Full Year Results 2008 Roadshow

Major characteristics in FY 2008

Dramatic market turbulences in H2/2008

- Worldwide financial and economic crisis
- High volatility of raw-material prices and major currencies

Decrease in EBIT

- Mercedes-Benz Cars strongly impacted by deteriorating car markets
- Daimler Trucks EBIT impacted by negative market development and DTNA repositioning
- Mercedes-Benz Vans and Daimler Buses at record result levels
- Financial Services continued with solid performance
- Significantly negative EBIT impact from Chrysler (€3.2 billion)

Solid financial position

- Cash flow impacted by increase of working capital
- Net liquidity of industrial business at comfortable level
- Strong balance sheet

Important highlights in FY 2008

Sales and products

- Sales records in H1 2008
- Successful launch of new C-Class and GLK
- Production start of new fuel efficient diesel engines OM651
- Presentation of S400 BlueHYBRID to be launched in 2009

Efficiency gains

- Restructuring of DTNA (900m EBIT improvement expected in 2011)
- Finalization of New Management Model (cost reduction of approx. 1.2bn by 2009)

Financial situation

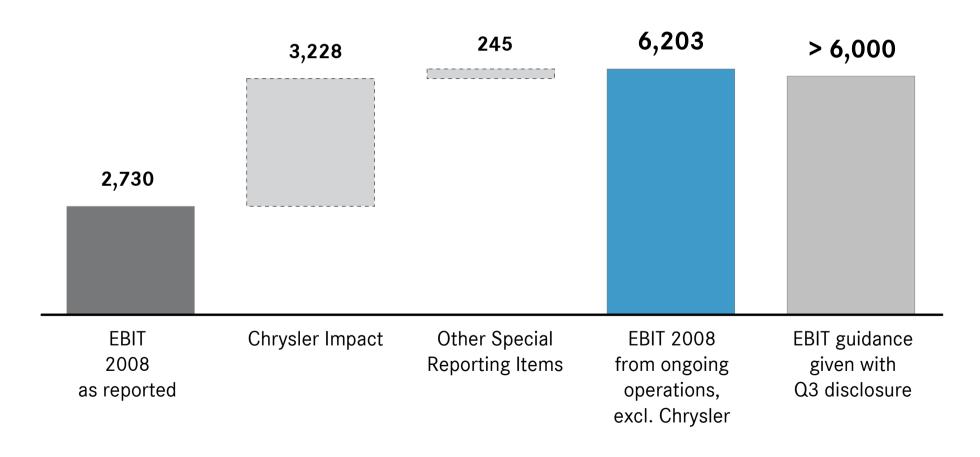
- Comfortable liquidity position and strong balance sheet
- Available unutilized credit lines of 3bn EUR and 5bn USD
- Proven continuous access to capital markets
- Reduction of Chrysler related risks through complete write-off of loans and equity

Significant earnings impact related to Chrysler

- Negative impact on EBIT of €3.2 billion, of which
 - at equity result of minus €1.4 billion
 - Impairment of Chrysler-related assets of €1.8 billion
- Carrying amount of equity stake, subordinated and second lien loan adjusted to zero
- Cash impact in 2008 of €1 billion from pay-out of the second lien loan in June
- Guaranties provided by Daimler reduced in FY 2008 by €0.4 to €0.3 billion; related collateral provided by Chrysler decreased by €0.1 to €0.2 billion
- At equity result is not indicative for US GAAP results to be reported by Chrysler Holding LLC due to significant valuation differences between US GAAP and IFRS
- Negotiations with Cerberus Capital Management on redemption of remaining stake in Chrysler ongoing

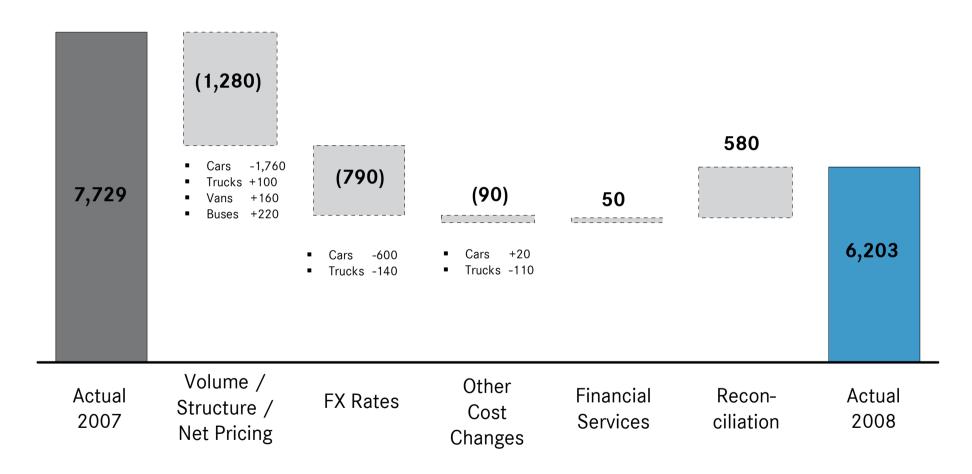
EBIT from ongoing operations meets Q3 guidance

