	53,161	\$	21,097	\$	3,632
Fund Interests outstanding	112,058		104,318		5,283		2,096		361
NAV Per Fund Interest	\$ 10.0629	\$	10.0629	\$	10.0629	\$	10.0629	\$	10.0629
As of March 31, 2020									
Monthly NAV	\$ 1,006,079	\$	935,532	\$	47,278	\$	19,636	\$	3,633
Fund Interests outstanding	99,963		92,954		4,697		1,951		361
NAV Per Fund Interest	\$ 10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$	10.0645

Under GAAP, we record liabilities for ongoing distribution fees that (i) we currently owe under the terms of the dealer manager agreement and (ii) we estimate we may pay to the Dealer Manager in future periods for shares of our common stock. As of April 30, 2020, we estimated approximately \$41.5 million of ongoing distribution fees were potentially payable to the Dealer Manager. We intend for our NAV to reflect our estimated value on the date that we determine our NAV. As such, we do not deduct the liability for estimated future distribution fees in our calculation of NAV that may become payable after the date as of which our NAV is calculated.

The valuation for our real properties as of April 30, 2020 was provided by the Independent Valuation Firm in accordance with our valuation procedures and determined by starting with the appraised value. Certain key assumptions that were used by the Independent Valuation Firm in the discounted cash flow analysis are set forth in the following table:

	Weighted-Average Basis
Exit capitalization rate	5.4%
Discount rate / internal rate of return	6.4%
Holding period of real properties (years)	10.0

A change in the rates used would impact the calculation of the value of our real properties. For example, assuming all other factors remain constant, the hypothetical changes listed below would result in the following effects on the value of our real properties:

Input	Hypothetical Change	Increase (Decrease) to the NAV of Real Properties
Exit capitalization rate (weighted-average)	0.25% decrease	3.3 %
	0.25% increase	(3.0)%
Discount rate (weighted-average)	0.25% decrease	2.0 %
	0.25% increase	(2.0)%

• STATUS OF OUR PUBLIC AND PRIVATE OFFERINGS

As of May 6, 2020, we had raised gross proceeds of \$1.2 billion from the sale of 116.0 million million shares of our common stock in our follow-on public offering, including \$20.2 million from the sale of 2.0 million shares of our common stock through the distribution reinvestment plan. As of May 6, 2020, approximately \$1.25 billion in shares of our common stock remained available for sale pursuant to our follow-on public offering in any combination of Class T shares, Class W shares and Class I shares, including approximately \$488.1 million in shares of common stock available for sale through our distribution reinvestment plan, which may be reallocated for sale in our primary offering.

• IMPACTS OF COVID-19

The global pandemic and resulting shut down of large parts of the U.S. economy has created significant uncertainty and enhanced investment risk across many asset classes, including real estate. However, we believe we are well-positioned to navigate this unprecedented period. Since December 31, 2019 and through May 6, 2020, we raised over \$697.5 million in new equity capital. We believe that the increased pace at which we raised capital in the first three months of 2020 was primarily due to an influx of capital from IPT shareholders who determined to invest in our common shares following the completion of IPT's asset sale in January 2020. As a result, our balance sheet as of March 31, 2020 was strong with over \$400.0 million of cash and less than 30% leverage, calculated as our total borrowings outstanding divided by the fair value of our real property plus cash and cash equivalents. See "-Liquidity and Capital Resources-Capital Resources and Uses of Liquidity-Offering Proceeds" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020 (included at the end of this Supplement) for further information concerning capital raised thus far in 2020 and our expectations regarding the pace of capital raising in the near term. In addition, our portfolio was 98.3% leased as of March 31, 2020 and is diversified across 46 assets totaling 8.6 million square feet. Our buildings contain a diverse roster of 101 customers, large and small, spanning a multitude of industries and sectors across 14 markets, with a strategic weighting towards top tier markets where we have historically seen the lowest volatility combined with positive returns over time. Our NAV as of April 30, 2020 is \$10.06 per share, which is flat relative to the previous month's NAV per share and our distribution represents a 5.17% annualized yield before the effect of annual distribution fees that are payable with respect to Class T shares and Class W shares.

Our tenured and experienced asset management teams are working directly with our customers to manage through these turbulent times. Within our existing portfolio, 86% of our customers (based on gross April rent) continued to pay their rent in full for April 2020, compared to average annual collections of over 99% prior to the pandemic. We do not currently expect any material difference for collections in May. However, many of our customers' businesses have been disrupted and some of our more impacted customers are experiencing lost revenue. Our teams are working with these customers to ensure they take advantage of any available insurance and government stimulus programs, which may help them pay rent whether in full or in part. Where appropriate, we have restructured leases and may restructure additional leases to provide temporary rent relief needed by certain customers while positioning ourselves to recapture abated rent over time. As of the date of this filing, we had executed or agreed to such forbearance agreements with approximately 7% of our customers (based on gross rent). We can provide no assurances that we will be able to continue to collect rent at the same level that we did prior to the pandemic. Furthermore, we can provide no assurances that we will be able to recover unpaid rent.

While the uncertain length and depth of the damage from business disruptions remain a significant risk, we believe our NAV as of April 30, 2020 currently reflects this short-term uncertainty, as the Independent Valuation Firm has proactively increased credit loss reserves that may result from forbearance agreements or increased vacancies in the broader market. Going forward, the market disruption may slow our pace of deployment as sellers may be less willing to transact. Slower deployment of capital into income producing real estate further reduces cash flow generated to cover our distributions to our stockholders and may cause us to reduce our NAV in future periods in the absence of asset appreciation or expense support from the Advisor. However, we believe our strong balance sheet and ability as an operator will allow us to be a patient buyer of assets in order to maximize long-term total return and value creation for our stockholders.

• RISK FACTORS

The following risk factor supersedes and replaces the sixth risk factor in the section titled "Risk Factors-Risks Related to Our General Business Operations and Our Corporate Structure" on page 69 of the Prospectus:

The current outbreak of COVID-19 and resulting impacts on the U.S. economy and financial markets has created extreme uncertainty and volatility with respect to the current and future values of real estate, and therefore our NAV per share, as well as the market value of our debt (including associated interest rate hedges). As a result, our NAV per share may not reflect the actual realizable value of our underlying properties at any given time or the market value of our debt (including associated interest rate hedges).

The current outbreak of COVID-19 and resulting impacts on the U.S. economy and financial markets have created extreme uncertainty and volatility with respect to the current and future values of real estate and real estate-related assets, borrowings and hedges. The recent COVID-19 pandemic is expected to continue to have a significant impact on local, national and global economies and has resulted in a world-wide economic slowdown. The fallout from the ongoing pandemic on our investments is uncertain; however, it is expected to have a negative impact on the overall real estate market. In addition, slower transaction volume may result in less data for assessing real estate values. This increases the risk that our NAV per share may not reflect the actual realizable value of our underlying properties at any given time, as valuations and appraisals of our properties and real estate-related assets are only estimates of market value as of the end of the prior month and may not reflect the changes in values resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, as this impact is occurring rapidly and is not immediately quantifiable. To the extent real estate values decline after the date we disclose our NAV, whether due to the COVID-19 outbreak or otherwise, (i) we may overpay to redeem our shares, which would adversely affect the investment of non-redeeming stockholders, and (ii) new investors may overpay for their investment in our common stock, which would heighten their risk of loss. Furthermore, because we generally do not mark to market our property-level mortgages and corporate-level credit facilities that are intended to be held to maturity or our associated interest rate hedges that are intended to be held to maturity, the realizable value of our company or our assets that are encumbered by debt may be higher or lower than the value used in the calculation of our NAV. This risk may be exacerbated by the current market volatility, which can lead to large and sudden swings in the fair value of our assets and liabilities. We currently estimate the fair value of our debt (inclusive of associated interest rate hedges) that was intended to be held to maturity as of April 30, 2020 was \$5.8 million higher than par for such debt in aggregate, meaning that if we used the fair value of our debt rather than par (and treated the associated hedge as part

of the same financial instrument), our NAV would be lower by approximately \$5.8 million, or \$0.05 per share, as of April 30, 2020.

• **REAL PROPERTIES**

The following information supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the disclosure contained in the section titled "Investments in Real Properties, Real Estate Securities and Debt Related Investments" beginning on page 129 of the Prospectus:

Real Estate Portfolio Overview

As of March 31, 2020, we owned and managed a real estate portfolio that included 46 industrial buildings totaling approximately 8.6 million square feet located in 14 markets throughout the U.S., with 101 customers, and was 97.1% occupied (98.3% leased) with a weighted-average remaining lease term (based on square feet) of 4.4 years. The occupied rate reflects the square footage with a paying customer in place. The leased rate includes the occupied square footage and additional square footage with leases in place that have not yet commenced. Our portfolio has an estimated aggregate weighted-average purchase price capitalization rate of approximately 4.5% (4.8% excluding contractual free rent during a portion of the year following acquisition of certain of the properties).

The purchase price capitalization rate is based on the property's projected cash net operating income from in-place leases for the 12 months after the date of purchase, including any contractual rent increases contained in such leases for those 12 months, divided by the purchase price for the property, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses and other closing costs including acquisition costs.

Unless otherwise indicated, the term "property" as used herein refers to one or more buildings in the same market that were acquired by us in the same transaction.

Building Types. Our industrial buildings consist primarily of warehouse distribution facilities suitable for single or multiple customers. The following table summarizes our portfolio by building type as of March 31, 2020:

Building Type	Description	Percent of Rentable Square Feet
Bulk distribution	Building size of 150,000 to over 1 million square feet, single or multi-customer	74.4%
Light industrial	Building size of less than 150,000 square feet, single or multi-customer	25.6
		100.0%

Portfolio Overview and Market Diversification. As of March 31, 2020, the average effective annual rent of our total real estate portfolio (calculated by dividing total annualized base rent, which includes the impact of any contractual

tenant concessions (cash basis), by total occupied square footage) was approximately \$5.46 per square foot. The following table summarizes certain operating metrics of our portfolio by market as of March 31, 2020:

(\$ and square feet in thousands)	Number of Buildings	Rentable Square Feet	Occupied Rate (1)	Leased Annualized Rate (1) Base Rent (2)		% of Total Annualized Base Rent
Atlanta	1	138	%	_%	\$	%
Austin	1	119	100.0	100.0	929	2.0
Central Valley	1	382	100.0	100.0	2,246	4.9
Cincinnati	1	152	100.0	100.0	680	1.5
Chicago	2	386	100.0	100.0	1,894	4.1
Dallas	5	1,433	100.0	100.0	5,657	12.4
D.C. / Baltimore	1	126	100.0	100.0	535	1.2
Las Vegas	5	851	99.7	99.7	5,786	12.7
New Jersey	4	725	99.6	99.6	4,280	9.4
Orlando	2	441	100.0	100.0	2,464	5.4
Pennsylvania	8	988	100.0	100.0	5,582	12.2
Reno	6	1,422	92.7	100.0	6,246	13.7
South Florida	2	282	100.0	100.0	1,895	4.1
Southern California	7	1,179	100.0	100.0	7,503	16.4
Total Portfolio	46	8,624	97.1%	98.3%	\$ 45,697	100.0%

(1) The occupied rate reflects the square footage with a paying customer in place. The leased rate includes the occupied square footage and additional square footage with leases in place that have not yet commenced.

(2) Annualized base rent is calculated as monthly base rent including the impact of any contractual tenant concessions (cash basis) per the terms of the lease as of March 31, 2020, multiplied by 12.

Lease Terms. Our industrial properties are typically subject to leases on a "triple net basis," in which customers pay their proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance, and certain other operating costs. In addition, most of our leases include fixed rental increases or Consumer Price Index-based rental increases. Lease terms typically range from one to 10 years, and often include renewal options.

Lease Expirations. As of March 31, 2020, the weighted-average remaining lease term (based on square feet) of our total occupied portfolio was approximately 4.4 years, excluding renewal options. The following table summarizes

the lease expirations of our occupied portfolio for leases in place as of March 31, 2020, without giving effect to the exercise of renewal options or termination rights, if any:

(\$ and square feet in thousands)	Number of Leases	Occupied Square Feet	% of Total Occupied Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent (1)	% of Total Annualized Base Rent
2020	8	240	2.9%	\$ 1,342	2.9%
2021	21	1,118	13.3	6,247	13.7
2022	18	1,593	19.0	7,227	15.8
2023	21	1,665	19.9	9,713	21.3
2024	15	1,042	12.4	5,629	12.3
2025	7	576	6.9	3,571	7.8
2026	2	314	3.8	2,070	4.5
2027	4	364	4.3	1,653	3.6
2028	5	405	4.8	2,492	5.5
Thereafter	6	1,060	12.7	5,753	12.6
Total occupied	107	8,377	100.0%	\$ 45,697	100.0%

(1) Annualized base rent is calculated as monthly base rent including the impact of any contractual tenant concessions (cash basis) per the terms of the lease as of March 31, 2020, multiplied by 12.

Customer Diversification. As of March 31, 2020, there were two customers that individually represented more than 5.0% of total occupied square feet and two customers that individually represented more than 5.0% of total annualized base rent. The following table reflects our 10 largest customers, based on annualized base rent, which occupied a combined 3.3 million square feet as of March 31, 2020:

Customer	% of Total Occupied Square Feet	% of Total Annualized Base Rent
The Kroger Co.	5.8%	5.7%
Patagonia, Inc.	5.6	5.1
Boyd Flotation, Inc.	3.8	4.6
Hooker Furniture Corporation	3.9	3.6
Dayton Parts, LLC	3.8	3.3
Postal Center International, Inc.	2.7	3.2
Colavita USA, LLC	2.1	2.9
Automotive Parts Distribution		
International, LLC	4.9	2.9
City Furniture, Inc.	2.9	2.9
Almo Distributing Pennsylvania, Inc.	3.6	2.9
Total	39.1%	37.1%

The majority of our customers do not have a public corporate credit rating. We evaluate creditworthiness and financial strength of prospective customers based on financial, operating and business plan information that is provided to us by such prospective customers, as well as other market, industry, and economic information that is generally publicly available.

(\$ and square feet in thousands)	Number of Leases	Occupied Square Feet	% of Total Occupied Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent (1)	% of Total Annualized Base Rent
Food & Beverage	9	936	11.2%	\$ 5,483	12.0%
Home Furnishings	4	943	11.3	5,422	11.9
Auto	9	1,322	15.8	5,226	11.4
Transportation / Logistics	8	947	11.3	5,110	11.2
Apparel / Clothing	3	468	5.6	2,344	5.1
Printing	3	405	4.8	2,314	5.1
Storage / Warehousing	6	459	5.5	2,283	5.0
Computer / Electronics	9	289	3.4	2,008	4.4
Home Improvement	7	283	3.4	1,788	3.9
Appliance	2	379	4.5	1,678	3.7
Other	47	1,946	23.2	12,041	26.3
Total	107	8,377	100.0%	\$ 45,697	100.0%

Industry Diversification. The table below illustrates the diversification of our portfolio by industry classifications of our customers as of March 31, 2020:

(1) Annualized base rent is calculated as monthly base rent including the impact of any contractual tenant concessions (cash basis) per the terms of the lease as of March 31, 2020, multiplied by 12.

Debt Obligations. Our indebtedness is currently comprised of borrowings under our term loan and mortgage note debt. As of March 31, 2020, we had \$356.8 of indebtedness with a weighted-average interest rate of 2.78%, which includes the effect of interest rate swap agreements. The total gross book value of properties encumbered by our total debt as of March 31, 2020 was \$116.4 million. See "Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" in the section of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020 (included at the end of this Supplement) titled "Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes" for additional information.

In July 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") that regulates LIBOR announced it intends to stop compelling banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR after 2021. As a result, the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York organized the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC"), which identified the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") as its preferred alternative rate for LIBOR in derivatives and other financial contracts. We are not able to predict when LIBOR will cease to be available or when there will be sufficient liquidity in the SOFR markets. Any changes adopted by the FCA or other governing bodies in the method used for determining LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR. If that were to occur, our interest payment could change. In addition, uncertainty about the extent and manner of future changes may result in interest rate and/or payments that are higher or lower than if LIBOR were to remain available in the current form.

As of March 31, 2020, our line of credit and term loan are our only indebtedness with maturities beyond 2021 that has exposure to LIBOR. The agreement governing the term loan provides procedures for determining a replacement or alternative base rate in the event that LIBOR is discontinued. However, there can be no assurances as to whether such replacement or alternative base rate will be more or less favorable than LIBOR. As of March 31, 2020, we have interest rate swaps in place to hedge LIBOR on \$300.0 million of commitments under our term loan. We intend to monitor the developments with respect to the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 and work with our lenders to seek to ensure any transition away from LIBOR will have minimal impact on our financial condition, but can provide no assurances regarding the impact of the discontinuation of LIBOR.

Completed Real Property Acquisitions

The following is inserted at the end of the table in the subsection of the Prospectus titled, "Investments in Real Properties, Real Estate Securities and Debt Related Investments—Completed Real Property Acquisitions" on page 132 of the Prospectus in order to describe additional individually insignificant real property acquisitions completed as of the date of this Supplement:

(S in thousands)	Acquisition Date	Ownership Percentage	Purchase Price (1)	Purchase Price Capitalization Rate	Rentable Square Feet	Leased Rate
Core5 Trade Center at Valwood—Fort Worth,			 			
TX	5/11/2020	100.0%	\$ 70,200	4.4%	618,000	100.0%

(1) Reflects contractual purchase price amount exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, and other closing costs.

Probable Real Property Acquisitions

The following table summarizes our probable real property acquisitions as of the date of this filing:

(S in thousands)	Estimated Closing Quarter (1)	Ownership Percentage	Expected Purchase Price (2)		Rentable Square Feet	Leased Rate
Logistics Center at 33	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	62,500	476,000	100.0%
3 Applegate Drive	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	23,592	180,000	100.0%
Eaglepoint Six	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	40,185	691,000	100.0%
South 15 Airport Center	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	32,520	267,000	%
Legacy Logistics Center - Building 2	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	41,600	384,000	100.0%
100-500 Industrial Road	Q2-20	100.0%	\$	36,662	209,000	100.0%

(1) The consummation of each of these acquisitions is subject to our completion of due diligence and various closing conditions to be met by the parties to each acquisition. There can be no assurance these acquisitions will be completed.

(2) Reflects the contract purchase price exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, and other closing costs.