- in millions of € -



Daimler EBIT adjusted for SRI development in 2008

- in mill € -



Key financials FY 2007 vs FY 2008

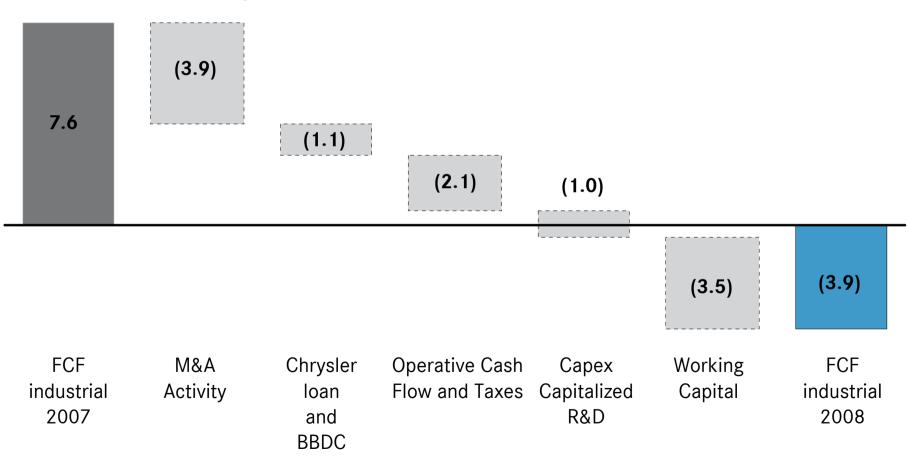
– in billions of € –	FY 2007	FY 2008
EBIT	8.7	2.7
Net profit	4.0	1.4
Earnings per share (in €)	3.83	1.41
Free cash flow industrial business	7.6	(3.9)
Net liquidity industrial business (at period end)	12.9	3.1

Key balance-sheet and financial figures FY 2007 vs FY 2008

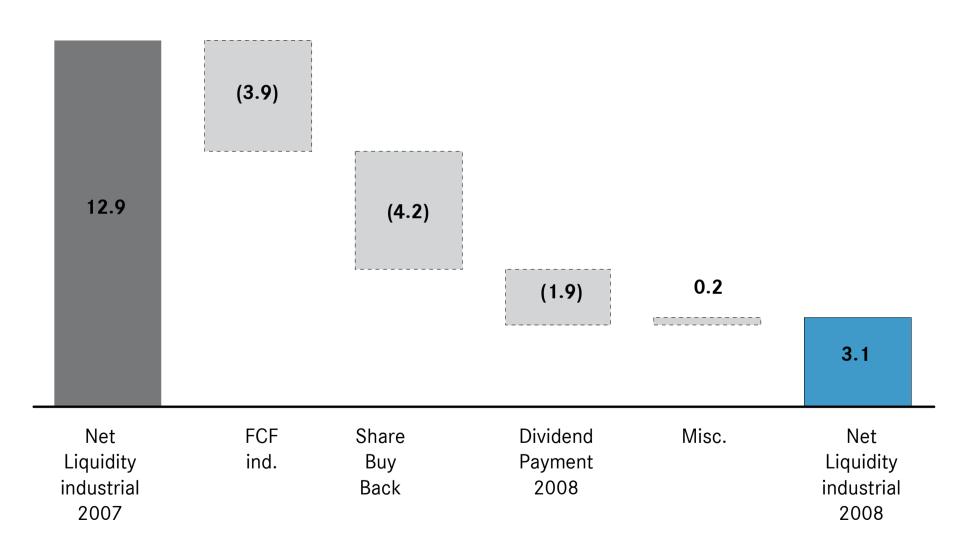
– in millions of € –	Dec. 31, 2007	Dec. 31, 2008
Daimler Group		
Equity ratio 1)	26.9%	24.3%
Gross liquidity	17,055	8,003
Industrial Business		
Equity ratio 1)	43.7%	42.7%
Net liquidity	12,912	3,106
Free cash flow (12-months period)	7,637	(3,915)

Free Cash Flow Industrial Business development in 2008

- Sale of Real Estate
- Transfer of EADS shares
- Kamaz and Tognum



Net Liquidity Industrial Business FY 2007 vs FY 2008



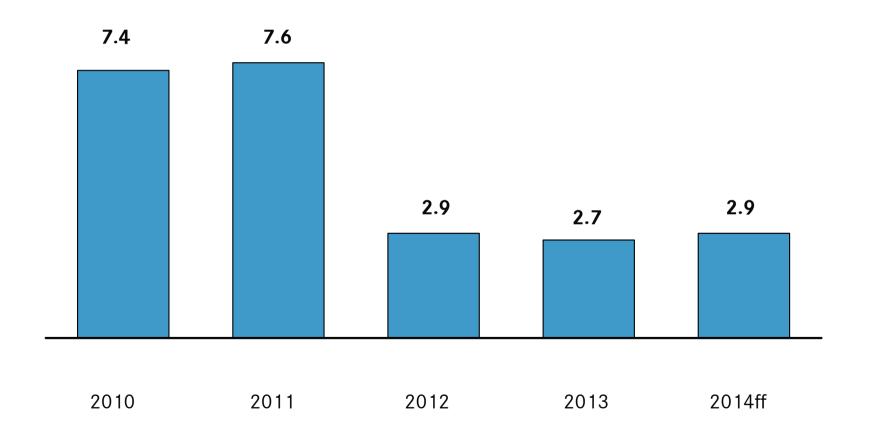
Financial liabilities (nominal)

– in billions of € –	Sep 30, 2008	Dec 31, 2008
Bonds	31.8	32.2
Bank Loans	15.1	14.6
ABS	0.9	0.7
Commercial Paper	1.8	2.3
Account Deposits	5.4	6.0
Other	0.9	0.9
Total	55.9	56.7

Financial liabilities (nominal)

– in billions of € –	Dec 31, 2008	Maturities current	Maturities Non- current
Bonds	32.2	10.4	21.7
Bank Loans	14.6	7.2	7.4
ABS	0.7	0.6	0.1
Commercial Paper	2.3	2.3	0.0
Account Deposits	6.0	5.4	0.6
Other	0.9	0.5	0.4
Total	56.7	26.5	30.2

Bond Maturities 2010ff in bn€



Safeguard financial flexibility

Funding

- Comfortable gross liquidity
- Access to debt markets
- Broad range of funding instruments available
- Solid balance sheet

DAIMLER Mercedes-Benz Cars

Mercedes-Benz Cars



Lower unit sales and revenue due to the deterioration of the market environment

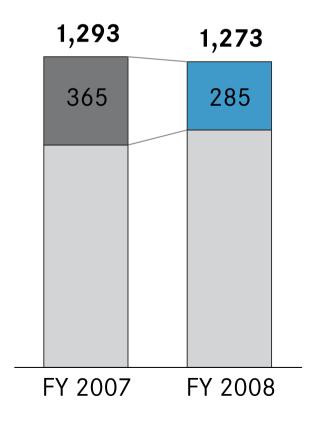
Q1-3

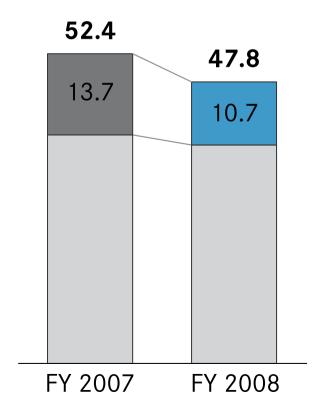
/ Q4

Unit sales

- in thousands of units -

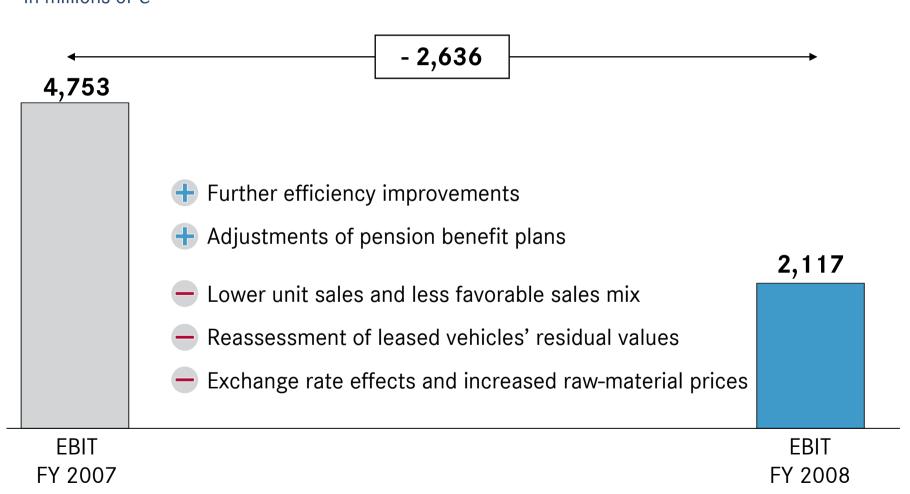






EBIT decreased significantly with the decline in market demand starting in Q3 2008

- in millions of € -



DAIMLER Daimler Trucks

Daimler Trucks



Growth mainly in Brazil and Asian markets partly offset by the decline in NAFTA and Japan