• DISTRIBUTIONS

1) We have declared monthly distributions for each class of our common stock. To date, each class of our common stock has received the same gross distribution per share. Monthly gross distributions were \$0.0454 per share for each share class for the month of May 2020. The net distribution per share is calculated as the gross distribution per share less any distribution fees that are payable monthly with respect to Class T shares and Class W shares. Since distribution fees are not paid with respect to Class I shares, the net distributions payable with respect to Class I shares. The table below details the net distributions for each class of our common stock for the period presented:

		Net Distri	butions per Sha	ire		
Month	Pay Date		Class T Share		Class W Share	Class I Share
May 2020	5/1/2020	\$	0.037	\$	0.041	\$ 0.045

2) The following information should be read in conjunction with the sections titled "Prospectus Summary—Distribution Policy," "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Investing in this Offering—We may have difficulty completely funding our distributions with funds provided by cash flows from operating activities..." and "Description of Capital Stock—Distributions" beginning on pages 29, 62, and 219, respectively, of the Prospectus:

We intend to continue to accrue and make distributions on a regular basis. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, approximately 5.4% of our total gross distributions were paid from cash flows from operating activities, as determined on a GAAP basis, and 94.6% of our total gross distributions were funded from sources other than cash flows

from operating activities, as determined on a GAAP basis; specifically 44.6% of our total gross distributions were paid from cash provided by expense support from the Advisor, and 50.0% of our total gross distributions were funded with proceeds from shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. Some or all of our future cash distributions may be paid from sources other than cash flows from operating activities, such as cash flows from financing activities, which include borrowings (including borrowings secured by our assets), proceeds from the issuance of shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, proceeds from sales of assets, cash resulting from a waiver or deferral of fees otherwise payable to the Advisor or its affiliates (including cash received pursuant to the Expense Support Agreement as described in "Prospectus Summary—Compensation to the Advisor and its Affiliates—Expense Support Agreement" and "Management Compensation—Expense Support Agreement"), interest income from our cash balances, and the net proceeds from primary shares sold in this offering. We have not established a cap on the amount of our cash distributions that may be paid from any of these sources. The amount of any cash distributions will be determined by our board of directors, and will depend on, among other things, current and projected cash requirements, tax considerations and other factors deemed relevant by our board.

For the second quarter of 2020, our board of directors authorized monthly cash distributions to all common stockholders of record as of the close of business on the last business day of each month for the second quarter of 2020, or April 30, 2020, May 29, 2020 and June 30, 2020 (each a "Distribution Record Date"). The distributions were authorized at a quarterly rate of (i) \$0.13625 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.13625 per Class T share and per Class W share of common stock, less the respective annual distribution fees that are payable monthly with respect to such Class T shares and Class W shares. This quarterly rate is equal to a monthly rate of (i) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class T shares and Class W share. Cash distributions for each month of the second quarter of 2020 have been or will be paid in cash or reinvested in shares of our common stock for those electing to participate in our distribution reinvestment plan following the close of business on the respective Distribution Record Date applicable to such monthly distributions.

There can be no assurances that the current distribution rate or amount per share will be maintained. In the near-term, we expect that we may need to continue to rely on expense support from the Advisor and sources other than cash flows from operations, as determined on a GAAP basis, to pay cash distributions, which if insufficient could negatively impact our ability to pay cash distributions. See "Prospectus Summary—Compensation to the Advisor and its Affiliates—Expense Support Agreement" and "Management Compensation—Expense Support Agreement" for further detail regarding the waiver and expense support agreement among us, the Operating Partnership and the Advisor.

The following table outlines sources used, as determined on a GAAP basis, to pay total gross cash distributions (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares of our common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan ("DRIP")) for the quarters ended as of the dates indicated below:

		Source of Cash Distributions														
(\$ in thousands)	Expe	ovided by expense pport (1)		Provided Operatin Activitie		from F		Proceeds from Financi Activities		from Financing Proceeds from Distrib		ing Proceeds from		Gross Distributions (3)		Total Cash Flows from Operating Activities
2020																
March 31	\$ 4,534	44.6%	\$	548	5.4%	\$		_%	\$	5,076	50.0%	\$	10,158	\$	1,816	
Total	\$ 4,534	44.6%	\$	548	5.4%	\$	_	_%	\$	5,076	50.0%	\$	10,158	\$	1,816	
2019		· <u> </u>	_			-			_			_		_		
December 31	\$ 947	14.8%	\$	—	%	\$	2,216	34.6%	\$	3,242	50.6%	\$	6,405	\$	(2,151)	
September 30	1,776	31.2		1,057	18.5			—		2,866	50.3		5,699		4,019	
June 30	2,120	45.2		256	0.1					2,319	49.4		4,695		961	
March 31	1,295	36.6		503	0.1		—	—		1,744	49.2		3,542		3,624	
Total	\$ 6,138	30.2%	\$	1,816	8.9%	\$	2,216	10.9%	\$	10,171	50.0%	\$	20,341	\$	6,453	

(1) For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Advisor provided expense support of \$4.5 million. See "Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020 (included at the end of this Supplement) for further detail on the expense support provided during the quarter. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Advisor provided expense support of \$6.1 million. See "Prospectus Summary—Compensation to the Advisor and its Affiliates—Expense Support Agreement" for a description of the expense support agreement.

- (2) Stockholders may elect to have cash distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan.
- (3) Gross distributions are total distributions before the deduction of any distribution fees relating to Class T shares and Class W shares issued in the primary portion of our public offerings.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, our cash flows provided by operating activities on a GAAP basis were \$1.8 million, as compared to our aggregate total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$10.2 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, our cash flows provided by operating activities on a GAAP basis were \$3.6 million, as compared to our aggregate total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$3.5 million.

We believe that our FFO of \$8.9 million, or \$0.73 per share, as compared to the total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares offered through our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$35.7 million, or \$1.89 per share, for the period from Inception (August 12, 2014) to March 31, 2020, are not indicative of future performance as we are in the acquisition phase of our life cycle. See the section of this Supplement titled "Selected Financial Data" for additional information concerning FFO and a reconciliation of FFO to our net income (loss) as determined on a GAAP basis.

• **REDEMPTIONS**

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, we received eligible redemption requests for approximately 0.1 million shares of our common stock, all of which we redeemed using cash flows from financing activities, for an aggregate amount of approximately \$0.7 million, or an average price of \$9.83 per share. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, we received eligible redemption requests for 76,288 shares of our common stock, all of which we redeemed using cash flows from financing activities, for an aggregate amount of approximately \$764,277, or an average price of \$10.02 per share.

• SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following information supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the disclosure contained in the section titled "Selected Financial Data" beginning on page 207 of the Prospectus:

The following selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, which is included in this Supplement.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,						
(in thousands, except per share data)	2020 (1)						
Operating data:							
Total revenues	\$	16,777	\$	5,963			
Total operating expenses	\$	(18,378)	\$	(7,693)			
Total other expenses	\$	(2,876)	\$	(1,201)			
Total expenses before expense support from Advisor	\$	(21,254)	\$	(8,894)			
Total (reimbursement to) expense support from the Advisor, net	\$	4,534	\$	(2,205)			
Net expenses after expense support from Advisor	\$	(16,720)	\$	(11,099)			
Net loss	\$	57	\$	(5,136)			
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)			
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$	0.00	\$	(0.20)			
Weighted-average shares outstanding		74,633		25,997			
Distributions:							
Gross cash distributions declared (2)	\$	10,158	\$	3,542			
Cash distributions declared per common share (2)(3)	\$	0.14	\$	0.14			
Company-defined FFO (4):							
Reconciliation of net loss to Company-defined FFO:							
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)			
Total NAREIT adjustments (5)	\$	9,673	\$	3,119			
Total Company-defined adjustments (6)	\$	855	\$	876			
Company-defined FFO	\$	10,585	\$	(1,127)			
Cash flow data:							
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,816	\$	3,624			
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(15,884)	\$	(43,588)			
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$	387,686	\$	50,576			

	As of					
(\$ and square feet in thousands)		March 31, 2020		December 31, 2019		
Balance sheet data:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	424,796	\$	51,178		
Total assets	\$	1,318,116	\$	938,773		
Total liabilities	\$	446,561	\$	531,570		
Total stockholders' equity	\$	867,920	\$	406,478		
Gross offering proceeds raised during period	\$	528,152	\$	304,983		
Shares outstanding		99,802		49,275		
Portfolio data:						
Number of buildings		46		45		
Rentable square feet		8,624		8,486		
Number of customers		101		103		

(1) The SEC declared our initial public offering effective on February 18, 2016. We broke escrow on November 30, 2016 and then adjusted our share class structure in July 2017. We commenced real estate operations on February 26, 2018 when we acquired our first property. On September 5, 2019, the SEC declared our follow-on offering effective and our initial public offering was terminated upon the effectiveness of the follow-on offering. We are early in the acquisition phase of our life cycle, and the results of our operations are primarily impacted by the timing of our acquisitions and the equity raised through this offering. Accordingly, our year-over-year financial data is not directly comparable.

(2) Gross cash distributions are total distributions before the deduction of distribution fees relating to Class T shares and Class W shares.

(3) Amounts reflect the quarterly distribution rate authorized by our board of directors per Class I share of common stock. Our board of directors authorized distributions at this same rate per Class T and Class W share of common stock less respective distribution fees that are payable monthly with respect to such Class T and Class W shares (as calculated on a daily basis).

- (4) Refer to the section of this Supplement titled "Additional Performance Measures" for a definition of Company-defined FFO, as well as a detailed reconciliation of our net loss to Company-defined FFO.
- (5) Included in our NAREIT adjustments is real estate-related depreciation and amortization.

(6) Included in our Company-defined adjustments are acquisition expense reimbursements, which reflect amounts reimbursable to the Advisor for all expenses incurred by the Advisor and its affiliates on our behalf in connection with the selection, acquisition, development or origination of an asset.

Additional Performance Measures

We believe that FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO, in addition to net income (loss) and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, are useful supplemental performance measures that our management uses to evaluate our consolidated operating performance. However, these supplemental, non-GAAP measures should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) or to cash flows from operating activities as an indication of our performance and are not intended to be used as a liquidity measure indicative of cash flow available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. No single measure can provide users of financial information with sufficient information and only our disclosures read as a whole can be relied upon to adequately portray our financial position, liquidity, and results of operations. Fees deferred or waived by the Advisor and payments received from the Advisor and/or reimbursed to the Advisor pursuant to the expense support agreement are included in determining our net income (loss), which is used to determine FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO. If we had not received support from the Advisor and/or reimbursed the Advisor pursuant to the expense support agreement, our FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO would have been lower or higher. In addition, other REITs may define FFO and similar measures differently and choose to treat acquisition-related costs and potentially other accounting line items in a manner different from us due to specific differences in investment and operating strategy or for other reasons.

FFO. As defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), FFO is a non-GAAP measure that excludes certain items such as real estate-related depreciation and amortization. We believe FFO is a meaningful supplemental measure of our operating performance that is useful to investors because depreciation and amortization in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. We use FFO as an indication of our consolidated operating performance and as a guide to making decisions about future investments.

Company-defined FFO. Similar to FFO, Company-defined FFO is a non-GAAP measure that excludes real estate-related depreciation and amortization and also excludes acquisition-related costs, which are characterized as expenses in determining net income (loss) under GAAP. The purchase of operating properties has been a key strategic objective of our business plan focused on generating growth in operating income and cash flow in order to make distributions to investors. However, the corresponding acquisition-related costs are driven by transactional activity rather than factors specific to the on-going operating performance of our properties or investments. Company-defined FFO may not be a complete indicator of our operating performance, and may not be a useful measure of the long-term operating performance of our properties if we do not continue to operate our business plan as disclosed.

MFFO. As defined by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA"), MFFO is a non-GAAP supplemental financial performance measure used to evaluate our operating performance. Similar to FFO, MFFO excludes items such as real estate-related depreciation and amortization. Similar to Company-defined FFO, MFFO excludes acquisition-related costs. MFFO also excludes straight-line rent and amortization of above- and below-market leases. In addition, there are certain other MFFO adjustments as defined by the IPA that are not applicable to us and are not included in our presentation of MFFO.

We are in the acquisition phase of our life cycle. Management does not include historical acquisition-related costs in its evaluation of future operating performance, as such costs are not expected to be incurred once our acquisition phase is complete. We use FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO to, among other things: (i) evaluate and compare the potential performance of the portfolio after the acquisition phase is complete, and (ii) evaluate potential performance to determine liquidity event strategies. Although some REITs may present similar measures differently from us, we believe FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO generally facilitate a comparison to other REITs that have similar operating characteristics to us. We believe investors are best served if the information that is made available to them allows them to align their analyses and evaluation with the same performance metrics used by management in planning and executing our business strategy. We believe that these performance metrics will assist investors in evaluating the potential performance of future performance and should not be considered as an alternative to net loss or to cash flows from operating activities and is not intended to be used as a liquidity measure indicative of cash flow available to fund our cash needs. Neither the SEC, NAREIT, nor any regulatory body has passed judgment on the acceptability of the adjustments used to calculate FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO. In the future, the SEC, NAREIT, or a regulatory body may decide to standardize the allowable adjustments across the non-traded REIT industry at which point we may adjust our calculation and characterization of FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO.

The following unaudited table presents a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO:

GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders\$ 57 \$(5,122)\$(26,506)GAAP net income (loss) per common share\$ 0.00 \$ 0.201 \$(22,17)Reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO: 3 0.00 \$ 0.201 \$(26,506)GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders\$ 57 \$ $(5,122)$ \$(26,506)Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments: 8 57 \$ $(5,122)$ \$(26,506)Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization $9,720$ $3,128$ $35,497$ NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: $8,9730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined fFO to Company-defined FFO: (4) (2) (9) Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,138$ \$ $1,127$ \$ $17,721$ Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Comp	(in thousands, except per share data)	F	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 2019			For the Period From Inception (August 12, 2014) to March 31, 2020		
Reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO:GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders\$ 57\$ (5,122)\$ (26,506)Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments: Real estate-related depreciation and amortization $9,720$ $3,128$ $35,497$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization $9,730$ \$ (2,003)\$ 8,902NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902NAREIT FFO per common share\$ 0.13\$ (0.08)\$ 0.73Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO: NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: Acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585\$ (1,127)\$ 17,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585\$ (1,127)\$ 17,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585\$ (1,127)\$ 17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,9174\$ (1,970)\$ 10,224		\$	57	\$	(5,122)	\$	(26,506)	
GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders\$57\$ $(5,122)$ \$ $(26,506)$ Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments: Real estate-related depreciation and amortization9,7203,12835,497Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization9,7203,12835,497NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$ $(2,003)$ \$8,902NAREIT FFO per common share\$0.013\$ (0.08) \$0.73Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO: NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$ $(2,003)$ \$8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: Acquisition costs and reimbursements\$9,730\$ $(2,003)$ \$8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: Acquisition costs and reimbursements\$9,730\$ $(2,003)$ \$8,902Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$ $(2,003)$ \$8,902Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$ $(1,127)$ \$17,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$ $(1,127)$ \$17,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$ $(1,127)$ \$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO a	GAAP net income (loss) per common share	\$	0.00	\$	(0.20)	\$	(2.17)	
Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments: Real estate-related depreciation and amortization9,7203,12835,497Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization(47)(9)(89)NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902NAREIT FFO per common share\$0.13\$(0.08)\$0.733Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO: NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: Acquisition costs and reimbursements\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Company-defined FFO per common share\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Company-defined FFO to MFFO: Company-defined FFO to MFFO:14,55\$(7,512)Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases\$10,585\$(1,418)(845)(7,512)Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,9,174\$(1,970)\$10,224	Reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO:							
Real estate-related depreciation and amortization $9,720$ $3,128$ $35,497$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization (47) (9) (89) NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ NAREIT FFO per common share\$ 0.13 \$ (0.08) \$ 0.733 Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO: 8 $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: 8 $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: 859 878 $8,828$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements (4) (2) (9) Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Company-defined FFO per common share\$ 0.14 \$ (0.04) \$ 1.45 Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Company-defined FFO adjustments: $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ \$ $17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: 145 1455 $17,721$ Medeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 155 MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,9,174$ \$ $(1,970)$ \$ $10,$	GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)	\$	(26,506)	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related depreciation and amortization (47) (9) (89) NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ NAREIT FFO per common share\$ 0.13 \$ (0.08) \$ 0.73 Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO: 0.083 \$ 0.73 NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,730$ \$ $(2,003)$ \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: 0.083 \$ $8,902$ Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments: 859 878 $8,828$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements (4) (2) (9) Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ $17,721$ Company-defined FFO per common share\$ 0.14 \$ 0.044 \$ 1.45 Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: 1.45 1.45 Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $10,585$ \$ $(1,127)$ $17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: 1.45 1.45 1.45 Receemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 15 MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ $9,9174$ $5,01,970$ <td< td=""><td>Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments:							
amortization (47) (9) (89) NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902NAREIT FFO per common share\$ 0.13\$ (0.08)\$ 0.73Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO:NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730\$ (2,003)\$ 8,902\$ 3,002Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:	Real estate-related depreciation and amortization		9,720		3,128		35,497	
NAREIT FFO per common share\$0.13\$0.08\$0.73Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO:NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:8,828Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Company-defined FFO per common share\$0.14\$(0.04)\$1.45Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:17,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721MFFO attributable to common stockholder	6		(47)		(9)		(89)	
Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO:NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,730 \$ (2,003) \$ 8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:8598788,828Acquisition costs and reimbursements8598788,828Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,72117,721Company-defined FFO per common share\$ 0.14 \$ (0.04) \$ 1.451.45Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:7717,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,72117,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,72117,721MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585 \$ (1,127) \$ 17,721MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,174 \$ (1,970) \$ 10,224	NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,730	\$	(2,003)	\$	8,902	
NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,730\$(2,003)\$8,902Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:8598788,828Acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Company-defined FFO per common share\$0.14\$(0.04)\$1.45Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: </td <td>NAREIT FFO per common share</td> <td>\$</td> <td>0.13</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(0.08)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>0.73</td>	NAREIT FFO per common share	\$	0.13	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.73	
Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:8598788,828Acquisition costs and reimbursements8598788,828Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Company-defined FFO per common share\$0.14\$(0.04)\$1.45Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:7217,721Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$10,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:510,585\$(1,127)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:510,585\$(1,27)\$17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:721515Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$9,174\$(1,970)\$10,224	Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO:			-				
Acquisition costs and reimbursements 859 878 $8,828$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements (4) (2) (9) Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders $$10,585$ $$11,127$ $$17,721$ Company-defined FFO per common share $$0.14$ $$0.14$ $$0.041$ $$1.45$ Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases $(1,418)$ (845) $(7,512)$ Referenable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 15 MFFO attributable to common stockholders $$9,174$ $$(1,970)$ $$10,224$	NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,730	\$	(2,003)	\$	8,902	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements(4)(2)(9)Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Company-defined FFO per common share $$0.14$ $$0.041$ $$1.455$ Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: $$10,585$ $$(1,127)$ $$17,721$ Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases $$(1,418)$ $$(845)$ $$(7,512)$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 15 MFFO attributable to common stockholders $$9,174$ $$(1,970)$ $$10,224$	Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:							
Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders $$$ 10,585$ $$$ (1,127)$ $$$ 17,721$ Company-defined FFO per common share $$$ 0.14$ $$$ (0.04)$ $$$ 1.45$ Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO: Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders $$$ 10,585$ $$$ (1,127)$ $$$ 17,721$ Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases $$$ (1,418)$ $$$ (845)$ $$$ (7,512)$ Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 15 MFFO attributable to common stockholders $$$ 9,174$ $$$ (1,970)$ $$$ 10,224$	Acquisition costs and reimbursements		859		878		8,828	
Company-defined FFO per common shareImage: Company-defined FFO per common shareImage: Company-defined FFO per common shareReconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:Image: Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholdersImage: Company-defined FFO attributable to	Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition costs and reimbursements		(4)		(2)		(9)	
Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585\$ (1,127)\$ 17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:510,585\$ (1,418)(845)(7,512)Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,174\$ (1,970)\$ 10,224	Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	10,585	\$	(1,127)	\$	17,721	
Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 10,585\$ (1,127)\$ 17,721Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: </td <td>Company-defined FFO per common share</td> <td>\$</td> <td>0.14</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(0.04)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1.45</td>	Company-defined FFO per common share	\$	0.14	\$	(0.04)	\$	1.45	
Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments: (1,418) (845) (7,512) Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases 7 2 15 MFFO attributable to common stockholders \$ 9,174 \$ (1,970) \$ 10,224	Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:				;			
Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases(1,418)(845)(7,512)Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,174\$ (1,970)\$ 10,224	Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	10,585	\$	(1,127)	\$	17,721	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,174\$ (1,970)\$ 10,224	Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:							
above/below-market leases7215MFFO attributable to common stockholders\$ 9,174\$ (1,970)\$ 10,224	Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases		(1,418)		(845)		(7,512)	
	6 6		7		2		15	
MFFO per common share $\overline{\$ 0.12} \ \overline{\$ (0.08)} \ \overline{\$ 0.84}$	MFFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,174	\$	(1,970)	\$	10,224	
	MFFO per common share	\$	0.12	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.84	
Weighted-average shares outstanding74,63325,99712,211	Weighted-average shares outstanding		74,633		25,997		12,211	

• FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE TO THE ADVISOR, THE DEALER MANAGER AND THEIR AFFILIATES

1) The following data supplements, and should be read in conjunction with the tables in the section of the Prospectus titled "Prospectus Summary—Compensation to the Advisor and its Affiliates" and "Management Compensation" on pages 22 and 177 to 178, respectively, of the Prospectus:

The table below provides information regarding fees paid to the Dealer Manager, the Advisor, and their affiliates in connection with our operations and this offering. This table includes amounts incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, as well as amounts payable as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

	For the Three Months Ended			ths Ended	Payable as of			
		Mar	rch 31,		March 31, Decemb			ember 31,
(in thousands)		2020		2019		2020		2019
Selling commissions-the Dealer Manager	\$	12,858	\$	1,818	\$		\$	
Dealer manager fees-the Dealer Manager		9,492		1,801				—
Offering costs-the Advisor or its affiliates, including the								
Dealer Manager (1)		2,021		1,149		20,609		21,269
Distribution fees—the Dealer Manager (2)		21,562		3,612		37,091		16,856
Advisory fee-the Advisor		2,060		1,188		874		3,506
Acquisition expense reimbursements—the Advisor (3)		701		878		221		182
Other expense reimbursements-the Advisor (4)		829		472		102		473
Total	\$	49,523	\$	10,918	\$	58,897	\$	42,286

(1) We are reimbursing the Advisor for all organization and offering costs incurred on our behalf as of December 31, 2019 ratably over 60 months. Beginning January 1, 2020, we either pay directly or reimburse the Advisor for offering costs as and when incurred.

(2) The distribution fees accrue daily and are payable monthly in arrears. The monthly amount of distribution fees payable is included in distributions payable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, we accrue for future estimated trailing amounts payable based on the shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date, which are included in distribution fees payable to affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Dealer Manager will reallow the distribution fees to participating broker dealers and broker dealers servicing accounts of investors who own Class T shares and/or Class W shares.

(3) Reflects amounts reimbursable to the Advisor for all expenses incurred by the Advisor and its affiliates on our behalf in connection with the selection, acquisition, development or origination of an asset. Beginning January 1, 2020, we either pay directly or reimburse the Advisor for such expenses.

(4) Other expense reimbursements include certain expenses incurred in connection with the services provided to us under the Advisory Agreement by and among us, the Operating Partnership, and the Advisor. These reimbursements include a portion of compensation expenses of individual employees of the Advisor, including certain of our named executive officers, related to services for which the Advisor does not otherwise receive a separate fee. A portion of the compensation received by certain employees of the Advisor to the same extent that we recognize the related share-based compensation on our condensed consolidated statements of operations. We reimbursed the Advisor approximately 0.8 million and 0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, for such compensation expenses. The remaining amount of other expense reimbursements relate to other general overhead and administrative expenses including, but not limited to, allocated rent paid to both third parties and affiliates of the Advisor, equipment, utilities, insurance, travel and entertainment.

2) The following supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the tables at the end of each of the sections titled "Prospectus Summary—Compensation to the Advisor and its Affiliates—Expense Support Agreement" and "Management Compensation—Expense Support Agreement" on pages 25 and 180, respectively, of the Prospectus:

The table below provides information regarding the fees deferred and expense support provided by the Advisor, pursuant to the Expense Support Agreement. As of March 31, 2020, the aggregate amount paid by the Advisor pursuant to the Expense Support Agreement was \$18.1 million. Of this amount, total reimbursements to the Advisor was \$13.6 million and \$4.5 million remains available to be reimbursed, subject to certain conditions.

	Fo	For the Three Months Ended March 31,						
(in thousands)		2020		2019				
Fees deferred	\$	1,785	\$	670				
Other expenses supported		2,749		625				
Total expense support from Advisor	\$	4,534	\$	1,295				
Reimbursement of previously deferred fees and other expenses supported				(3,500)				
Total (reimbursement to) expense support from Advisor, net (1)	\$	4,534	\$	(2,205)				

(1) As of March 31, 2020, approximately \$1.2 million was payable to us by the Advisor, and is included in due from affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2019, approximately \$5.4 million of expense support was payable to the Advisor by us, and is included in due to affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

• CERTAIN HISTORICAL NAV INFORMATION

The following table shows our NAV per share at the end of each quarter during 2019 and 2020:

Date	Class T		Class W		Class I		OP Units
March 31, 2020	\$ 10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$	10.0645
December 31, 2019	10.0763		10.0763		10.0763		10.0763
September 30, 2019	10.0587		10.0587		10.0587		10.0587
June 30, 2019	10.0583		10.0583		10.0583		10.0583
March 31, 2019	10.0618		10.0618		10.0618		10.0618

• EXPERTS

The statements included in this Supplement under the section titled "April 30, 2020 NAV Per Share" relating to the role of Altus Group U.S., Inc. have been reviewed by Altus Group U.S., Inc., an independent valuation firm, and are included in this Supplement given the authority of such firm as experts in real estate valuations.

• QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

On May 12, 2020, we filed our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 with the SEC. The report (without exhibits) is attached to this Supplement.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to Commission file number: 000-56032

Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 518 Seventeenth Street, 17th Floor Denver, CO (Address of principal executive offices) 47-1592886 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 80202 (Zip code)

(303) 228-2200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	
Non-accelerated filer		Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🛛 No 🗵

As of May 6, 2020, there were 108,022,875 shares of the registrant's Class T common stock, 5,501,173 shares of the registrant's Class W common stock and 2,371,191 shares of the registrant's Class I common stock outstanding.

BLACK CREEK INDUSTRIAL REIT IV INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements:	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2020 (unaudited) and December 31, 2019	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	
	(unaudited)	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020 and 2019 (unaudited)	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	
	(unaudited)	6
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	
	(unaudited)	7
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	8
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	20
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	36
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	37
PART II	I. OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	38
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	43
<u>Item 6.</u>	Exhibits	45

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BLACK CREEK INDUSTRIAL REIT IV INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	As of			
(in thousands, except per share data)		arch 31, 2020	Decen	nber 31, 2019
ASSETS	(unaudited)		
	¢	970 291	¢	070 701
Net investment in real estate properties	\$	879,381	\$	878,721
Cash and cash equivalents		424,796		51,178
Straight-line and tenant receivables		5,823		4,590
Due from affiliates		711		153
Acquisition deposits		6,000		500
Other assets	-	1,405	-	3,631
Total assets	\$	1,318,116	\$	938,773
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	5,084	\$	5,258
Debt, net		353,411		460,211
Due to affiliates		20,760		30,538
Distributions payable		4,549		2,241
Distribution fees payable to affiliates		36,289		16,467
Other liabilities		26,468		16,855
Total liabilities		446,561		531,570
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)				
Redeemable noncontrolling interest		3,634		724
Equity				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value - 200,000 shares authorized, none issued and				
outstanding				
Class T common stock, \$0.01 par value per share - 1,200,000 shares authorized,				
92,954 and 45,240 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		929		452
Class W common stock, \$0.01 par value per share - 75,000 shares authorized, 4,697				
and 2,736 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		47		27
Class I common stock, \$0.01 par value per share - 225,000 shares authorized, 2,151				
and 1,299 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		21		13
Additional paid-in capital		933,087		451,526
Accumulated deficit		(56,089)		(47,730)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(10,075)		2,190
Total stockholders' equity		867,920		406,478
Noncontrolling interests		1		1
Total equity		867,921		406,479
Total liabilities and equity	\$	1,318,116	\$	938,773
i orai naominos anu equity	Ŷ	1,510,110	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	2020	For the Three Months Ende March 31,						
(in thousands, except per share data)	2020	2019						
Revenues:								
Rental revenues \$	16,777	\$	5,963					
Total revenues	16,777		5,963					
Operating expenses:								
Rental expenses	4,088		1,422					
Real estate-related depreciation and amortization	9,720		3,128					
General and administrative expenses	822		605					
Advisory fees, related party	2,060		1,188					
Acquisition costs and reimbursements	859		878					
Other expense reimbursements, related party	829		472					
Total operating expenses	18,378		7,693					
Other expenses:								
Interest expense and other	2,876		1,201					
Total other expenses	2,876		1,201					
Total expenses before expense support	21,254		8,894					
Total expense support from (reimbursement to) the Advisor, net	4,534		(2,205)					
Net expenses after expense support	(16,720)		(11,099)					
Net income (loss)	57		(5,136)					
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	_		14					
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—							
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	57	\$	(5,122)					
Weighted-average shares outstanding	74,633		25,997					
Net income (loss) per common share - basic and diluted \$	0.00	\$	(0.20)					

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

4

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,								
(in thousands)		2020		2019					
Net income (loss)	\$	57	\$	(5,136)					
Change from cash flow hedging derivatives		(12,325)		—					
Comprehensive loss	\$	(12,268)	\$	(5,136)					
Comprehensive loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		60							
Comprehensive loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(12,208)	\$	(5,136)					

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (Unaudited)

Stockholders' Equity

					lockiloluci	5 E.	լույ						
(in thousands)	<u>Comme</u> Shares		ock]	dditional Paid-In Capital	Ac	cumulated Deficit		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	N	Noncontrolling Interests	To	tal Equity
FOR THE THREE MONTHS				_	<u> </u>								
ENDED MARCH 31, 2019													
Balance as of December 31, 2018	20,265	\$	203	\$	180,125	\$	(8,556)	\$	_	\$	1	\$	171,773
Net loss (\$14 allocated to redeemable noncontrolling interest)							(5,122)						(5,122)
Issuance of common stock	8.511		84		88,350		(0,122)		_		_		88,434
Share-based compensation					303				_				303
Upfront offering costs, including selling commissions, dealer manager fees, and offering													
costs	_		_		(4,768)				_		_		(4,768)
Trailing distribution fees					(3,612)		620		—				(2,992)
Redemptions of common stock	(76)		(1)		(763)		(2.5.42)		—		_		(764)
Distributions to stockholders Redemption value allocation adjustment to redeemable	_		_		_		(3,542)		_		_		(3,542)
noncontrolling interest		^		^	(24)	^		<u>^</u>	_	~		^	(24)
Balance as of March 31, 2019 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020	28,700	\$	286	\$,-	\$	(,,,,,,	\$	_	\$	1	\$	243,298
Balance as of December 31, 2019 Net income (excludes \$0 attributable to redeemable	49,275	\$	492	\$	451,526	\$	(47,730)	\$	2,190	\$	1	\$	406,479
noncontrolling interest)	—		—		—		57		—		_		57
Change from cash flow hedging activities (excludes \$60 attributable to redeemable									(12,265)				(12,265)
noncontrolling interest) Issuance of common stock	50,594		506		527,646		_		(12,203)		_		528,152
Share-based compensation	30,394		500		614				_				614
Upfront offering costs, including selling commissions, dealer manager fees, and offering	_		_		-		_		_		_		
costs	_		_		(24,371)		—		—		_		(24,371)
Trailing distribution fees	—				(21,562)		1,742		_				(19,820)
Redemptions of common stock	(67)		(1)		(659)				—		_		(660)
Distributions to stockholders	—						(10,158)		_		_		(10,158)
Redemption value allocation adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interest	_		_		(107)		_						(107)
Balance as of March 31, 2020	99.802	\$	997	\$	933,087	\$	(56,089)	\$	(10,075)	\$	1	\$	867,921
	,,,,,,,, <u>,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	///	Ų	,,,	Ψ	(00,00))	Ψ	(10,070)	Ψ		Ψ	507,721

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

		e Mon rch 31	Months Ended ch 31,		
(in thousands)	2020		2019		
Operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 57	\$	(5,136)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Real estate-related depreciation and amortization	9,720		3,128		
Straight-line rent and amortization of above- and below-market leases	(1,418)		(845)		
Other	858		515		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Tenant receivables and other assets	1,712		243		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,181)		776		
Due from / to affiliates, net	(6,932)		4,943		
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,816		3,624		
Investing activities:					
Real estate acquisitions	(9,473)		(43,458)		
Acquisition deposits	(5,500)		_		
Capital expenditures	(911)		(130)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,884)		(43,588)		
Financing activities:					
Proceeds from line of credit	_		28,000		
Repayments of line of credit	(107,000)	((147,000)		
Proceeds from term loan	_		90,000		
Debt issuance costs paid	(45)		(1,315)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	501,833		83,266		
Offering costs paid upon issuance of common stock	(2,512)		—		
Distributions paid to common stockholders and to redeemable noncontrolling interest holders	(2,600)		(1,058)		
Distribution fees paid to affiliates	(1,330)		(553)		
Redemptions of common stock	(660)		(764)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	387,686		50,576		
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	373,618		10,612		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at beginning of period	51,178		19,021		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period	\$ 424,796	\$	29,633		

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

7

BLACK CREEK INDUSTRIAL REIT IV INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Unless the context otherwise requires, the "Company" refers to Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Accordingly, certain disclosures normally included in the annual audited financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") have been omitted. As such, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, filed with the SEC on March 5, 2020 ("2019 Form 10-K").

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments and eliminations, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with GAAP.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-03, "Codification Improvements to Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2020-03"), which updates various codification topics related to financial instruments by clarifying or improving the disclosure requirements to align with the SEC's regulations. The Company adopted this standard immediately upon its issuance. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)" ("ASU 2020-04"), which provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. The amendments only apply to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. ASU 2020-04 is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after March 12, 2020, with early adoption permitted, through December 31, 2022. The expedients and exceptions do not apply to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into after December 31, 2022. The adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

8

2. REAL ESTATE ACQUISITIONS

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company acquired 100% of the following property, which was determined to be an asset acquisition:

		Number of	Tota	l Purchase
(\$ in thousands)	Acquisition Date	Buildings	P	rice (1)
Norcross Industrial Center	3/23/2020	1	\$	9,505

(1) Total purchase price is equal to the total consideration paid plus any debt assumed at fair value. There was no debt assumed in connection with the 2020 acquisition.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company allocated the purchase price of its acquisition to land and building and improvements as follows:

(in thousands)	e Months Ended h 31, 2020
Land	\$ 4,086
Building and improvements	5,419
Total purchase price (1)	\$ 9,505

(1) Total purchase price is equal to the total consideration paid plus any debt assumed at fair value.

Intangible and above-market lease assets are amortized over the remaining lease term. Below-market lease liabilities are amortized over the remaining lease term, plus any below-market, fixed-rate renewal option periods. There were no intangible lease assets or liabilities acquired in connection with the Company's acquisition during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

3. INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE

As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's investment in real estate properties consisted of 46 and 45 industrial buildings, respectively.