Q1-3

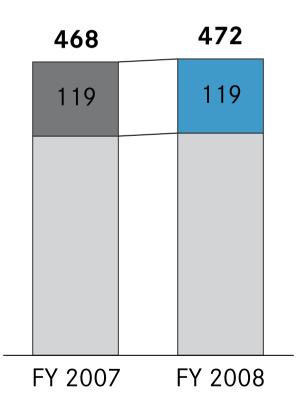
/ Q4

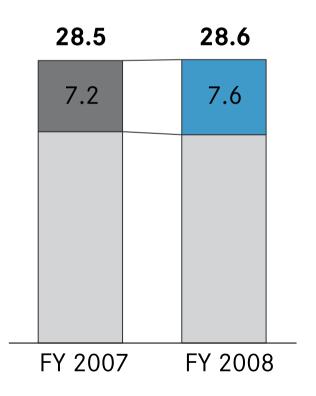
Unit sales

- in thousands of units -

Revenue

- in billions of € -





Decrease in EBIT primarily due to the repositioning in the NAFTA region

- in millions of € -- 514 2,121 Higher unit sales in Brazil and Asian markets 1,607 Improved product positioning and efficiency Continued weak demand in NAFTA Exchange rate effects and higher raw-material cost Repositioning of Daimler Trucks North America Special reporting items in FY 2007 **EBIT EBIT** FY 2007 FY 2008 **DAIMLER** Mercedes-Benz Vans

Mercedes-Benz Vans



DAIMLER Daimler Buses

Daimler Buses

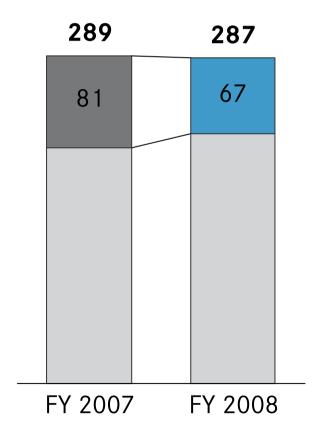


Unit sales on second-best level ever

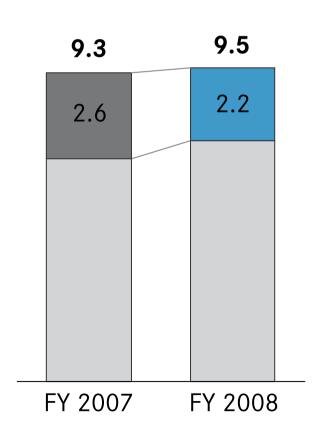
Q1-3

/ Q4

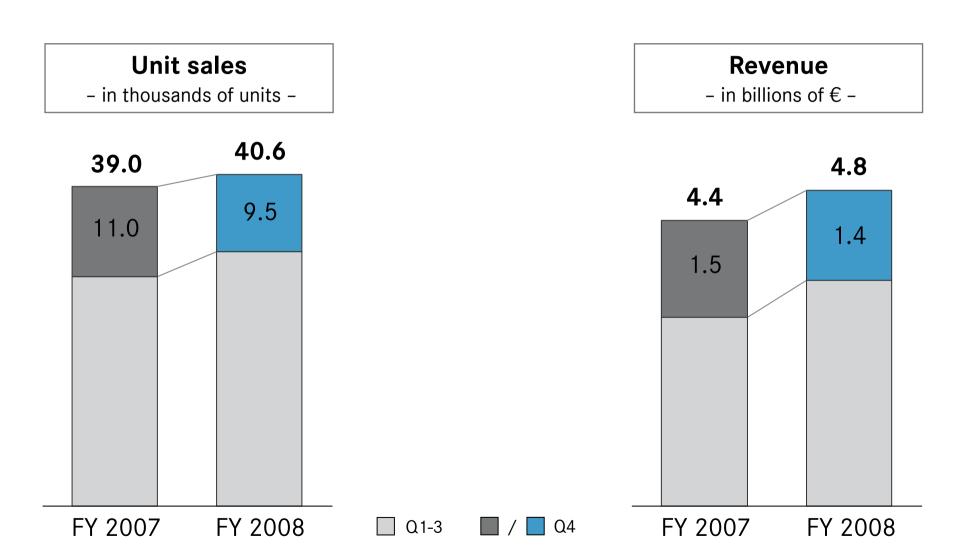
Unit sales- in thousands of units -





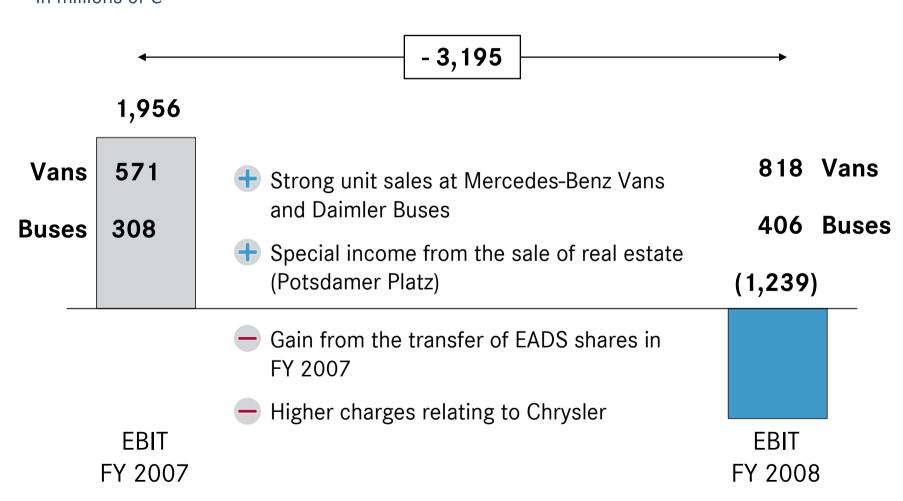


Sales record mainly driven by increases in Europe and NAFTA



Higher EBIT of vans and buses offset by negative effects relating to Chrysler

- in millions of € -



Daimler Financial Services



Solid business development in a difficult environment

____ / ___ Q4

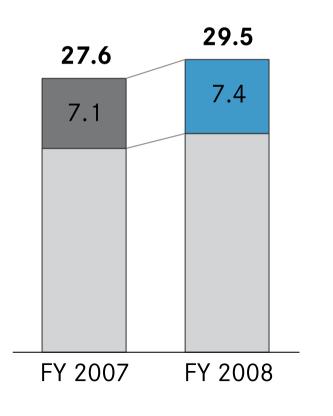