		As of						
(in thousands)		rch 31, 2020	2020 December 31					
Land	\$	265,706	\$	261,620				
Building and improvements		570,970		564,669				
Intangible lease assets		77,297		77,294				
Construction in progress		1,170		1,126				
Investment in real estate properties		915,143		904,709				
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(35,762)		(25,988)				
Net investment in real estate properties	\$	879,381	\$	878,721				

Intangible Lease Assets and Liabilities

Intangible lease assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 included the following:

	As	of March 31, 202	As	of December 31, 2	019	
		Accumulated			Accumulated	
(in thousands)	Gross	Amortization	Net	Gross	Amortization	Net
Intangible lease assets (1)	\$ 75,790	\$ (16,277)	\$ 59,513	\$ 75,787	\$ (11,734)	\$ 64,053
Above-market lease assets (1)	1,507	(295)	1,212	1,507	(211)	1,296
Below-market lease liabilities (2)	(13,199)	3,281	(9,918)	(13,199)	2,494	(10,705)

(1) Included in net investment in real estate properties on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Included in other liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following table details the estimated net amortization of such intangible lease assets and liabilities, as of March 31, 2020, for the next five years and thereafter:

	Estimated Net Amortization							
(in thousands)				e-Market se Assets		low-Market ase Liabilities		
Remainder of 2020	\$	12,150	\$	257	\$	2,080		
2021		13,975		314		2,329		
2022		10,356		261		1,673		
2023		7,442		192		977		
2024		4,687		50		671		
Thereafter		10,903		138		2,188		
Total	\$	59,513	\$	1,212	\$	9,918		

Rental Revenue Adjustments and Depreciation and Amortization Expense

The following table summarizes straight-line rent adjustments, amortization recognized as an increase (decrease) to rental revenues from above-and below-market lease assets and liabilities, and real estate-related depreciation and amortization expense:

	For the Three Months Ende March 31,				
_(in thousands)		2020		2019	
Increase (Decrease) to Rental Revenue:					
Straight-line rent adjustments	\$	715	\$	557	
Above-market lease amortization		(84)		(17)	
Below-market lease amortization		787		305	
Real Estate-Related Depreciation and Amortization:					
Depreciation expense	\$	5,147	\$	1,718	
Intangible lease asset amortization		4,573		1,410	

4. DEBT

The Company's indebtedness is currently comprised of borrowings under its term loan and mortgage notes. Borrowings under the non-recourse mortgage notes are secured by mortgages or deeds of trust and related assignments and security interests in collateralized and certain cross-collateralized properties, which are generally owned by single purpose entities. A summary of the Company's debt is as follows:

		erage Effective Rate as of		Balance as of		of	
(\$ in thousands)	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	Maturity Date	Ν	March 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019
Line of credit (1)	2.49 %	3.26 %	November 2023	\$	_	\$	107,000
Term loan (2)	2.63	2.85	February 2024		307,500		307,500
			August 2024 -				
Fixed-rate mortgage notes (3)	3.71	3.71	December 2027		49,250		49,250
Total principal amount / weighted-average (4)	2.78 %	3.04 %		\$	356,750	\$	463,750
Less unamortized debt issuance costs				\$	(4,349)	\$	(4,602)
Add mark-to-market adjustment on assumed debt, net					1,010		1,063
Total debt, net				\$	353,411	\$	460,211
Gross book value of properties encumbered by debt				\$	116,405	\$	117,049

- (1) The effective interest rate is calculated based on either: (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin ranging from 1.30% to 2.10%; or (ii) an alternative base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.30% to 1.10%, each depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. Customary fall-back provisions apply if LIBOR is unavailable. The line of credit is available for general corporate purposes including, but not limited to, the acquisition and operation of permitted investments by the Company. As of March 31, 2020, total commitments for the line of credit were \$315.0 million, the unused portion under the line of credit was \$315.0 million, of which \$314.9 million was available.
- (2) The effective interest rate is calculated based on either (i) LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.05%; or (ii) an alternative base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.25% to 1.05%, depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. The weighted-average effective interest rate is the all-in interest rate, including the effects of interest rate swap agreements. As of March 31, 2020, total commitments for the term loan were \$415.0 million, and the unused and available portions under the term loan were both \$107.5 million. This term loan is available for general corporate purposes including, but not limited to, the acquisition and operation of permitted investments by the Company.
- (3) Interest rates range from 3.59% to 3.75%. The assets and credit of each of the Company's properties pledged as collateral for the Company's mortgage notes are not available to satisfy the Company's other debt and obligations, unless the Company first satisfies the mortgage notes payable on the respective underlying properties.
- (4) The weighted-average remaining term of the Company's debt was approximately 4.1 years as of March 31, 2020, excluding any extension options on the line of credit.

As of March 31, 2020, the principal payments due on the Company's consolidated debt during each of the next five years and thereafter were as follows:

(in thousands)	Line of Credit (1)	Term Loan	Mortgage Notes	Total
Remainder of 2020	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
2021	—	—	—	—
2022	_			
2023	—		_	_
2024	—	307,500	38,000	345,500
Thereafter	—		11,250	11,250
Total principal payments	\$	\$ 307,500	\$ 49,250	\$ 356,750

(1) The line of credit matures in November 2023 and the term may be extended pursuant to a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions.

In July 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") that regulates LIBOR announced it intends to stop compelling banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR after 2021. As a result, the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York organized the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC"), which identified the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") as its preferred alternative rate for LIBOR in derivatives and other financial contracts. We are not able to predict when LIBOR will cease to be available or when there will be sufficient liquidity in the SOFR markets. Any changes adopted by the FCA or other governing bodies in the method used for determining LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR. If that were to occur, our interest payment could change. In addition, uncertainty about the extent and manner of future changes may result in interest rate and/or payments that are higher or lower than if LIBOR were to remain available in the current form.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company's line of credit and term loan are the only indebtedness with a maturity beyond 2021 that have exposure to LIBOR. The agreement governing the term loan provides procedures for determining a replacement or alternative base rate in the event that LIBOR is discontinued. However, there can be no assurances as to whether such replacement or alternative base rate will be more or less favorable than LIBOR. As of March 31, 2020, we have interest rate swaps in place to hedge LIBOR on \$300.0 million of commitments under our term loan. We intend to monitor the developments with respect to the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 and work with our lenders to seek to ensure any transition away from LIBOR will have minimal impact on our financial condition, but can provide no assurances regarding the impact of the discontinuation of LIBOR.

Debt Covenants

The Company's line of credit, term loan and mortgage note agreements contain various property-level covenants, including customary affirmative and negative covenants. In addition, the line of credit and term loan agreements contain certain corporate level financial covenants, including leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, and tangible net worth thresholds. The Company was in compliance with all covenants as of March 31, 2020.

Derivative Instruments

To manage interest rate risk for certain of its variable-rate debt, the Company uses interest rate swaps as part of its risk management strategy. These derivatives are designed to mitigate the risk of future interest rate increases by providing a fixed interest rate for a limited, pre-determined period of time. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the interest rate swap agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. Certain of the Company's variable-rate borrowings are not hedged, and therefore, to an extent, the Company has on-going exposure to interest rate movements.

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the gain or loss is recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and is reclassified into earnings as interest expense for the same period that the hedged transaction affects earnings, which is when the interest expense is recognized on the related debt. The gain or loss on the derivative instrument is presented in the same line item on the condensed consolidated statement of operations as the earnings effect of the hedged item.

During the next 12 months, the Company estimates that approximately \$2.8 million will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense related to active effective hedges of existing floating-rate debt.

The following table summarizes the location and fair value of the cash flow hedges on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

(\$ in thousands)	Number of Contracts	 Notional Amount	Balance Sheet Location	 Fair Value
As of March 31, 2020 Interest rate swaps (1)	7	\$ 350,000	Other liabilities	\$ (10,135)
As of December 31, 2019				
Interest rate swaps	4	\$ 200,000	Other assets	\$ 2,190

(1) Includes one interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$50.0 million that will become effective on May 26, 2020.

The following table presents the effect of the Company's cash flow hedges on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019. There were no cash flow hedges in place as of March 31, 2019.

	For	Inded		
(in thousands)	2020		201	
Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges				
Loss recognized in AOCI	\$	(12,141)	\$	_
Amount reclassified from AOCI into interest expense		(184)		—
Total interest expense and other presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations in which the effects of the cash flow hedges are recorded		2,876		_

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company estimates the fair value of its financial instruments using available market information and valuation methodologies it believes to be appropriate for these purposes. Considerable judgment and a high degree of subjectivity are involved in developing these estimates and, accordingly, they are not necessarily indicative of amounts that the Company would realize upon disposition of its financial instruments.

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

(in thousands) As of March 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Liabilities				
Derivative instruments	\$	\$ (10,135)	\$ —	\$ (10,135)
Total liabilities measured at fair value	<u></u> \$	\$ (10,135)	\$ —	\$ (10,135)
As of December 31, 2019				
Assets				
Derivative instruments	\$ —	\$ 2,190	\$ —	\$ 2,190
Total assets measured at fair value	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 2,190	\$	\$ 2,190

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument:

Derivative Instruments. The derivative instruments are interest rate swaps. The interest rate swaps are standard cash flow hedges whose fair value is estimated using market-standard valuation models. Such models involve using market-based observable inputs, including interest rate curves. The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements, which we have concluded are not material to the valuation. Due to the interest rate swaps being unique and not actively traded, the fair value is classified as Level 2. See "Note 4" above for further discussion of the Company's derivative instruments.

Nonrecurring Fair Value of Financial Measurements

As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, tenant receivables, prepaid expenses, other assets, due from/to affiliates, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and distributions payable approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The table below includes fair values for certain of the Company's financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. The carrying values and fair values of these financial instruments were as follows:

	As of Marc	h 31, 2020	As of Decem	ber 31, 2019
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
(in thousands)	Value (1)	Value	Value (1)	Value
Line of credit	\$	\$ —	\$ 107,000	\$ 107,000
Term loan	307,500	301,772	307,500	307,500
Fixed rate mortgage notes	49,250	49,700	49,250	50,326

(1) The carrying value reflects the principal amount outstanding.

6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Public Offerings

On September 5, 2019, the Company's initial public offering was terminated immediately upon effectiveness of the Company's registration statement for its follow-on public offering of up to \$2.0 billion of shares of its common stock,

and the follow-on public offering commenced the same day. Under the follow-on public offering, the Company is offering up to \$1.5 billion of shares of its common stock in the primary offering and up to \$500.0 million of shares of its common stock pursuant to its distribution reinvestment plan, in any combination of Class T shares, Class W shares and Class I shares. The Company may reallocate amounts between the primary offering and distribution reinvestment plan. The Company's follow-on public offering is a continuous offering that will end no later than September 5, 2021, unless extended in accordance with federal and state securities laws.

Pursuant to its public offerings, the Company offered and continues to offer shares of its common stock at the "transaction price," plus applicable selling commissions and dealer manager fees. The "transaction price" generally is equal to the net asset value ("NAV") per share of the Company's common stock most recently disclosed. The Company's NAV per share is calculated as of the last calendar day of each month for each of its outstanding classes of stock, and will be available generally within 15 calendar days after the end of the applicable month. Shares issued pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment plan are offered at the transaction price, as indicated above, in effect on the distribution date. The Company may update a previously disclosed transaction price in cases where the Company believes there has been a material change (positive or negative) to its NAV per share relative to the most recently disclosed monthly NAV per share.

Summary of the Public Offerings

A summary of the Company's public offerings, including shares sold through the primary offering and the Company's distribution reinvestment plan ("DRIP"), as of March 31, 2020, is as follows:

(in thousands)	Class T	Class W	Class I	Total
Amount of gross proceeds raised:				
Primary offering	\$ 963,819	\$ 47,258	\$ 18,852	\$ 1,029,929
DRIP	14,459	601	405	15,465
Total offering	\$ 978,278	\$ 47,859	\$ 19,257	\$ 1,045,394
Number of shares issued:				
Primary offering	91,707	4,703	1,895	98,305
DRIP	1,440	60	41	1,541
Stock grants		6	3	9
Total offering	93,147	4,769	1,939	99,855

14

Common Stock

The following table summarizes the changes in the shares outstanding for each class of common stock for the periods presented below:

(in thousands)	Class T Shares	Class W Shares	Class I Shares	Total Shares
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019				
Balance as of December 31, 2018	19,759	161	345	20,265
Issuance of common stock:				
Primary shares	7,640	463	177	8,280
DRIP	150	2	3	155
Stock grants	—		76	76
Redemptions	(7)		(69)	(76)
Balance as of March 31, 2019	27,542	626	532	28,700
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020				
Balance as of December 31, 2019	45,240	2,736	1,299	49,275
Issuance of common stock:				
Primary shares	47,391	1,965	642	49,998
DRIP	363	23	10	396
Stock grants	—		200	200
Redemptions	(40)	(27)		(67)
Balance as of March 31, 2020	92,954	4,697	2,151	99,802

Distributions

The following table summarizes the Company's distribution activity (including distributions reinvested in shares of the Company's common stock) for each of the quarters ended below:

	Amount									
(in thousands,		clared per	per Paid Reinvested			Distribution			Gross	
except per share data)	Comn	Common Share (1)		in Cash		n Shares	res Fees (2)		Dis	tributions (3)
2020										
March 31	\$	0.13625	\$	3,340	\$	5,076	\$	1,742	\$	10,158
Total	\$	0.13625	\$	3,340	\$	5,076	\$	1,742	\$	10,158
2019			_							
December 31	\$	0.13625	\$	2,058	\$	3,242	\$	1,105	\$	6,405
September 30		0.13625		1,841		2,866		992		5,699
June 30		0.13625		1,558		2,319		818		4,695
March 31		0.13625		1,178		1,744		620		3,542
Total	\$	0.54500	\$	6,635	\$	10,171	\$	3,535	\$	20,341

(1) Amounts reflect the quarterly distribution rate authorized by the Company's board of directors per Class T share, per Class W share, and per Class I share of common stock. Distributions were declared and paid as of monthly record dates. These monthly distributions have been aggregated and presented on a quarterly basis. The distributions on Class T shares and Class W shares of common stock are reduced by the respective distribution fees that are payable with respect to such Class T shares and Class W shares.

(2) Distribution fees are paid monthly to Black Creek Capital Markets, LLC (the "Dealer Manager") with respect to Class T shares and Class W shares issued in the primary portion of the Company's public offerings only.

(3) Gross distributions are total distributions before the deduction of any distribution fees relating to Class T shares and Class W shares issued in the primary portion of the Company's public offerings.

Redemptions

The following table summarizes the Company's redemption activity for the periods presented below:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2020		2019	
Number of eligible shares redeemed		67,138		76,288	
Aggregate dollar amount of shares redeemed	\$	659,829	\$	764,277	
Average redemption price per share	\$	9.83	\$	10.02	

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Summary of Fees and Expenses

The table below summarizes the fees and expenses incurred by the Company for services provided by the Advisor and its affiliates, and by the Dealer Manager related to the services the Dealer Manager provided in connection with the Company's public offerings and any related amounts payable:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				Payable as of					
_(in thousands)	2020		2019				March 31, 2020		Dec	ember 31, 2019
Expensed:										
Advisory fee—fixed component	\$	1,785	\$	670	\$	599	\$	593		
Advisory fee-performance component		275		518		275		2,913		
Acquisition expense reimbursements (1)		701		878		221		182		
Other expense reimbursements (2)		829		472		102		473		
Total	\$	3,590	\$	2,538	\$	1,197	\$	4,161		
Additional Paid-In Capital:	-						_			
Selling commissions	\$	12,858	\$	1,818	\$	_	\$	_		
Dealer manager fees		9,492		1,801		—		—		
Offering costs (3)		2,021		1,149		20,609		21,269		
Distribution fees—current		1,743		620		802		389		
Distribution fees—trailing (4)		19,819		2,992		36,289		16,467		
Total	\$	45,933	\$	8,380	\$:	57,700	\$	38,125		

 Reflects amounts reimbursable to the Advisor for all expenses incurred by the Advisor and its affiliates on the Company's behalf in connection with the selection, acquisition, development or origination of an asset. Beginning January 1, 2020, the Company either pays directly or reimburses the Advisor for such expenses.

(2) Other expense reimbursements include certain expenses incurred in connection with the services provided to the Company under the advisory agreement. These reimbursements include a portion of compensation expenses of individual employees of the Advisor, including certain of the Company's named executive officers, related to services for which the Advisor does not otherwise receive a separate fee. A portion of the compensation received by certain employees of the Advisor and its affiliates may be in the form of a restricted stock grant awarded by the Company. The Company shows these as reimbursements to the Advisor to the same extent that the Company recognizes the related share-based compensation on its condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company reimbursed the Advisor approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, for such compensation expenses. The remaining amount of other expense reimbursements relate to other general overhead and administrative expenses including, but not limited to, allocated rent paid to both third parties and affiliates of the Advisor, equipment, utilities, insurance, travel and entertainment.

(3) The Company is reimbursing the Advisor for all organization and offering costs incurred on its behalf as of December 31, 2019 ratably over 60 months. Beginning January 1, 2020, the Company either pays directly or reimburses the Advisor for offering costs as and when incurred.

(4) The distribution fees accrue daily and are payable monthly in arrears. The monthly amount of distribution fees payable is included in distributions payable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, the Company accrues for estimated trailing amounts payable based on the shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date, which are included in distribution fees payable to affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. All or a portion of the distribution fees are reallowed or advanced by the Dealer Manager to unaffiliated participating broker dealers and broker dealers servicing accounts of investors who own Class T shares and/or Class W shares.

Expense Support Agreement

The table below provides information regarding the fees deferred and expense support provided by the Advisor, pursuant to the expense support agreement. Refer to Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" in the Company's 2019 Form 10-K for a description of the expense support agreement. As of March 31, 2020, the aggregate amount paid by the Advisor pursuant to the expense support agreement was \$18.1 million. Of this amount, total reimbursements to the Advisor was \$13.6 million, and \$4.5 million remains available to be reimbursed, subject to certain conditions.

	For the Three Months End March 31,				
_(in thousands)		2020		2019	
Fees deferred	\$	1,785	\$	670	
Other expenses supported		2,749		625	
Total expense support from Advisor		4,534		1,295	
Reimbursement of previously deferred fees and other expenses supported				(3,500)	
Total expense support from (reimbursement to) Advisor, net (1)	\$	4,534	\$	(2,205)	

(1) As of March 31, 2020, approximately \$1.2 million of expense support was payable to the Company by the Advisor and is included in due from affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2019, approximately \$5.4 million was payable to the Advisor by the Company, and is included in due to affiliates on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

8. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information and disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities is as follows:

	For t	Months Ended h 31,		
(in thousands)	2	020		2019
Distributions payable	\$	4,549	\$	1,310
Distribution fees payable to affiliates		36,289		10,450
Distributions reinvested in common stock		3,970		1,547
Accrued offering costs	2	20,609		15,269
Redeemable noncontrolling interest issued as settlement of performance component of the				
advisory fee		2,913		723
Accrued acquisition expense reimbursements		221		3,728
Non-cash selling commissions and dealer manager fees	, -	22,350		3,619

17

Restricted Cash

The following table presents a reconciliation of the beginning of period and end of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the totals shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

	For the Three Months E March 31,				
(in thousands)		2020	20		
Beginning of period:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,178	\$	19,016	
Restricted cash (1)		_		5	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	51,178	\$	19,021	
End of period:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	424,796	\$	29,603	
Restricted cash (2)		—		30	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	424,796	\$	29,633	

(1) As of December 31, 2019, the Company did not have any restricted cash. As of December 31, 2018, restricted cash consisted of cash held in escrow in connection with certain estimated property improvements.