Q1-3

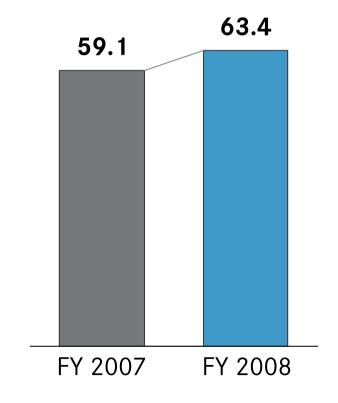
New business

- in billions of € -

Contract volume

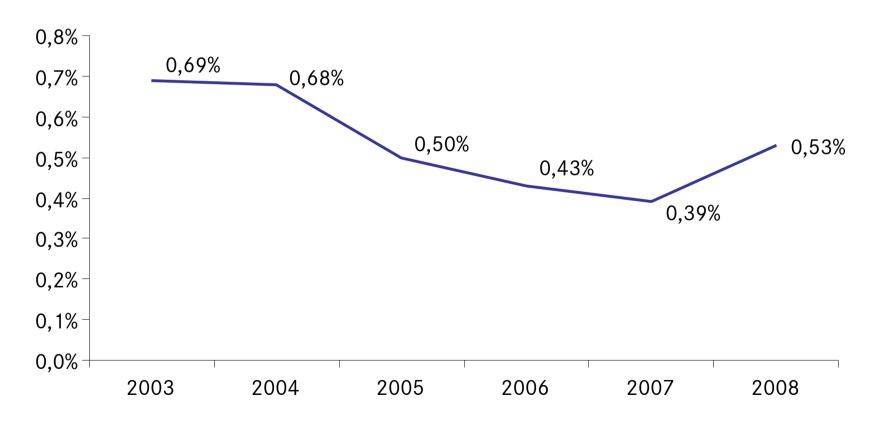
- in billions of € -





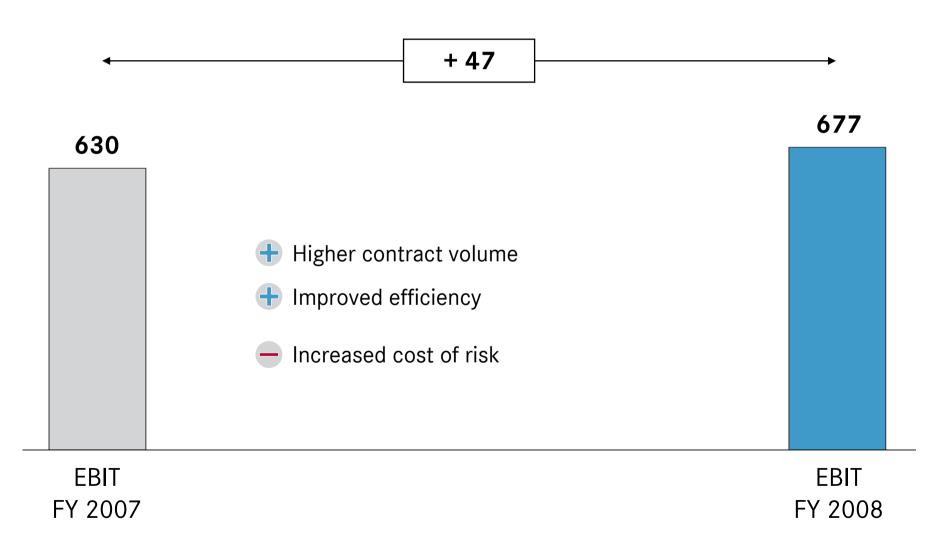
Net Credit Losses are rising, but we have seen higher levels in the past

Net Credit Losses* - Global Automotive



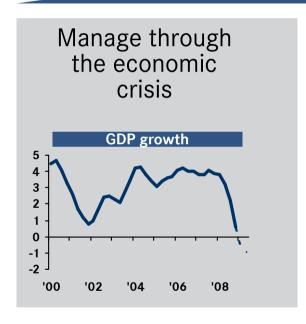
EBIT slightly above prior-year's level

- in millions of € -



Strike right balance - master crisis & invest in future

DAIMLER







Mastering the crisis

Strengthen strategic position

Safeguard financial flexibility (I)