(2) As of March 31, 2020, the Company did not have any restricted cash. As of March 31, 2019, restricted cash consisted of cash held in escrow in connection with a property acquisition.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company and the Operating Partnership are not presently involved in any material litigation nor, to the Company's knowledge, is any material litigation threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries.

Environmental Matters

A majority of the properties the Company acquires have been or will be subject to environmental reviews either by the Company or the previous owners. In addition, the Company may incur environmental remediation costs associated with certain land parcels it may acquire in connection with the development of land. The Company has or may acquire certain properties in urban and industrial areas that may have been leased to or previously owned by commercial and industrial companies that discharged hazardous material. The Company may purchase various environmental liabilities to mitigate its exposure to environmental liabilities. The Company is not aware of any environmental liabilities that it believes would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, or results of operations as of March 31, 2020.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Status of the Public Offerings

As of May 6, 2020, the Company had raised gross proceeds of \$1.2 billion from the sale of 116.0 million shares of its common stock in its public offerings, including \$20.2 million from the sale of 2.0 million shares of its common stock through its distribution reinvestment plan. As of May 6, 2020, approximately \$1.25 billion in shares of the Company's common stock remained available for sale pursuant to its follow-on public offering in any combination of Class T shares, Class W shares or Class I shares, including approximately \$488.1 million in shares of common stock available for sale through its distribution reinvestment plan, which may be reallocated for sale in the Company's primary offering.

Completed Acquisitions

On April 14, 2020, the Company acquired one industrial building located in the Houston market. The total purchase price was approximately \$9.5 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

On April 15, 2020, the Company acquired one industrial building located in the Denver market. The total purchase price was approximately \$11.6 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

On May 11, 2020, the Company acquired two industrial buildings located in the Dallas market. The total purchase price was approximately \$70.2 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

Acquisitions Under Contract

Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the Company had entered into contracts to acquire properties with an aggregate contract purchase price of approximately \$237.1 million, comprised of eight industrial buildings. There can be no assurance that the Company will complete the acquisition of the properties under contract.

COVID-19

The Company is closely monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of its business, including how it will impact its customers and business partners. While the Company did not incur significant disruptions during the three months ended March 31, 2020 from the COVID-19 pandemic, it is unable to predict the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on its future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows due to numerous uncertainties and the impact could be material.

In April and May 2020, the Company received certain rent relief requests, most often in the form of rent deferral requests, as a result of COVID-19. The Company is evaluating each customer rent relief request on an individual basis, considering a number of factors. Where appropriate, the Company has restructured leases and may restructure additional leases to provide temporary rent relief needed by certain customers while positioning itself to recapture abated rent over time. Not all customer requests will ultimately result in modification of lease agreements, nor is the Company forgoing its contractual rights under its lease agreements. The Company can provide no assurances that it will be able to recover unpaid rent.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References to the terms "we," "our," or "us" refer to Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. The following discussion and analysis should be read together with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes certain statements that may be deemed forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such forward-looking statements relate to, without limitation, our ability to raise capital and effectively and timely deploy the net proceeds of our public offering, the expected use of net proceeds from the public offering, our reliance on the Advisor and BCI IV Advisors Group LLC (the "Sponsor"), our understanding of our competition and our ability to compete effectively, our financing needs, our expected leverage, the effects of our current strategies, rent and occupancy growth, general conditions in the geographic area where we will operate, our future debt and financial position, our future capital expenditures, future distributions and acquisitions (including the amount and nature thereof), other developments and trends of the real estate industry, investment strategies and the expansion and growth of our operations. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by the use of the words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "could," "intend," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," "project," or the negative of these words or other comparable terminology. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict.

The forward-looking statements included herein are based upon our current expectations, plans, estimates, assumptions, and beliefs that involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, present and future economic, competitive and market conditions, and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, our actual results and performance could differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could have a material adverse effect on our operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to:

- Our ability to raise capital and effectively deploy the net proceeds raised in our public offerings in accordance with our investment strategy and objectives;
- The failure of properties to perform as we expect;
- Risks associated with acquisitions, dispositions and development of properties;
- Our failure to successfully integrate acquired properties and operations;
- Unexpected delays or increased costs associated with any development projects;
- The availability of cash flows from operating activities for distributions and capital expenditures;
- Defaults on or non-renewal of leases by customers, lease renewals at lower than expected rent, or failure to lease properties at all or on favorable rents and terms;
- Difficulties in economic conditions generally and the real estate, debt, and securities markets specifically, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- Legislative or regulatory changes, including changes to the laws governing the taxation of real estate investment trusts ("REITs");
- Our failure to obtain, renew, or extend necessary financing or access the debt or equity markets;
- Conflicts of interest arising out of our relationships with the Sponsor, the Advisor, and their affiliates;
- Risks associated with using debt to fund our business activities, including re-financing and interest rate risks;
- Increases in interest rates, operating costs, or greater than expected capital expenditures;
- Changes to GAAP; and
- Our ability to continue to qualify as a REIT.

Any of the assumptions underlying forward-looking statements could prove to be inaccurate. Our stockholders are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. All forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the risk that actual results will differ materially from the expectations expressed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will increase with the passage of time. Except as otherwise required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances, or any other reason. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, the risks described under "Risk Factors," the inclusion of such forward-looking statements should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that the objectives and plans set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will be achieved.

OVERVIEW

General

Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. is a Maryland corporation formed on August 12, 2014 to make investments in incomeproducing real estate assets consisting primarily of high-quality distribution warehouses and other industrial properties that are leased to creditworthy corporate customers. We currently operate as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and elected to be treated as a REIT beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 2017. We utilize an Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust ("UPREIT") organizational structure to hold all or substantially all of our assets through the Operating Partnership.

On September 5, 2019, our initial public offering was terminated immediately upon the effectiveness of our registration statement for our follow-on public offering of up to \$2.0 billion of shares of our common stock, and the follow-on public offering commenced the same day. Under the follow-on public offering, we are offering up to \$1.5 billion of shares of our common stock in our primary offering and up to \$500.0 million of shares of our common stock pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, in any combination of Class T shares, Class W shares and Class I shares. We may reallocate amounts between the primary offering and distribution reinvestment plan. Our follow-on public offering is a continuous offering that will end no later than September 5, 2021, unless extended in accordance with federal securities laws.

Pursuant to our public offerings, we offered and continue to offer shares of our common stock at the "transaction price," plus applicable selling commissions and dealer manager fees. The "transaction price" generally is equal to the net asset value ("NAV") per share of our common stock most recently disclosed. Our NAV per share is calculated as of the last calendar day of each month for each of our outstanding classes of common stock, and is available generally within 15 calendar days after the end of the applicable month. Shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan are offered at the transaction price, as indicated above, in effect on the distribution date. We may update a previously disclosed transaction price in cases where we believe there has been a material change (positive or negative) to our NAV per share relative to the most recently disclosed monthly NAV per share. See "Net Asset Value" below for further detail.

As of March 31, 2020, we had raised gross proceeds of approximately \$1.0 billion from the sale of 99.9 million shares of our common stock and the issuance of notes payable in our public offerings, including shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. See "Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for information concerning our public offerings.

As of March 31, 2020, we owned and managed a real estate portfolio that included 46 industrial buildings totaling approximately 8.6 million square feet located in 14 markets throughout the U.S., with 101 customers, and was 97.1% occupied (98.3% leased) with a weighted-average remaining lease term (based on square feet) of 4.4 years. The occupied rate reflects the square footage with a paying customer in place. The leased rate includes the occupied square footage and additional square footage with leases in place that have not yet commenced.

We have used, and intend to continue to use, the net proceeds from our offerings primarily to make investments in real estate assets. We may use the net proceeds from our offerings to make other real estate-related investments and debt investments and to pay distributions. The number and type of properties we may acquire and debt and other investments

we may make will depend upon real estate market conditions, the amount of proceeds we raise in our offerings, and other circumstances existing at the time we make our investments.

Our primary investment objectives include the following:

- preserving and protecting our stockholders' capital contributions;
- providing current income to our stockholders in the form of regular cash distributions; and
- realizing capital appreciation upon the potential sale of our assets or other liquidity events.

There is no assurance that we will attain our investment objectives. Our charter places numerous limitations on us with respect to the manner in which we may invest our funds. In most cases these limitations cannot be changed unless our charter is amended, which may require the approval of our stockholders.

We may acquire assets free and clear of mortgage or other indebtedness by paying the entire purchase price in cash or equity securities, or a combination thereof, and we may selectively encumber all or only certain assets with debt. The proceeds from our borrowings may be used to fund investments, make capital expenditures, pay distributions, and for general corporate purposes.

We expect to execute our corporate financing strategy by considering various lending sources, which may include long-term fixed-rate mortgage loans, unsecured or secured lines of credit or term loans, private placement or public bond issuances, and the assumption of existing loans in connection with certain property acquisitions, or any combination of the foregoing.

Net Asset Value

Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, has adopted valuation procedures, as amended from time to time, that contain a comprehensive set of methodologies to be used in connection with the calculation of our NAV. See our valuation procedures, incorporated by reference as Exhibit 99.2 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for a more detailed description of our valuation procedures, including important disclosures regarding real property valuations provided by Altus Group U.S. Inc. (the "Independent Valuation Firm"). All parties engaged by us in the calculation of our NAV, including the Advisor, are subject to the oversight of our board of directors. Generally, all of our real properties are appraised once each calendar year by third party appraisal firms in accordance with our valuation procedures and such appraisals are reviewed by the Independent Valuation Firm. As used below, "Fund Interests" means our outstanding shares of common stock, along with the partnership units in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") held directly or indirectly by the Sponsor, and "Aggregate Fund NAV" means the NAV of all of the Fund Interests.

The following table sets forth the components of Aggregate Fund NAV as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

(in thousands)March 31, 2020DecenInvestments in industrial properties\$ 940,950\$	
Investments in industrial properties \$ 940,950 \$	mber 31, 2019
	923,600
Cash and cash equivalents 424,796	51,178
Other assets 13,762	1,423
Line of credit, term loan and mortgage notes (356,750)	(464,826)
Other liabilities (15,805)	(11,092)
Accrued performance component of advisory fee (275)	(2,913)
Accrued fixed component of advisory fee (599)	(593)
Aggregate Fund NAV \$ 1,006,079 \$	496,777
Total Fund Interests outstanding 99,963	49,302

The following table sets forth the NAV per Fund Interest as of March 31, 2020:

(in thousands, except per Fund Interest data)	Total	Class T Shares	(Class W Shares	Class I Shares	0	P Units
Monthly NAV	\$ 1,006,079	\$ 935,532	\$	47,278	\$ 19,636	\$	3,633
Fund Interests outstanding	99,963	92,954		4,697	1,951		361
NAV Per Fund Interest	\$ 10.0645	\$ 10.0645	\$	10.0645	\$ 10.0645	\$	10.0645

Under GAAP, we record liabilities for ongoing distribution fees that (i) we currently owe under the terms of the dealer manager agreement and (ii) we estimate we may pay to the Dealer Manager in future periods for shares of our common stock. As of March 31, 2020, we estimated approximately \$37.1 million of ongoing distribution fees were potentially payable to the Dealer Manager. We intend for our NAV to reflect our estimated value on the date that we determine our NAV. As such, we do not deduct the liability for estimated future distribution fees in our calculation of NAV that may become payable after the date as of which our NAV is calculated.

The valuation for our real properties as of March 31, 2020 was provided by the Independent Valuation Firm in accordance with our valuation procedures and determined by starting with the acquisition price of our real properties, which was adjusted based on subsequent events and assumptions used by the Independent Valuation Firm. Certain key assumptions that were used by the Independent Valuation Firm in the discounted cash flow analysis are set forth in the following table:

	Weighted-
	Average
	Basis
Exit capitalization rate	5.4 %
Discount rate / internal rate of return	6.4 %
Holding period of real properties (years)	10.0

A change in the rates used would impact the calculation of the value of our real properties. For example, assuming all other factors remain constant, the hypothetical changes listed below would result in the following effects on the value of our real properties:

Input	Hypothetical Change	Increase (Decrease) to the NAV of Real Properties
Exit capitalization rate (weighted-average)	0.25% decrease	3.3 %
	0.25% increase	(3.0)%
Discount rate (weighted-average)	0.25% decrease	2.0 %
	0.25% increase	(2.0)%

Performance

Our NAV decreased from \$10.0763 per share as of December 31, 2019 to \$10.0645 per share as of March 31, 2020. The decrease in NAV was primarily driven by the March 1, 2020 issuance of 27.8 million shares at the January 31, 2020 NAV per share. This decrease was partially offset by the performance of our real estate portfolio and company-level operations, which includes one acquisition for a purchase price of approximately \$9.5 million in March 2020.

Effective February 29, 2020, our board of directors approved amendments to our valuation procedures which revised the way we value property-level mortgages, corporate-level credit facilities and associated interest rate hedges when loans, including associated interest rate hedges, are intended to be held to maturity, effectively eliminating all mark-to-market adjustments for such loans and hedges from the calculation of our NAV. The following table summarizes the impact of

interest rate movements on our Class I share return assuming we continued to include the mark-to-market adjustments for all borrowing-related interest rate hedge and debt instruments beginning with the February 29, 2020 NAV:

(as of March 31, 2020)	Trailing _Three-Months (1)	Year-to-Date (1)	One-Year (Trailing 12-Months) (1)	Since NAV Inception Annualized (2)(3)
Class I Share Total Return (3)	1.24 %	1.24 %	5.59 %	5.86 %
Adjusted Class I Share Total Return				
(continued inclusion of mark-to-market adjustments for				
borrowing-related interest rate hedge and debt				
instruments) (4)	0.79 %	0.79 %	5.11 %	5.66 %
Difference	0.45 %	0.45 %	0.48 %	0.20 %

(1) Performance is measured by total return, which includes income and appreciation (i.e., distributions and changes in NAV) and is a compound rate of return that assumes reinvestment of all distributions ("Total Return") for the respective time period. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Performance data quoted above is historical and applies to Class I shares only. Performance is lower for other share classes due to class specific fees and would be lower if calculated assuming that distributions are not reinvested. Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted.

(2) NAV inception for Class I shares was November 1, 2017, which is when shares of our common stock was first issued to third-party investors in our initial public offering.

- (3) The Total Returns presented are based on the actual NAVs at which stockholders transacted, calculated pursuant to our valuation procedures. From NAV Inception to January 31, 2020, these NAVs reflected mark-to-market adjustments on our borrowing-related debt instruments and our borrowing-related interest rate hedge positions.
- (4) The Adjusted Total Returns presented are based on adjusted NAVs calculated as if we had continued to mark our borrowing-related hedge and debt instruments to market following a policy change to largely exclude borrowing-related interest rate hedge and debt marks to market from our NAV calculations (except in certain circumstances pursuant to our valuation procedures), beginning with our NAV calculated as of February 29, 2020. Therefore, the NAVs used in the calculation of Adjusted Total Returns were calculated in the same manner as the NAVs used in the calculation of the unadjusted total return for periods through January 31, 2020. The Adjusted Total Returns include the incremental impact of the adjusted NAVs would have had on any expense support from our Advisor, or the prices at which shares were purchased in our public offering or pursuant to our share redemption program. For calculation purposes, transactions in our common stock were assumed to occur at the adjusted NAVs.

Impacts of COVID-19

The global pandemic and resulting shut down of large parts of the U.S. economy has created significant uncertainty and enhanced investment risk across many asset classes, including real estate. However, we believe we are well-positioned to navigate this unprecedented period. Since December 31, 2019 and through May 6, 2020, we raised over \$697.5 million in new equity capital. We believe that the increased pace at which we raised capital in the first three months of 2020 was primarily due to an influx of capital from Industrial Property Trust ("IPT") shareholders who determined to invest in our common shares following the completion of IPT's asset sale in January 2020. As a result, our balance sheet as of March 31, 2020 was strong with over \$400.0 million of cash and less than 30% leverage, calculated as our total borrowings outstanding divided by the fair value of our real property plus cash and cash equivalents. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Capital Resources and Uses of Liquidity—Offering Proceeds" for further information concerning capital raised thus far in 2020 and our expectations regarding the pace of capital raising in the near term. In addition, our portfolio was 98.3% leased as of March 31, 2020 and is diversified across 46 assets totaling 8.6 million square feet. Our buildings contain a diverse roster of 101 customers, large and small, spanning a multitude of industries and sectors across 14 markets, with a strategic weighting towards top tier markets where we have historically seen the lowest volatility combined with positive returns over time. Our NAV as of March 31, 2020 is \$10.06 per share, which is flat relative to the previous month's NAV per share and our distribution represents a 5.17% annualized yield before the effect of annual distribution fees that are payable with respect to Class T shares and Class W shares.

Our tenured and experienced asset management teams are working directly with our customers to manage through these turbulent times. Within our existing portfolio, 86% of our customers (based on gross April rent) continued to pay their

rent in full for April 2020, compared to average annual collections of over 99% prior to the pandemic. However, many of our customers' businesses have been disrupted and some of our more impacted customers are experiencing lost revenue. Our teams are working with these customers to ensure they take advantage of any available insurance and government stimulus programs, which may help them pay rent whether in full or in part. Where appropriate, we have restructured leases and may restructure additional leases to provide temporary rent relief needed by certain customers while positioning ourselves to recapture abated rent over time. We can provide no assurances that we will be able to continue to collect rent at the same level that we did prior to the pandemic. Furthermore, we can provide no assurances that we will be able to recover unpaid rent.

While the uncertain length and depth of the damage from business disruptions remain a significant risk, we believe our NAV as of March 31, 2020 currently reflects this short-term uncertainty, as the Independent Valuation Firm has proactively increased credit loss reserves that may result from forbearance agreements or increased vacancies in the broader market. Going forward, the market disruption may slow our pace of deployment as sellers may be less willing to transact. Slower deployment of capital into income producing real estate further reduces cash flow generated to cover our distributions to our stockholders and may cause us to reduce our NAV in future periods in the absence of asset appreciation or expense support from the Advisor. However, we believe our strong balance sheet and ability as an operator will allow us to be a patient buyer of assets in order to maximize long-term total return and value creation for our stockholders.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Summary of 2020 Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, we completed the following activities:

- Our NAV was \$10.0645 per share as of March 31, 2020 as compared to \$10.0763 per share as of December 31, 2019.
- We raised \$528.2 million of gross equity capital from our public offerings during the three months ended March 31, 2020.
- We acquired one industrial building comprised of 0.1 million square feet for a purchase price of approximately \$9.5 million, which is equal to the total consideration paid. We funded this acquisition with proceeds from our public offerings and debt financings.
- We entered into interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$100.0 million during the first quarter of 2020 to hedge LIBOR on our term loan. These interest rate swaps, in combination with those already in place and excluding the interest rate swap described below, effectively fix LIBOR at a weighted-average of 1.23% and result in an all-in interest rate on our term loan ranging from 2.48% to 2.75%, depending on our consolidated leverage ratio. The interest rate swaps will expire in November 2023.
- We entered into an additional interest rate swap during the first quarter of 2020 to hedge LIBOR on our term loan that will become effective on May 26, 2020. This interest rate swap has a notional amount of \$50.0 million and, in combination with the interest rate swaps already in place, will effectively fix LIBOR at a weighted-average of 1.14%. This interest rate swap will expire in January 2024.



Portfolio Information

Our total owned and managed portfolio was as follows:

		As of	
(square feet in thousands)	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2019
Portfolio data:			
Total buildings	46	45	17
Total rentable square feet	8,624	8,486	3,163
Total number of customers	101	103	30
Percent occupied of total portfolio			
(1)	97.1 %	98.7 %	99.3 %
Percent leased of total portfolio (1)	98.3 %	100.0 %	99.9 %

(1) See "Overview—General" above for a description of the occupied and leased rates.

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 Compared to the Same Period in 2019

The following table summarizes the changes in our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2019. We evaluate the performance of consolidated operating properties we own and manage using a same store analysis because the population of properties in this analysis is consistent from period to period, thereby eliminating the effects of any material changes in the composition of the aggregate portfolio on performance measures. We have defined the same store portfolio to include consolidated operating properties owned for the entirety of both the current and prior reporting periods for which the operations had been stabilized. "Other properties" includes buildings not meeting the same store criteria. The same store operating portfolio for the three month periods presented below included 13 buildings totaling approximately 2.7 million square feet owned as of January 1,

2019, which represented 31.7% of total rentable square feet, 32.4% of total revenues, and 33.0% of net operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

	Fo	or the Three M March				
(in thousands, except per share data)		2020		2019	Change	% Change
Rental revenues:			_			
Same store operating properties	\$	5,429	\$	5,362	\$ 67	1.2 %
Other properties		11,348		601	10,747	NM
Total rental revenues		16,777		5,963	10,814	NM
Rental expenses:						
Same store operating properties		1,239		1,254	(15)	(1.2)%
Other properties		2,849		168	2,681	NM
Total rental expenses		4,088		1,422	2,666	NM
Net operating income:			_			
Same store operating properties		4,190		4,108	82	2.0 %
Other properties		8,499		433	8,066	NM
Total net operating income		12,689	_	4,541	8,148	NM
Other (expenses) income:						
Real estate-related depreciation and amortization		(9,720)		(3,128)	(6,592)	NM
General and administrative expenses		(822)		(605)	(217)	(35.9)%
Advisory fees, related party		(2,060)		(1,188)	(872)	(73.4)%
Acquisition costs and reimbursements		(859)		(878)	19	2.2 %
Other expense reimbursements, related party		(829)		(472)	(357)	(75.6)%
Interest expense and other		(2,876)		(1,201)	(1,675)	NM
Total expense support from (reimbursement to) the Advisor, net		4,534	_	(2,205)	6,739	NM
Total other expenses		(12,632)		(9,677)	(2,955)	(30.5)%
Net income (loss)		57		(5,136)	5,193	NM
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		14	(14)	100.0 %
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		%
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)	\$ 5,179	NM
Weighted-average shares outstanding		74,633	_	25,997	48,636	
Net income (loss) per common share - basic and diluted	\$	0.00	\$	(0.20)	\$ 0.20	

Rental Revenues. Rental revenues are comprised of rental income, straight-line rent, and amortization of above- and belowmarket lease assets and liabilities. Total rental revenues increased by approximately \$10.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to an increase in non-same store revenues, which was attributable to the significant growth in our portfolio during the past 15 months. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, nonsame store rental revenues reflect the addition of 33 buildings we have acquired since January 1, 2019. Same store rental revenues increased by \$0.1 million, or 1.2%, for the three months ended March 31, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to increases in occupancy and rental rates.

Rental Expenses. Rental expenses include certain property operating expenses typically reimbursed by our customers, such as real estate taxes, property insurance, repair and maintenance, and utilities. Total rental expenses increased by approximately \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to an increase in non-same store rental expenses attributable to the significant growth in our portfolio since January 1, 2019. Same store rental expenses decreased 1.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to a decrease in repairs and maintenance, including lower snow removal costs.

Other Expenses. Other expenses, in aggregate, increased by approximately \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the following:

• an increase in real estate-related depreciation and amortization expense and advisory fees totaling an aggregate amount of \$7.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, respectively, as a result of the growth in our portfolio, as compared to the same period in 2019;

• an increase in interest expense of \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, primarily related to: (i) the interest expense derived from the two mortgage notes assumed in connection with the acquisition of the Dallas Infill Industrial Portfolio in June 2019; and (ii) an increase in the interest expense of \$1.8 million from borrowings under the term loan due to an increase in average net borrowings of \$268.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020; partially offset by a decrease in interest from borrowings under the line of credit due to a decrease in average net borrowings of \$28.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020; and (ii) and interest from borrowings ender the line of the same period in 2019; and the three months ended March 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019; and

Partially offset by:

• a net increase in the expense support from the Advisor of \$6.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 primarily due to the \$4.5 million of net expense support received for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as compared to the net reimbursement to the Advisor of \$2.2 million pursuant to the expense support agreement between us and the Advisor of deferred fees and other expenses that were previously supported for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES OF PERFORMANCE

Net Loss and Net Operating Income ("NOI")

We define NOI as GAAP rental revenues less GAAP rental expenses. We consider NOI to be an appropriate supplemental performance measure and believe NOI provides useful information to our investors regarding our results of operations because NOI reflects the operating performance of our properties and excludes certain items that are not considered to be controllable in connection with the management of the properties, such as real estate-related depreciation and amortization, acquisition-related expenses, impairment charges, general and administrative expenses and interest expense. However, NOI should not be viewed as an alternative measure of our financial performance since it excludes such expenses, which expenses could materially impact our results of operations. Further, our NOI may not be comparable to that of other real estate companies as they may use different methodologies for calculating NOI. Therefore, we believe our net income (loss), as defined by GAAP, to be the most appropriate measure to evaluate our overall performance. Refer to "Results of Operations" above for a reconciliation of our GAAP net income (loss) to NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Funds from Operations ("FFO"), Company-defined Funds from Operations ("Company-defined FFO") and Modified Funds from Operations ("MFFO")

We believe that FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO, in addition to net income (loss) and cash flows from operating activities as defined by GAAP, are useful supplemental performance measures that our management uses to evaluate our consolidated operating performance. However, these supplemental, non-GAAP measures should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) or to cash flows from operating activities as an indication of our performance and are not intended to be used as a liquidity measure indicative of cash flow available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. No single measure can provide users of financial information with sufficient information and only our disclosures read as a whole can be relied upon to adequately portray our financial position, liquidity, and results of operations. Fees deferred or waived by the Advisor and payments received from the Advisor and/or reimbursed to the Advisor pursuant to the expense support agreement are included in determining our net income (loss), which is used to determine FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO. If we had not received support from the Advisor and/or reimbursed the Advisor pursuant to the expense support agreement, our FFO, Company-defined FFO, and MFFO would have been lower or higher. In addition, other REITs may define FFO and similar measures differently and choose to treat acquisition-related costs and potentially other accounting line items in a manner different from us due to specific differences in investment and operating strategy or for other reasons.

FFO. As defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), FFO is a non-GAAP measure that excludes certain items such as real estate-related depreciation and amortization. We believe FFO is a meaningful supplemental measure of our operating performance that is useful to investors because depreciation and amortization in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over

time. We use FFO as an indication of our consolidated operating performance and as a guide to making decisions about future investments.

Company-defined FFO. Similar to FFO, Company-defined FFO is a non-GAAP measure that excludes real estate-related depreciation and amortization and also excludes acquisition-related costs, which are characterized as expenses in determining net income (loss) under GAAP. The purchase of operating properties has been a key strategic objective of our business plan focused on generating growth in operating income and cash flow in order to make distributions to investors. However, the corresponding acquisition-related costs are driven by transactional activity rather than factors specific to the on-going operating performance of our properties or investments. Company-defined FFO may not be a complete indicator of our operating performance, and may not be a useful measure of the long-term operating performance of our properties if we do not continue to operate our business plan as disclosed.

MFFO. As defined by the Institute for Portfolio Alternatives ("IPA"), MFFO is a non-GAAP supplemental financial performance measure used to evaluate our operating performance. Similar to FFO, MFFO excludes items such as real estate-related depreciation and amortization. Similar to Company-defined FFO, MFFO excludes acquisition-related costs. MFFO also excludes straight-line rent and amortization of above- and below-market leases. In addition, there are certain other MFFO adjustments as defined by the IPA that are not applicable to us and are not included in our presentation of MFFO.

We are in the acquisition phase of our life cycle. Management does not include historical acquisition-related costs in its evaluation of future operating performance, as such costs are not expected to be incurred once our acquisition phase is complete. We use FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO to, among other things: (i) evaluate and compare the potential performance of the portfolio after the acquisition phase is complete, and (ii) evaluate potential performance to determine liquidity event strategies. Although some REITs may present similar measures differently from us, we believe FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO generally facilitate a comparison to other REITs that have similar operating characteristics to us. We believe investors are best served if the information that is made available to them allows them to align their analyses and evaluation with the same performance metrics used by management in planning and executing our business strategy. We believe that these performance metrics will assist investors in evaluating the potential performance of future performance and should not be considered as an alternative to net loss or to cash flows from operating activities and is not intended to be used as a liquidity measure indicative of cash flow available to fund our cash needs. Neither the SEC, NAREIT, nor any regulatory body has passed judgment on the acceptability of the adjustments used to calculate FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO. In the future, the SEC, NAREIT, or a regulatory body may decide to standardize the allowable adjustments across the non-traded REIT industry at which point we may adjust our calculation and characterization of FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO.

The following unaudited table presents a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO, Company-defined FFO and MFFO:

	For	the Three Montl	1s Ended	March 31,	Fro	r the Period m Inception ust 12, 2014) to
(in thousands, except per share data)	2020 2019			2019	М	arch 31, 2020
GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)	\$	(26,506)
GAAP net income (loss) per common share		0.00	\$	(0.20)	\$	(2.17)
Reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to NAREIT FFO:						
GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	57	\$	(5,122)	\$	(26,506)
Add (deduct) NAREIT adjustments:						
Real estate-related depreciation and amortization		9,720		3,128		35,497
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of real estate-related						
depreciation and amortization		(47)		(9)		(89)
NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,730	\$	(2,003)	\$	8,902
NAREIT FFO per common share	\$	0.13	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.73
Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Company-defined FFO:						
NAREIT FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,730	\$	(2,003)	\$	8,902
Add (deduct) Company-defined adjustments:						
Acquisition costs and reimbursements		859		878		8,828
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of acquisition expense						
reimbursements, related party		(4)		(2)		(9)
Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	10,585	\$	(1,127)	\$	17,721
Company-defined FFO per common share	\$	0.14	\$	(0.04)	\$	1.45
Reconciliation of Company-defined FFO to MFFO:						
Company-defined FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	10,585	\$	(1,127)	\$	17,721
Add (deduct) MFFO adjustments:						
Straight-line rent and amortization of above/below-market leases		(1,418)		(845)		(7,512)
Redeemable noncontrolling interest's share of straight-line rent and						
amortization of above/below-market leases		7		2		15
MFFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	9,174	\$	(1,970)	\$	10,224
MFFO per common share	\$	0.12	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.84
Weighted-average shares outstanding		74,633		25,997		12,211

We believe that: (i) our NAREIT FFO of \$9.7 million, or \$0.13 per share, as compared to the total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares offered through our distribution reinvestment plan) in the amount of \$10.2 million, or \$0.14 per share, for the three months ended March 31, 2020; and (ii) our NAREIT FFO of \$8.9 million, or \$0.73 per share, as compared to the total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares offered through our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$35.7 million, or \$1.89 per share, for the period from inception (August 12, 2014) to March 31, 2020, are not indicative of future performance as we are in the acquisition phase of our life cycle. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources— Distributions" below for details concerning our distributions, which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares of our common stock by participants in our distribution reinvestment plan.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity

Our primary sources of capital for meeting our cash requirements during our acquisition phase are, and will be, net proceeds from our public offerings, including proceeds from the sale of shares offered through our distribution reinvestment plan, debt financings, cash resulting from the expense support provided by the Advisor and cash generated from operating activities. We currently intend to maintain an allocation of at least 10% of our NAV to cash and cash equivalents. Our principal uses of funds are, and will be, for the acquisition of properties and other investments, capital expenditures, operating expenses, payments under our debt obligations, and distributions to our stockholders. Over time, we intend to fund a majority of our cash needs for items other than asset acquisitions, including the repayment of debt

and capital expenditures, from operating cash flows and refinancings. There may be a delay between the deployment of proceeds raised from our public offerings and our purchase of assets, which could result in a delay in the benefits to our stockholders, if any, of returns generated from our investments.

The global pandemic and resulting shut down of large parts of the U.S. economy has created significant uncertainty and enhanced investment risk across many asset classes, including real estate. The COVID-19 pandemic could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows as the reduced economic activity severely impacts certain of our customers' businesses, financial condition and liquidity and may cause certain customers to be unable to meet their obligations to us in full. However, since December 31, 2019 and through May 6, 2020, we have raised over \$697.5 million in new equity capital. We believe that the increased pace at which we raised capital in the first three months of 2020 was primarily due to an influx of capital from IPT shareholders who determined to invest in our common shares following the completion of IPT's asset sale in January 2020. As a result, our balance sheet as of March 31, 2020 was strong with over \$400.0 million of cash and less than 30% leverage, calculated as our total borrowings outstanding divided by the fair value of our real property plus cash and cash equivalents. See "-Capital Resources and Uses of Liquidity-Offering Proceeds" for further information concerning capital raised thus far in 2020 and our expectations regarding the pace of capital raising in the near term. In addition, our portfolio was 98.3% leased as of March 31, 2020 and is diversified across 46 assets totaling 8.6 million square feet. Our buildings contain a diverse roster of 101 customers, large and small, spanning a multitude of industries and sectors across 14 markets, with a strategic weighting towards top tier markets where we have historically seen the lowest volatility combined with positive returns over time. Within our existing portfolio, 86% of our customers (based on gross April rent) continued to pay their rent in full for April 2020.

The Advisor, subject to the oversight of our board of directors and, under certain circumstances, the investment committee or other committees established by our board of directors, will continue to evaluate potential acquisitions and will engage in negotiations with sellers and lenders on our behalf. Pending investment in property, debt, other investments, and our 10% cash allocation mentioned above, we may decide to temporarily invest any unused proceeds from our public offering in certain investments that are expected to yield lower returns than those earned on real estate assets. During these times of economic uncertainty, we have seen a slow down in transaction volume, which has adversely impacted our ability to acquire real estate assets, which would cause us to retain more lower yielding investments and hold them for longer periods of time while we seek to acquire additional real estate assets. These lower returns may affect our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. Potential future sources of capital include proceeds from secured or unsecured financings from banks or other lenders, proceeds from the sale of assets, and undistributed funds from operations.

We believe that our cash on-hand, anticipated net offering proceeds, anticipated financing activities and cash resulting from the expense support provided by the Advisor will be sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the foreseeable future.

Cash Flows. The following table summarizes our cash flows, as determined on a GAAP basis, for the following periods:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,					
(in thousands)		2020		2019	Char	ige
Total cash provided by (used in):						
Operating activities	\$	1,816	\$	3,624	\$ (1,	808)
Investing activities		(15,884)		(43,588)	27,	704
Financing activities		387,686		50,576	337,	110
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted						
cash	\$	373,618	\$	10,612	\$ 363,	006

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020 decreased by approximately \$1.8 million as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to payment to the Advisor of previously supported expenses, partially offset by growth in our property operations. Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020 decreased by approximately \$27.7 million as compared to the same period in 2019 due to our limited acquisition activity during the three months ended March 31, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019. Cash

provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2020 increased approximately \$337.1 million as compared to the same period in 2019 primarily due to an increase in net proceeds raised in our public offerings of \$415.3 million, partially offset by a decrease of \$76.7 million in our net borrowing activity.

Capital Resources and Uses of Liquidity

In addition to our cash and cash equivalents balance available, our capital resources and uses of liquidity are as follows:

Line of Credit and Term Loan. As of March 31, 2020, we had an aggregate of \$730.0 million of commitments under our credit agreement, including \$315.0 million under our line of credit and \$415.0 million under our term loan. As of that date, we had no amounts outstanding under our line of credit and \$307.5 million outstanding under our term loan with an effective interest rate of 2.63%, which includes the effect of the interest rate swap agreements. The unused portion under our line of credit was \$315.0 million, and we had \$314.9 million amounts available as of March 31, 2020. The unused and available portions under our term loan were both \$107.5 million as of March 31, 2020. Our \$315.0 million line of credit matures in November 2023, and may be extended pursuant to a one-year extension option, subject to continuing compliance with certain financial covenants and other customary conditions. Our \$415.0 million term loan matures in February 2024. Our line of credit and term loan borrowings are available for general corporate purposes including, but not limited to, the acquisition and operation of permitted investments by us. Refer to "Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding our line of credit and term loan.

In July 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") that regulates LIBOR announced it intends to stop compelling banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR after 2021. As a result, the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York organized the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC"), which identified the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") as its preferred alternative rate for LIBOR in derivatives and other financial contracts. We are not able to predict when LIBOR will cease to be available or when there will be sufficient liquidity in the SOFR markets. Any changes adopted by the FCA or other governing bodies in the method used for determining LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR. If that were to occur, our interest payment could change. In addition, uncertainty about the extent and manner of future changes may result in interest rate and/or payments that are higher or lower than if LIBOR were to remain available in the current form.

As of March 31, 2020, our line of credit and term loan are our only indebtedness with maturities beyond 2021 that have exposure to LIBOR. The agreement governing the term loan provides procedures for determining a replacement or alternative base rate in the event that LIBOR is discontinued. However, there can be no assurances as to whether such replacement or alternative base rate will be more or less favorable than LIBOR. As of March 31, 2020, we have interest rate swaps in place to hedge LIBOR on \$300.0 million of commitments under our term loan. We intend to monitor the developments with respect to the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 and work with our lenders to seek to ensure any transition away from LIBOR will have minimal impact on our financial condition, but can provide no assurances regarding the impact of the discontinuation of LIBOR.