Cash flow measures

- Reduction of factory output and stock
- Disciplined cash spending
 - Rigid review of capital expenditure/investments
 - Reduction of budgets for 2009 and beyond

Safeguard financial flexibility (II)

Labor cost measures

- Introduced short-time work
- Utilized flexible work accounts
- Reduced number of temporary workers
- No salary increases for senior management
- No cash boni
- Significantly reduced 2008 executive bonus payments

Accelerate company-wide efficiency programs

Daimler efficiency programs

Mercedes-Benz Cars Daimler Trucks Mercedes-Benz Vans Daimler Buses Daimler Financial Services





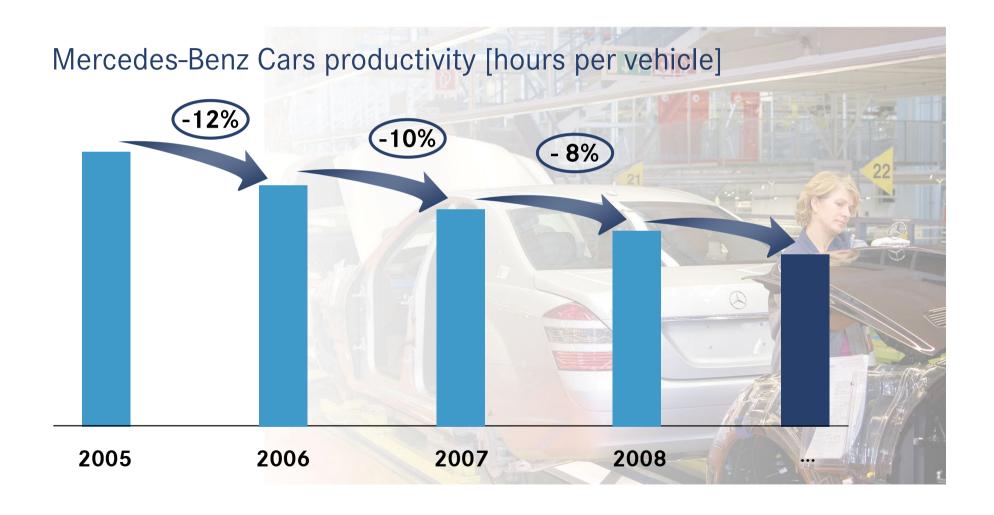




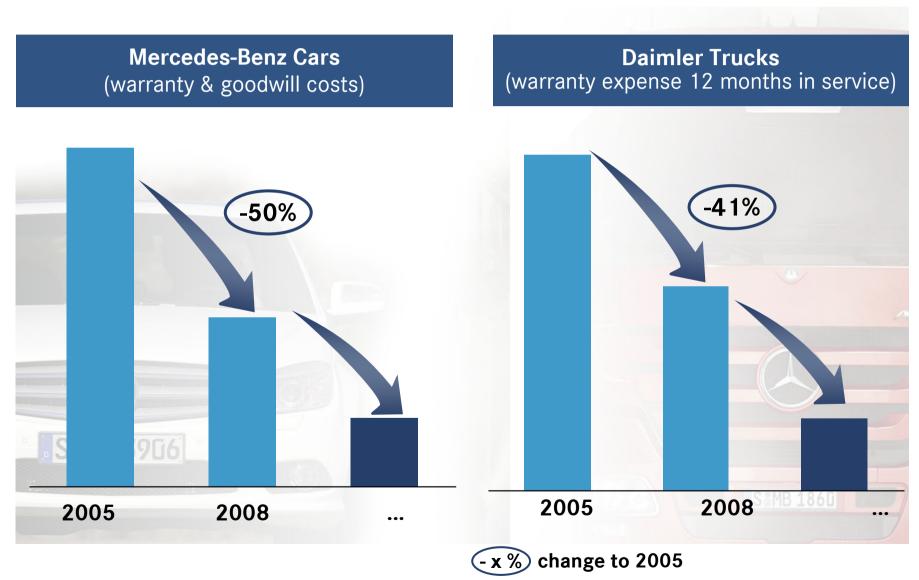


Cross-divisional functions / New Management Model

Continued productivity improvement

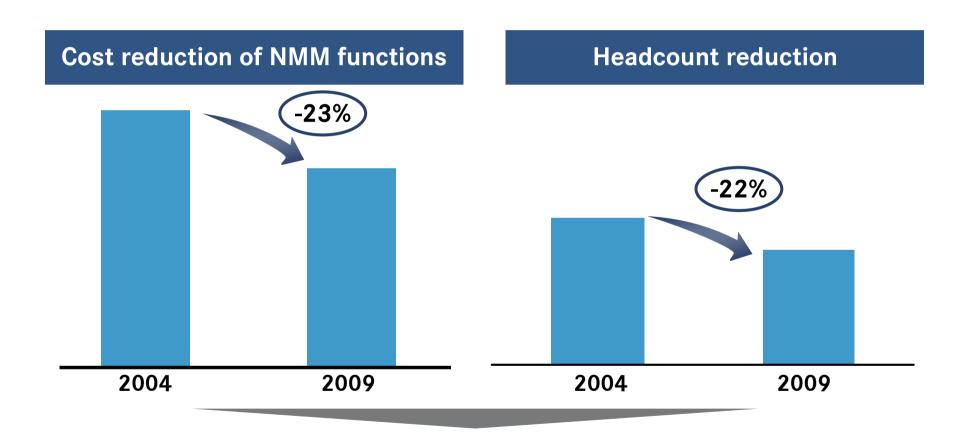


Improving quality reduces warranty costs



Structural improvements continue

"New Management Model" (NMM)



Cost of NMM functions reduced by approximately 1.2 bn € by 2009

"GO FOR 10" program takes efficiency to next level

Example: Mercedes-Benz Cars



Improvement levers

Investments and existing assets

- Review product portfolio
- Reduction net assets/ working capital

• ...

Fixed costs and organizational agility

- Review indirect sectors
- Allocation of engineering resources

• ...

Short- and longterm efficiency

 Reduction material and production costs

• ...

Revenue and profit increase

- Optimization product mix
- Turn around new and young used cars

• ...

"Global Excellence" drives efficiency

Example: Daimler Trucks



Efficiency measures

Daimler Trucks EU/LA

- MB Trucks contingency program
- Active management of downturn

•

Daimler Trucks North America

- Cost optimization and repositioning
- Portfolio optimization with two-brand strategy
- Adjustment plant capacity

• ...

Daimler Trucks Asia

- Further reduction of cost base
- Optimization of business processes

• ...

"Captive #1" review of all business areas

Example: Daimler Financial Services



Efficiency areas

Optimization of Sales & Marketing functions

- Business center consolidation
- Optimization size of field force

Optimization of all country operations processes

- Operational country clusters
- Increased automation and leveraging of best practices

Optimization of Finance, HR, project and staff functions

- Shared services with brand partner
- Optimization labor costs

• ...

• ...

• ...

Invest to strengthen our strategic position

Daimler-wide initiatives



New products and green technologies

New markets

New business

The new E-Class: superior safety, outstanding comfort and up to 23 percent fuel savings



E 250 CDI: 139 CO₂/km; 5,3I/100 km

New trucks and buses set benchmarks



LY-SO (AT LATER) OF CATALOGY LATER SAPE

Mercedes-Benz Travego



Mercedes-Benz Construction Actros

Setra CC 419 GT-HD

Roadmap to sustainable mobility – gaining momentum

Optimization of combustion engines



C 250 CDI

Hybridization



Mitsubishi Fuso Canter Eco Hybrid **Emission-free driving**



Mercedes-Benz BlueZERO

Clean fuels for combustion engines





Energy sources for future mobility

Fuel cell



New engines and technologies improve fuel efficiency and reduce emissions



Example OM 651 diesel engine

Example BlueTec trucks

Luxury class CO₂ hybrid champion and hybrid world market leader in commercial vehicles



S 400 BlueHYBRID

Examples hybrid model range

Milestones in emission-free driving



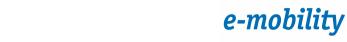
Mercedes-Benz B-Class F-CELL

smart fortwo ed

Mercedes-Benz Citaro F-CELL

Cooperations for sustainable mobility Examples li-Tec and e-mobility









Upstream:

Strategic alliances – e.g. to improve battery technology

Downstream:

Cooperations with energy providers to improve infrastructure

Increasing presence in important growth markets



Exploring new businesses along the automotive value chain



DAIMLER Summary

2009 planning based on different scenariosPlanning assumptions for market development

- Pronounced decline expected in all major markets Q1 and Q2 2009
- PV market likely to reach bottom in 2nd half of 2009
- Stabilization of CV market in 2010

- Retail planning aligned to these assumptions
- Cost reduction set up to accommodate prolonged crisis

DAIMLER Summary

We are prepared for the challenges ahead!

Manage through the economic crisis

Accelerate ongoing efficiency programs

Invest in strategic key areas



Full Year Results 2008 Roadshow

Additional Information

Liquidity

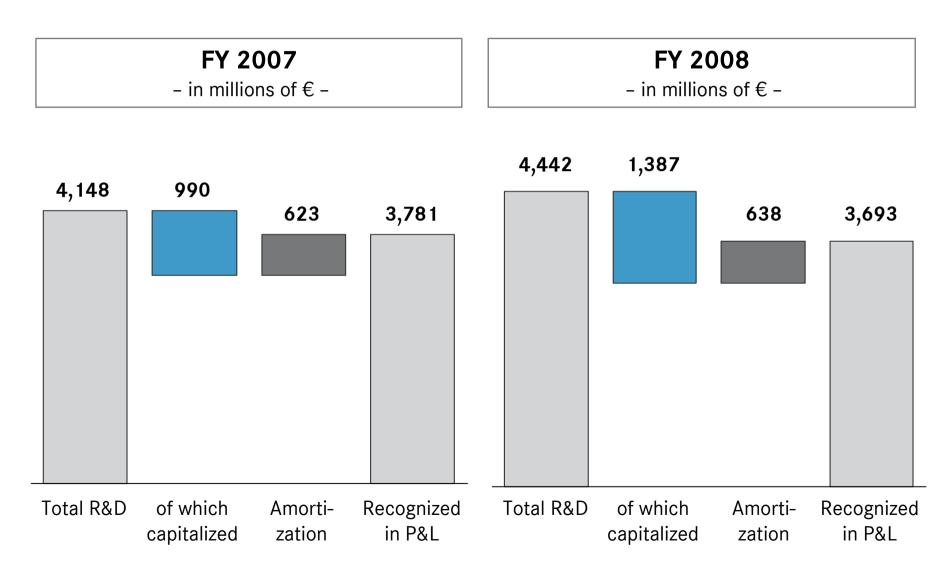
- in millions of € -	Dec. 31, 2007			Dec. 31, 2008		
	Group	IB	FS	Group	IB	FS
Cash and cash equivalents	15,631	14,894	737	6,912	4,664	2,248
Marketable securities and term deposits	1,424	1,276	148	1,091	959	132
Gross liquidity	17,055	16,170	885	8,003	5,623	2,380
Short term financing liabilities	(23,100)	6,886	(29,986)	(27,428)	6,057	(33,485)
Long term financing liabilities	(31,867)	(11,905)	(19,962)	(31,209)	(10,505)	(20,704)
Financing liabilities, net	(54,967)	(5,019)	(49,948)	(58,637)	(4,448)	(54,189)
Market valuation and currency hedges for financing liabilities	1,761	1,761	0	1,931	1,931	0
Financial liabilities (nominal)	(53,206)	(3,258)	(49,948)	(56,706)	(2,517)	(54,189)
Net liquidity	(36,151)	12,912	(49,063)	(48,703)	3,106	(51,809)

Funding status of pension and healthcare benefits

- continuing operations -

– in billions of € –	Dec. 31, 2007	Dec. 31, 2008	
Pension benefits			
Benefit obligations	(15.7)	(15.0)	
Plan assets	13.8	10.1	
Funded status	(1.9)	(4.9)	
Healthcare benefits			
Benefit obligations	(0.9)	(1.0)	
Plan assets	0.1	0.0	
Reimbursement Medicare Act	0.1	0.1	
Funded status	(0.7)	(0.9)	

Research & Development costs



Special items affecting EBIT

– in millions of € –	4th Quarter		Fiscal Year	
	2007	2008	2007	2008
Mercedes-Benz Cars				
Reassessment of residual values	-	(16)	-	(465)
Financial support for suppliers	-	-	(82)	-
Adjustment of pension benefit plans	-	84	-	84
Daimler Trucks				
Repositioning of Daimler Trucks North America	-	(233)	-	(233)
Adjustments of pension benefit plans/healthcare benefit plans	86	29	86	29
Sale of real estates in Japan	10	-	78	-
Vans, Buses, Other				
Sale of real estate	73	-	73	449
Transfer of shares in EADS	12	-	1,573	130
Restructuring program at EADS	-	-	(114)	-
Equity result Chrysler	(377)	(343)	(377)	(1,390)
Impairments of loans and other assets relating to Chrysler	-	(1,670)	-	(1,838)
Reconciliation				
New management model	(96)	(78)	(256)	(247)

Disclaimer

This document contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current views about future events. The words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "project," "should" and similar expressions are used to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to many risks and uncertainties, including an economic downturn or slow economic growth in important economic regions, especially in Europe or North America; changes in currency exchange rates and interest rates; the introduction of competing products and the possible lack of acceptance of our products or services which may limit our ability to raise prices; price increases in fuel, raw materials, and precious metals; disruption of production due to shortages of materials, labor strikes, or supplier insolvencies; a decline in resale prices of used vehicles; the business outlook for Daimler Trucks, which may be affected if the U.S. and Japanese commercial vehicle markets experience a sustained weakness in demand for a longer period than originally expected; the effective implementation of cost reduction and efficiency optimization programs; the business outlook of Chrysler, in which we hold an equity interest, including its ability to successfully implement its restructuring plans; the business outlook of EADS, in which we hold an equity interest, including the financial effects of delays in and potentially lower volumes of future aircraft deliveries; changes in laws, regulations and government policies, particularly those relating to vehicle emissions, fuel economy and safety, the resolution of pending governmental investigations and the outcome of pending or threatened future legal proceedings; and other risks and uncertainties, some of which we describe under the heading "Risk Report" in Daimler's most recent Annual Report and under the headings "Risk Factors" and "Legal Proceedings" in Daimler's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. If any of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or if the assumptions underlying any of our forward-looking statements prove incorrect, then our actual results may be materially different from those we express or imply by such statements. We do not intend or assume any obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made.