Mortgage Notes. As of March 31, 2020, we had property-level borrowings of approximately \$49.3 million of principal outstanding with a weighted-average remaining term of 5.1 years. These borrowings are secured by mortgages or deeds of trust and related assignments and security interests in the collateralized properties, and had a weighted-average interest rate of 3.71%. Refer to "Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the mortgage notes.

Debt Covenants. Our line of credit, term loan and mortgage note agreements contain various property-level covenants, including customary affirmative and negative covenants. In addition, the agreement governing our line of credit and term loan contains certain corporate level financial covenants, including leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, and tangible net worth thresholds. These covenants may limit our ability to incur additional debt, to make borrowings under our line of credit, or to pay distributions. We were in compliance with all of our debt covenants as of March 31, 2020.

Offering Proceeds. As of March 31, 2020, aggregate gross proceeds raised since inception from our public and private offerings, including proceeds raised through our distribution reinvestment plan, were \$1.05 billion (\$978.8 million net of direct selling costs). These proceeds include \$528.2 million from the sale of 50.6 million shares of our common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2020. We believe that the increased pace at which we raised capital during the

three months ended March 31, 2020 was primarily due to an influx of capital from IPT shareholders who determined to invest in our common shares following the receipt of a special distribution from IPT related to the completion of IPT's asset sale in January 2020. Due to the unique nature of these circumstances, we do not expect that this increased pace will be sustained during the remainder of 2020. In addition, due to the economic disruption created by the COVID-19 pandemic, we expect the pace of capital raising to be slower in the near term and to return to a pace more consistent with or slower than the pace we experienced during 2019.

Distributions. We intend to continue to accrue and make distributions on a regular basis. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, approximately 5.4% of our total gross distributions were paid from cash flows from operating activities, as determined on a GAAP basis, and 94.6% of our total gross distributions were funded from sources other than cash flows from operating activities, as determined on a GAAP basis; specifically 44.6% of our total gross distributions were funded with proceeds from shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. Some or all of our future distributions may be paid from sources other than cash flows from operating secured by our assets), proceeds from the issuance of shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, proceeds from sales of assets, cash resulting from a waiver or deferral of fees otherwise payable to the Advisor or its affiliates (including cash received pursuant to the expense support agreement), interest income from our cash balances, and the net proceeds from primary shares sold in our public offerings. We have not established a cap on the amount of our distributions that may be paid from any of these sources. The amount of any distributions will be determined by our board of directors, and will depend on, among other things, current and projected cash requirements, tax considerations and other factors deemed relevant by our board.

For the second quarter of 2020, our board of directors authorized monthly distributions to all common stockholders of record as of the close of business on the last business day of each month for the second quarter of 2020, or April 30, 2020, May 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 (each a "Distribution Record Date"). The distributions were authorized at a quarterly rate of (i) \$0.13625 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.13625 per Class T share and per Class W share of common stock, less the respective annual distribution fees that are payable monthly with respect to such Class T shares and Class W shares. This quarterly rate is equal to a monthly rate of (i) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share of common stock and (ii) \$0.04542 per Class I share and per Class W shares. Distributions for each month of the second quarter of 2020 have been or will be paid in cash or reinvested in shares of our common stock for those electing to participate in our distribution reinvestment plan following the close of business on the respective Distribution Record Date applicable to such monthly distributions.

There can be no assurances that the current distribution rate or amount per share will be maintained. In the near-term, we expect that we may need to continue to rely on expense support from the Advisor and sources other than cash flows from operations, as determined on a GAAP basis, to pay distributions, which if insufficient could negatively impact our ability to pay such distributions.

The following table outlines sources used, as determined on a GAAP basis, to pay total gross distributions (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares of our common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan) for the quarters ended as of the dates indicated below:

	Source of Distributions					
(\$ in thousands)	Provided by Expense Support (1)	Provided by Operating Activities	Proceeds from Financing Activities	Proceeds from DRIP (2)	Gross Distributions (3)	Total Cash Flows from Operating Activities
2020						
March 31	\$ 4,534 44.6 %	\$ 548 5.4 %	\$%	\$ 5,076 50.0 %	\$ 10,158	\$ 1,816
Total	\$ 4,534 44.6 %	<u>\$ 548 5.4</u> %	\$ _ %	\$ 5,076 50.0 %	\$ 10,158	\$ 1,816
2019					;	
December 31	\$ 947 14.8 %	\$ %	\$ 2,216 34.6 %	\$ 3,242 50.6 %	\$ 6,405	\$ (2,151)
September 30	1,776 31.2 %	1,057 18.5		2,866 50.3	5,699	4,019
June 30	2,120 45.2 %	256 5.5		2,319 49.4	4,695	961
March 31	1,295 36.6 %	503 14.2		1,744 49.2	3,542	3,624
Total	<u>\$ 6,138</u> 30.2 %	\$1,816 8.9 %	\$ 2,216 10.9 %	\$ 10,171 50.0 %	\$ 20,341	\$ 6,453

(1) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, the Advisor provided expense support of \$4.5 million and \$6.1 million, respectively. Expense support from the Advisor used to pay distributions is presented above without the effect of our reimbursements to the Advisor of previously deferred fees and other expenses. We did not reimburse the Advisor for any amounts pursuant to the expense support agreement in 2020. We reimbursed the Advisor \$13.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2019. See "Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further detail on the expense support from and reimbursement to the Advisor during the quarter. Refer to Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" in our 2019 Form 10-K for a description of the expense support agreement.

- (2) Stockholders may elect to have their distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan.
- (3) Gross distributions are total distributions before the deduction of any distribution fees relating to Class T shares and Class W shares issued in the primary portion of our public offerings.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, our cash flows provided by operating activities on a GAAP basis were \$1.8 million, as compared to our aggregate total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$10.2 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, our cash flows provided by operating activities on a GAAP basis were \$3.6 million, as compared to our aggregate total gross distributions declared (which are paid in cash or reinvested in shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan) of \$1.2 million.

Refer to "Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further detail on our distributions.

Redemptions. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, we received eligible redemption requests for approximately 0.1 million shares of our common stock, all of which we redeemed using cash flows from financing activities, for an aggregate amount of approximately \$0.7 million, or an average price of \$9.83 per share. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, we received eligible redemption requests for 0.1 million shares of our common stock, all of which we redeemed using cash flows from financing activities, for an aggregate amount of approximately \$0.8 million, or an average price of \$10.02 per share. See Part II, Item 2. "Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds—Share Redemption Program," for further description of our share redemption program.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Status of the Public Offerings

As of May 6, 2020, we had raised gross proceeds of \$1.2 billion from the sale of 116.0 million shares of our common stock in our public offerings, including \$20.2 million from the sale of 2.0 million shares of our common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan. These proceeds include \$697.5 million from the sale of 66.5 million shares of our common stock in 2020. We believe that the increased pace at which we raised capital during 2020 was primarily due to

an influx of capital from IPT shareholders who determined to invest in our common shares following their receipt of a special distribution from IPT related to the completion of IPT's asset sale in January 2020. Due to the unique nature of these circumstances, we do not expect that this increased pace will be sustained during the remainder of 2020 and expect sales of our common shares to return to a pace more consistent with the pace we experienced during 2019. As of May 6, 2020, approximately \$1.25 billion in shares of our common stock remained available for sale pursuant to our follow-on public offering in any combination of Class T shares, Class W shares and Class I shares, including approximately \$488.1 million in shares of common stock available for sale through our distribution reinvestment plan, which may be reallocated for sale in our primary offering.

Completed Acquisitions

On April 14, 2020, the Company acquired one industrial building located in the Houston market. The total purchase price was \$9.5 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

On April 15, 2020, the Company acquired one industrial building located in the Denver market. The total purchase price was approximately \$11.6 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

On May 11, 2020, the Company acquired two industrial buildings located in the Dallas market. The total purchase price was approximately \$70.2 million, exclusive of transfer taxes, due diligence expenses, acquisition costs and other closing costs.

Acquisitions Under Contract

As of May 6, 2020, we had entered into contracts to acquire properties with an aggregate contract purchase price of approximately \$237.1 million, comprised of eight industrial buildings. There can be no assurance that we will complete the acquisition of the properties under contract.

COVID-19

We are closely monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of our business, including how it will impact our tenants and business partners. While we did not incur significant disruptions during the three months ended March 31, 2020 from the COVID-19 pandemic, we are unable to predict the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows due to numerous uncertainties and the impact could be material. Within our existing portfolio, we collected approximately 86% of our April rent (based on gross rent), compared to average annual collections of over 99% prior to the pandemic.

In April and May 2020, we received certain rent relief requests, most often in the form of rent deferral requests, as a result of COVID-19. We are evaluating each tenant rent relief request on an individual basis, considering a number of factors. Where appropriate, we have restructured leases and may restructure additional leases to provide temporary rent relief needed by certain customers while positioning ourselves to recapture abated rent over time. Not all tenant requests will ultimately result in modification of lease agreements, nor are we forgoing our contractual rights under our lease agreements. We can provide no assurances that we will be able to recover unpaid rent.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

A summary of future obligations as of December 31, 2019 was disclosed in our 2019 Form 10-K. Except as otherwise disclosed in "Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" relating to borrowings under our line of credit and term loan, there have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of business from the future obligations disclosed in our 2019 Form 10-K.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of March 31, 2020, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material effect, on our financial condition, changes in our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the SEC. The preparation of our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements requires significant management judgments, assumptions, and estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and our disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. With different estimates or assumptions, materially different amounts could be reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact the comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. For a detailed description of our critical accounting estimates, see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2019 Form 10-K. As of March 31, 2020, our critical accounting estimates have not changed from those described in our 2019 Form 10-K.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risk

We may be exposed to the impact of interest rate changes. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows, and optimize overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we plan to borrow on a fixed interest rate basis for longer-term debt and utilize interest rate swap agreements on certain variable interest rate debt in order to limit the effects of changes in interest rates on our results of operations. As of March 31, 2020, our debt outstanding consisted of borrowings under our term loan and mortgage notes.

Fixed Interest Rate Debt. As of March 31, 2020, our fixed interest rate debt consisted of \$300.0 million under our term loan, which was effectively fixed through the use of interest swap agreements, and \$49.3 million of principal borrowings under our mortgage notes. In total, our fixed rate debt represented approximately 97.9% of our total debt as of March 31, 2020. The impact of interest rate fluctuations on our fixed interest rate debt will generally not affect our future earnings or cash flows unless such borrowings mature, are otherwise terminated or payments are made on the principal balance. However, interest rate changes could affect the fair value of our fixed interest rate debt. As of March 31, 2020, the fair value and the carrying value of our fixed interest rate debt, excluding the values of hedges, were \$351.5 million and \$356.8 million, respectively. The fair value estimate of our fixed interest rate debt was estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis utilizing rates we would expect to pay for debt of a similar type and remaining maturity if the loans were originated on March 31, 2020. Based on our debt as of March 31, 2020, we do not expect that market fluctuations in interest rates will have a significant impact on our future earnings or operating cash flows.

Variable Interest Rate Debt. As of March 31, 2020, our variable interest rate debt consisted of \$7.5 million under our term loan, which represented 2.1% of our total debt. Interest rate changes on the variable portion of our variable-rate debt could impact our future earnings and cash flows, but would not significantly affect the fair value of such debt. As of March 31, 2020, we were exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on \$7.5 million of borrowings. A hypothetical 10% change in the average interest rate on the outstanding balance of our variable interest rate debt as of March 31, 2020, would change our annual interest expense by approximately \$0.1 million.

Derivative Instruments. As of March 31, 2020, we had seven outstanding interest rate swaps that were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, with a total notional amount of \$350.0 million. This includes one interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$50.0 million that will become effective in May 2020. See "Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further detail on our interest rate swaps. We are exposed to credit risk of the counterparty to our interest rate swaps in the event of non-performance under the terms of the agreements. If we were not able to replace these swaps in the event of non-performance by the counterparty, we would be subject to variability of the interest rate on the amount outstanding under our term loan that is fixed through the use of the swaps.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the direction of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of March 31, 2020. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2020, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended March 31, 2020 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

2	-
з	1
2	'

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of our 2019 Form 10-K, which could materially affect our business, financial condition, and/or future results. The risks described in our 2019 Form 10-K are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and/or operating results.

With the exception of the risk factors set forth below, which update the risk factors disclosed in our 2019 Form 10-K, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our 2019 Form 10-K.

RISKS RELATED TO INVESTING IN OUR PUBLIC OFFERING

Because we generally do not mark to market our property-level mortgages and corporate-level credit facilities that are intended to be held to maturity, or our associated interest rate hedges that are intended to be held to maturity, the realizable value of our company or our assets that are encumbered by debt may be higher or lower than the value used in the calculation of our NAV.

In accordance with our valuation procedures, our property-level mortgages and corporate-level credit facilities that are intended to be held to maturity, including those subject to interest rates hedges, are valued at par (i.e. at their respective outstanding balances). Because we often utilize interest rate hedges to stabilize interest payments (i.e. to fix all-in interest rates through interest rate swaps or to limit interest rate exposure through interest rate caps) on individual loans, each loan and associated interest rate hedge is treated as one financial instrument, which is valued at par for property-level mortgages or corporate-level credit facilities that are intended to be held to maturity. As a result, the realizable value of our company or our assets that are encumbered by debt used in the calculation of our NAV may be higher or lower than the value that would be derived if such debt instruments were marked to market. For example, if we decide to sell one or more assets, we may re-classify those assets as heldfor-sale, which could then have a positive or negative impact on our calculation of NAV to the extent any associated debt is definitively intended to be prepaid. In some cases such difference may be significant. As a further example, we estimate the fair value of our debt (inclusive of associated interest rate hedges) that was intended to be held to maturity as of March 31, 2020 was \$4.9 million higher than par for such debt in aggregate, meaning that if we used the fair value of our debt rather than par (and treated the associated hedge as part of the same financial instrument), our NAV would have been lower by approximately \$4.9 million, or \$0.05 per share, not taking into account all of the other items that impact our monthly NAV, as of March 31, 2020. By valuing our debt (inclusive of associated interest rate hedges) at par value rather than fair value, our NAV per share as of March 31, 2020 is approximately 0.5%, or \$0.05 per share higher than if we valued our debt and associated interest rate hedges at fair value. As of March 31, 2020, we classified all of our debt as intended to be held to maturity.

Interest rate changes may cause volatility in our monthly NAV.

In accordance with our valuation procedures, we generally will use the fair value of our assets and liabilities related to assets held for sale, if any, to determine our monthly NAV. The fair value of certain of our assets and such liabilities may be very sensitive to interest rate changes, such as fixed rate borrowings and interest rate hedges that are not intended to be held to maturity. As a result, changes in projected forward interest rates may cause volatility in our monthly NAV.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR GENERAL BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND OUR CORPORATE STRUCTURE

The current outbreak of the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, has caused severe disruptions in the U.S. and global economy and will likely have an adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations. This impact could be materially adverse to the extent the current COVID-19 outbreak, or future pandemics, cause customers to be unable to pay their rent or reduce the demand for commercial real estate, or cause other impacts described below.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) was reported to have surfaced in Wuhan, China. COVID-19 has since spread to over 100 countries, including the United States. COVID-19 has also spread to every state

in the United States. On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a pandemic, and on March 13, 2020 the United States declared a national emergency with respect to COVID-19.

The outbreak of COVID-19 in many countries, including the United States, continues to adversely impact global economic activity and has contributed to significant volatility and negative pressure in financial markets. The global impact of the outbreak has been rapidly evolving and, as cases of the virus have continued to be identified in additional countries, many countries, including the United States, have reacted by instituting quarantines and restrictions on travel.

Nearly all U.S. cities and states, including cities and states where our properties are located, have also reacted by instituting quarantines, restrictions on travel, "shelter in place" rules, restrictions on types of business that may continue to operate, and/or restrictions on types of construction projects that may continue. We expect that additional states and cities will implement similar restrictions and there can be no assurances as to the length of time these restrictions will remain in place. The COVID-19 outbreak has had, and future pandemics could have, a significant adverse impact on economic and market conditions of economies around the world, including the United States, and has triggered a period of global economic slowdown or global recession.

The effects of COVID-19 or another pandemic could adversely affect us and/or our customers due to, among other factors:

- the unavailability of personnel, including executive officers and other leaders that are part of the management team and the inability to recruit, attract and retain skilled personnel—to the extent management or personnel are impacted in significant numbers by the outbreak of pandemic or epidemic disease and are not available or allowed to conduct work —business and operating results may be negatively impacted;
- difficulty accessing debt and equity capital on attractive terms, or at all—a severe disruption and instability in the global financial markets or deteriorations in credit and financing conditions may affect our and our customers' ability to access capital necessary to fund business operations or replace or renew maturing liabilities on a timely basis, and may adversely affect the valuation of financial assets and liabilities, any of which could affect our ability to meet liquidity and capital expenditure requirements or have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows;
- an inability to operate in affected areas, or delays in the supply of products or services from the vendors that are needed to operate effectively;
- customers' inability to pay rent on their leases or our inability to re-lease space that is or becomes vacant, which
 inability, if extreme, could cause us to: (i) no longer be able to pay distributions at our current rates or at all in order to
 preserve liquidity and (ii) be unable to meet our debt obligations to lenders, which could cause us to lose title to the
 properties securing such debt, trigger cross-default provisions, or could cause us to be unable to meet debt covenants,
 which could cause us to have to sell properties or refinance debt on unattractive terms;
- an inability to ensure business continuity in the event our continuity of operations plan is not effective or improperly implemented or deployed during a disruption;
- our inability to raise capital in our ongoing public offering, if investors are reluctant to purchase our shares;
- our inability to deploy capital due to slower transaction volume which may be dilutive to stockholders; and
- our inability to satisfy redemption requests and preserve liquidity, if demand for redemptions exceeds the limits of our share redemption program or ability to fund redemptions.

Because our property investments are located in the United States, COVID-19 has begun and will continue to impact our properties and operating results given its continued spread within the United States reduces occupancy, increases the cost of operation, results in limited hours or necessitates the closure of such properties. In addition, quarantines, states of emergencies and other measures taken to curb the spread of COVID-19 may negatively impact the ability of such properties to continue to obtain necessary goods and services or provide adequate staffing, which may also adversely affect our properties and operating results.

Customers and potential customers of the properties we own operate in industries that are being adversely affected by the disruption to business caused by this global outbreak. Customers or operators have been, and may in the future be, required to suspend operations at our properties for what could be an extended period of time. A significant number of our customers have requested rent concessions and more customers may request rent concessions or may not pay rent in the future. This could lead to increased customer delinquencies and/or defaults under leases, a lower demand for rentable

space leading to increased concessions or lower occupancy, and/or tenant improvement expenditures, or reduced rental rates to maintain occupancies. Our operations could be materially negatively affected if the economic downturn is prolonged, which could adversely affect our operating results, ability to pay our distributions, our ability to repay or refinance our debt, and the value of our shares.

The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate impact of COVID-19. The full extent of the impact and effects of COVID-19 on our future financial performance, as a whole, and, specifically, on our real estate property holdings are uncertain at this time. The impact will depend on future developments, including, among other factors, the duration and spread of the outbreak, along with related travel advisories and restrictions, the recovery time of the disrupted supply chains, the consequential staff shortages, and production delays, and the uncertainty with respect to the duration of the global economic slowdown. COVID-19 and the current financial, economic and capital markets environment, and future developments in these and other areas present uncertainty and risk with respect to our performance, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and value of our shares.

The current outbreak of COVID-19 and resulting impacts on the U.S. economy and financial markets has created extreme uncertainty and volatility with respect to the current and future values of real estate, and therefore our NAV per share, as well as the market value of our debt (including associated interest rate hedges). As a result, our NAV per share may not reflect the actual realizable value of our underlying properties at any given time or the market value of our debt (including associated interest rate hedges).

The current outbreak of COVID-19 and resulting impacts on the U.S. economy and financial markets have created extreme uncertainty and volatility with respect to the current and future values of real estate and real estate-related assets, borrowings and hedges. The recent COVID-19 pandemic is expected to continue to have a significant impact on local, national and global economies and has resulted in a world-wide economic slowdown. The fallout from the ongoing pandemic on our investments is uncertain; however, it is expected to have a negative impact on the overall real estate market. In addition, slower transaction volume may result in less data for assessing real estate values. This increases the risk that our NAV per share may not reflect the actual realizable value of our underlying properties at any given time, as valuations and appraisals of our properties and real estate-related assets are only estimates of market value as of the end of the prior month and may not reflect the changes in values resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, as this impact is occurring rapidly and is not immediately quantifiable. To the extent real estate values decline after the date we disclose our NAV, whether due to the COVID-19 outbreak or otherwise, (i) we may overpay to redeem our shares, which would adversely affect the investment of non-redeeming stockholders, and (ii) new investors may overpay for their investment in our common stock, which would heighten their risk of loss. Furthermore, because we generally do not mark to market our property-level mortgages and corporate-level credit facilities that are intended to be held to maturity or our associated interest rate hedges that are intended to be held to maturity, the realizable value of our company or our assets that are encumbered by debt may be higher or lower than the value used in the calculation of our NAV. This risk may be exacerbated by the current market volatility, which can lead to large and sudden swings in the fair value of our assets and liabilities. We currently estimate the fair value of our debt (inclusive of associated interest rate hedges) that was intended to be held to maturity as of March 31, 2020 was \$4.9 million higher than par for such debt in aggregate, meaning that if we used the fair value of our debt rather than par (and treated the associated hedge as part of the same financial instrument), our NAV would be lower by approximately \$4.9 million, or \$0.05 per share, as of March 31, 2020.

RISKS RELATED TO INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE-RELATED DEBT AND SECURITIES

Investments in real estate-related securities will be subject to specific risks relating to the particular issuer of the securities and may be subject to the general risks of investing in subordinated real estate-related securities.

We may invest in real estate-related securities and our investments may consist of real estate-related common equity, preferred equity and debt securities of both publicly traded and private real estate companies. Our investments in such real estate-related securities will involve special risks relating to the particular issuer of the securities, including the financial condition and business outlook of the issuer. Issuers of real estate-related securities generally invest in real estate or real estate-related assets and are subject to the inherent risks associated with real estate-related debt investments discussed in this prospectus.

The value of real estate-related securities, including those of publicly listed REITs, fluctuates in response to issuer, political, market and economic developments. For example, equity markets are experiencing significant disruption as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19. In the short term, equity prices can fluctuate dramatically in response to these developments. Different parts of the market and different types of equity securities can react differently to these developments and they can affect a single issuer, multiple issuers within an industry, the economic sector or geographic region, or the market as a whole. The real estate industry is sensitive to economic downturns. The value of securities of companies engaged in real estate activities can be affected by changes in real estate values and rental income, property taxes, interest rates and tax and regulatory requirements. Downturns in equity and debt markets, such as the one we are currently experiencing, will significantly impact the value of our real-estate related securities

Real estate-related securities may be unsecured and subordinated to other obligations of the issuer. As a result, investments in real estate-related securities are subject to risks of (i) limited liquidity in the secondary trading, (ii) substantial market price volatility, (iii) subordination to prior claims of banks and other senior lenders of the issuer and preferred equity holders (iv) the operation of mandatory sinking fund or call/redemption provisions during periods of declining interest rates that could cause the issuer to reinvest redemption proceeds in lower yielding assets, (v) the possibility that earnings of the issuer may be insufficient to meet its debt service and distribution obligations and (iv) the declining creditworthiness and potential for insolvency of the issuer during periods of rising interest rates and economic downturn. These risks may adversely affect the value of outstanding real estate-related securities and the ability of the issuers thereof to pay dividends.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR TAXATION AS A REIT

Changes to the U.S. federal income tax laws, including the enactment of certain tax reform measures, could have an adverse impact on our business and financial results.

In recent years, numerous legislative, judicial and administrative changes have been made to the U.S. federal income tax laws applicable to investments in real estate and REITs, including the passage of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. Federal legislation intended to ameliorate the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, or the CARES Act, has been enacted that makes technical corrections to, or modifies on a temporary basis, certain of the provisions of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017, and it is possible that additional such legislation may be enacted in the future. The full impact of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 and the CARES Act may not become evident for some period of time. In addition, there can be no assurance that future changes to the U.S. federal income tax laws or regulatory changes will not be proposed or enacted that could impact our business and financial results. The REIT rules are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the Internal Revenue Service and the U.S. Treasury Department, which may result in revisions to regulations and interpretations in addition to statutory changes. If enacted, certain of such changes could have an adverse impact on our business and financial results.

We cannot predict whether, when or to what extent any new U.S. federal tax laws, regulations, interpretations or rulings will impact the real estate investment industry or REITs. Prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the effect of potential future changes to the federal tax laws on an investment in our shares.

INVESTMENT COMPANY RISKS

We are not registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act, and therefore we will not be subject to the requirements imposed on an investment company by the Investment Company Act which may limit or otherwise affect our investment choices.

The Company, the Operating Partnership, and our subsidiaries intend to conduct our businesses so that we are not required to register as "investment companies" under the Investment Company Act. The operation of a business in a manner so as not to be subject to regulation as an investment company requires an analysis of and compliance with complex laws, regulations and SEC staff interpretations, not all of which are summarized herein. Although we could modify our business methods at any time, at the present time we focus our activities on investments in real estate, buildings, and other assets that can be referred to as "sticks and bricks" and therefore we will not be an investment

company under Section 3(a)(1)(A) of the Investment Company Act. We also may invest in other real estate investments, such as real estate related securities, and will otherwise be considered to be in the real estate business.

Companies subject to the Investment Company Act are required to comply with a variety of substantive requirements such as requirements relating to:

- Limitations on the capital structure of the entity;
- Restrictions on certain investments;
- Prohibitions on transactions with affiliated entities; and
- Public reporting disclosures, record keeping, voting procedures, proxy disclosure and similar corporate governance rules and regulations.

These and other requirements are intended to provide benefits or protections to security holders of investment companies. Because we and our subsidiaries do not expect to be subject to these requirements, stockholders will not be entitled to these benefits or protections. It is our policy to operate in a manner that will not require us to register as an investment company, and we do not expect to register as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act.

We do not expect that we, the Operating Partnership, or other subsidiaries will be an investment company because, if we have any securities that are considered to be investment securities held by an entity, then we will seek to ensure that holdings of investment securities in such entity will not exceed 40% of the total assets of that entity (on a consolidated basis) and that no such entity holds itself out as being engaged primarily in the business of investing in securities. If an entity were to hold investment securities having a value exceeding 40% of the value of the entity's total assets (on a consolidated basis), and no other exclusion from registration was available, that entity might be required to register as an investment company. In order to avoid such a result, we, the Operating Partnership, or a subsidiary may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell or we may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain. In addition, we may also have to forgo opportunities to acquire certain investments or interests in companies or entities that we would otherwise want to acquire, or acquire assets we might otherwise not select for purchase.

If the Company, the Operating Partnership or any subsidiary owns assets that qualify as "investment securities" and the value of such assets exceeds 40% of the value of its total assets (on a consolidated basis), the entity would be deemed to be an investment company absent another exclusion from the Investment Company Act. Certain of the subsidiaries that we may form in the future could seek to rely upon the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C) of that Act, which is available for entities, among other things, "primarily engaged in the business of purchasing or otherwise acquiring mortgages and other liens on and interests in real estate." This exclusion, as interpreted by the staff of the SEC, generally requires that at least 55% of an entity's portfolio be comprised of qualifying interests and an additional 25% of the entity's portfolio be comprised of real estate-related interests although this percentage may be reduced to the extent that more than 55% of the entity's assets are invested in qualifying interests, (as such terms have been interpreted by the staff of the SEC) and no more than 20% of such entity's total assets are invested in miscellaneous investments. Qualifying interests for this purpose include actual interests in real estate, certain mortgage loans and other assets as interpreted in a manner consistent with SEC staff guidance. We intend to treat as real estaterelated interests those assets that do not qualify for treatment as qualifying interests, including any securities of companies primarily engaged in real estate businesses that are not within the scope of SEC staff positions and/or interpretations regarding qualifying interests and securities issued by pass-through entities of which substantially all of the assets consist of qualifying interests and/or real estate-related interests. Due to the factual nature of this test, we, the Operating Partnership, or a subsidiary may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell or may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain, if we deem it necessary to remain in compliance with the foregoing standards. In addition, we may have to forgo opportunities to acquire certain investments or interests in companies or entities that we would otherwise want to acquire, or acquire assets we might otherwise not select for purchase, if we deem it necessary to remain in compliance with the foregoing standards.

In addition, we, the Operating Partnership and/or our subsidiaries may rely upon other exclusions, including the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(6) of the Investment Company Act (which excludes, among other things, parent entities whose primary business is conducted through majority-owned subsidiaries relying upon the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C), discussed above), from the definition of an investment company and the registration requirements under the Investment Company Act. There can be no assurance that the laws and regulations governing the Investment

Company Act status of REITs (and/or their subsidiaries), including actions by the SEC or its staff providing more specific or different guidance regarding these exclusions, will not change in a manner that adversely affects our operations. For example, on August 31, 2011, the SEC issued a concept release requesting comments regarding a number of matters relating to the exclusion provided by Section 3(c)(5)(C) of the Investment Company Act, including the nature of assets that qualify for purposes of the exclusion and whether mortgage REITs should be regulated in a manner similar to investment companies. To the extent that the SEC or the SEC staff provides more specific guidance regarding any of the matters bearing upon the exclusions discussed above or other exclusions from the definition of an investment company under the Investment Company Act upon which we may rely, we may be required to change the way we conduct our business or adjust our strategy accordingly. Any additional guidance from the SEC staff could provide additional flexibility to us, or it could further inhibit our ability to pursue the strategies we have chosen. If we meet the definition of an investment company under the Investment Company Act and we fail to qualify for an exclusion therefrom, our ability to use leverage and other business strategies would be substantially reduced. Our business will be materially and adversely affected if we fail to qualify for an exemption or exclusion from regulation under the Investment Company Act.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Share Redemption Program

Subject to certain restrictions and limitations, our share redemption program may provide a limited opportunity for stockholders to have shares of our common stock redeemed for cash. To the extent our board of directors determines that we have sufficient available cash for redemptions, we initially intend to redeem shares under our share redemption program on a monthly basis; however, our board of directors may determine from time to time to adjust the timing of redemptions or suspend, terminate or otherwise modify our share redemption program.

While stockholders may request on a monthly basis that we redeem all or any portion of their shares pursuant to our share redemption program, we are not obligated to redeem any shares and may choose to redeem only some, or even none, of the shares that have been requested to be redeemed in any particular month, in our discretion. In addition, our ability to fulfill redemption requests is subject to a number of limitations. As a result, share redemptions may not be available each month. Under our share redemption program, to the extent we determine to redeem shares in any particular month, we will only redeem shares as of the last calendar day of that month (each such date, a "Redemption Date"). Redemptions will be made at the transaction price in effect on the Redemption Date, except that all shares of our common stock that have not been outstanding for at least one year will be redeemed at 95.0% of the transaction price and Class T shares that have been outstanding for at least one year but less than two years will be redeemed at 97.5% of the transaction price. Each of these deductions is referred to as an "Early Redemption Deduction." An Early Redemption Deduction will not be applied with respect to: (i) Class W shares and Class I shares that have been outstanding for at least one year; and (ii) Class T shares that have been outstanding for at least two years. The "transaction price" generally will be equal to the NAV per share of our common stock most recently disclosed by us. We will redeem shares at a price that we believe reflects the NAV per share of such stock more appropriately than the most recently disclosed monthly NAV per share, including by updating a previously disclosed transaction price, in cases where we believe there has been a material change (positive or negative) to the NAV per share relative to the most recently disclosed monthly NAV per share. An Early Redemption Deduction may be waived in certain circumstances including; (i) in the case of redemption requests arising from the death or qualified disability of the holder; (ii) in the event that a stockholder's shares are redeemed because the stockholder has failed to maintain the \$2,000 minimum account balance; or (iii) with respect to shares purchased through our distribution reinvestment plan or received from us as a stock dividend. To have shares redeemed, a stockholder's redemption request and required documentation must be received in good order by 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time) on the second to last business day of the applicable month. Settlements of share redemptions will be made within three business days of the Redemption Date. An investor may withdraw its redemption request by notifying the transfer agent before 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time) on the last business day of the applicable month.

Under our share redemption program, we may redeem during any calendar month shares whose aggregate value (based on the price at which the shares are redeemed) is 2.0% of our aggregate NAV as of the last calendar day of the previous quarter and during any calendar quarter whose aggregate value (based on the price at which the shares are redeemed) is up to 5.0% of our aggregate NAV as of the last calendar day of the prior calendar quarter. During a given quarter, if in each of the first two months of such quarter the 2.0% redemption limit is reached and stockholders' redemptions are

reduced *pro rata* for such months, then in the third and final month of that quarter, the applicable limit for such month will likely be less than 2.0% of our aggregate NAV as of the last calendar day of the previous month because the redemptions for that month, combined with the redemptions in the previous two months, cannot exceed 5.0% of our aggregate NAV as of the last calendar day of the prior calendar quarter.

Although the vast majority of our assets consist of properties that cannot generally be readily liquidated on short notice without impacting our ability to realize full value upon their disposition, we intend to maintain a number of sources of liquidity including: (i) cash equivalents (e.g. money market funds), other short-term investments, U.S. government securities, agency securities and liquid real estate-related securities; and (ii) one or more borrowing facilities. We may fund redemptions from any available source of funds, including operating cash flows, borrowings, proceeds from our public offering and/or sales of our assets.

Should redemption requests, in our judgment, place an undue burden on our liquidity, adversely affect our operations or risk having an adverse impact on us as a whole, or should we otherwise determine that investing our liquid assets in real properties or other illiquid investments rather than redeeming our shares is in the best interests of the company as a whole, then we may choose to redeem fewer shares than have been requested to be redeemed, or none at all. In the event that we determine to redeem some but not all of the shares submitted for redemption during any month for any of the foregoing reasons, shares submitted for redemption during such month will be redeemed on a pro rata basis. All unsatisfied redemption program, as applicable. If the transaction price for the applicable month is not made available by the tenth business day prior to the last business day of the month (or is changed after such date), then no redemption requests will be accepted for such month and stockholders who wish to have their shares redeemed the following month must resubmit their redemption requests.

The preceding summary does not purport to be a complete summary of our share redemption program and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the share redemption program, which is incorporated by reference as Exhibit 4.1 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Refer to Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for additional details regarding our redemption history.

For the Month Ended	Total Number of Shares Redeemed	ge Price ber Share	Total Number of Shares Redeemed as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Redeemed Under the Plans or Programs (1)
January 31, 2020	44,747	\$ 9.80	44,747	
February 29, 2020	17,604	9.91	17,604	—
March 31, 2020	4,787	9.76	4,787	—
Total	67,138	\$ 9.83	67,138	

The table below summarizes the redemption activity for the three months ended March 31, 2020:

(1) We limit the number of shares that may be redeemed per calendar quarter under the program as described above.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits required by this item are set forth on the Exhibit Index attached hereto.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-200594) filed with the SEC on June 30, 2017 ("Pre-Effective Amendment").
3.2	Third Amended and Restated Bylaws of Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. (formerly known as Industrial Logistics Realty Trust Inc.). Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.
4.1	Share Redemption Program, effective as of November 1, 2017. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 2, 2017.
4.2	Fourth Amended and Restated Distribution Reinvestment Plan. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 29, 2019.
4.3	Form of Subscription Agreement. Incorporated by reference to Appendix A to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11/A (File No. 333-229136) on August 30, 2019.
10.1	Sixth Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of BCI IV Operating Partnership LP, dated as of November 15, 2019. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 5, 2020.
10.2	Incremental Revolving Commitment Assumption Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2019, among BCI IV Operating Partnership LP, Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. and its subsidiaries, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Bank of America, N.A. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 5, 2020.
10.3	Incremental Term Loan and Revolving Commitment Assumption Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2019, among BCI IV Operating Partnership LP, Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc. and its subsidiaries, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 5, 2020.
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
99.1*	Consent of Altus Group U.S., Inc.
99.2	Net Asset Value Calculation and Valuation Procedures. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 13, 2020.

Exhibit Number	Description
101	The following materials from Black Creek Industrial REIT IV Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, filed on May 12, 2020, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BLACK CREEK INDUSTRIAL REIT IV INC.

May 12, 2020

By: /s

/s/ JEFFREY W. TAYLOR

Jeffrey W. Taylor Managing Director, Co-President (Principal Executive Officer)

May 12, 2020

By:

/s/ THOMAS G. MCGONAGLE

Thomas G. McGonagle Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)