

LEG Immobilien SE Company Presentation LEG

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Company Presentation

Agenda

1 Q3-2023

1.1 Highlights Q3-2023

1.2 Portfolio & Operating Performance

1.3 Financial Performance

1.4 Outlook

Who we are and what we stand for

3 ESG Agenda

Portfolio Overview

5 Management

6 Regulation & Social Security in Germany

Investor & Creditor Relations

Page

4-21

22-33

34-48 49-55

56-59

60-65

66-73





1.1 Highlights Q3-2023

Financial Summary

9M-2023

In-place rent (I-f-I)

Investments (adj.)¹

EPRA vacancy rate (I-f-I)

€/sqm

€/sqm

%

6.55

22.32

2.4



| Operating results | | 9M-2023 | 9M-2022 | +/- % | Balance sheet | | 30.09.2023 | 31.12.2022 | +/- % |
|--------------------------|--------|------------|------------|---------|---|-------|------------|------------|---------|
| Net cold rent | €m | 623.5 | 596.6 | 4.5% | Investment properties | €m | 18,983.3 | 20,204.4 | -6.0% |
| NOI (recurring) | €m | 516.9 | 511.7 | 1.0% | Cash and cash equivalents ² | €m | 305.7 | 362.2 | -15.6% |
| EBITDA (adjusted) | €m | 507.3 | 493.5 | 2.8% | Equity | €m | 8,114.4 | 9,083.9 | -10.7% |
| FFO I | €m | 352.6 | 374.3 | -5.8% | Total financing liabilities | €m | 9,364.9 | 9,460.8 | -1.0% |
| FFO I per share | € | 4.76 | 5.11 | -6.8% | Net debt ³ | €m | 9,021.9 | 9,036.6 | -0.2% |
| AFFO | €m | 176.9 | 114.6 | 54.4% | LTV | % | 46.8 | 43.9 | 290bps |
| AFFO per share | € | 2.39 | 1.56 | 53.2% | Average debt maturity ⁴ | years | 6.6 | 6.8 | -0.2y |
| Operating cashflow | € | 306.7 | 259.1 | 18.4% | Average debt interest cost ⁴ | % | 1.65 | 1.26 | 39bps |
| NOI margin (recurring) | % | 82.9 | 85.8 | -290bps | Equity ratio | % | 40.4 | 42.5 | -210bps |
| EBITDA margin (adjusted) | % | 81.4 | 82.7 | -130bps | EPRA NTA, diluted | €m | 10,195.1 | 11,377.2 | -10.4% |
| FFO I margin | % | 56.6 | 62.7 | -610bps | EPRA NTA per share, diluted | € | 137.57 | 153.52 | -10.4% |
| AFFO margin | % | 28.4 | 19.2 | 920bps | | | | | |
| Portfolio | | 30.09.2023 | 30.09.2022 | +/- % | | | | | |
| Residential units | number | 166,827 | 166,758 | 0.0% | | | | | |

+4.0%

-22.6%

-20bps

6.30

28.82

2.6

¹ Excl. new construction activities on own land, own work capitalised and consolidation effects. 2 Excluding short term deposits of €20.0m as of 9M-2023 (FY-2022: €40.0m). 3 Excl. lease liabilities according to IFRS 16 and incl. short term deposits. 4 Pro-forma as of 11/2023 after refinancing 97% of the 2024 maturities

Strong 9M performance points to upper end of guidance



Cash generation grows further in 2024 - AFFO 2024 to grow to €180 - 200m

Financials



- AFFO +54.4% to €176.9m
- Operating Cashflow +18.4% to €306.7m
- FFO I -5.8% to €.352.6m
- Adj. EBITDA-Margin 81.4%
- LTV **46.8**%
 - Debt @ 1.65%¹ for 6.6y¹
- NTA p.s. €137.57



- Net cold rent +4.5%
- I-f-I rental growth +4.0%
- I-f-I vacancy **2.4**% (-20bps)



- SBTi approved well on track on decarbonisation path
- ESG targets for 2024–2027 defined
- All LEG initiatives part of the ZIA Innovations radar 2023, i.e RENOWATE, dekarbo (A2A-heat pump initiative), termios (thermostats/ former seero), Youtilly



New AFFO-guidance 2024 €180-200m

Rising rental growth momentum with 3.2-3.4% expected

Transaction markets remain challenging

H2-2023 devaluation of c. 4–6% expected

Adaption of LTV target to 45% (medium-term)

C. **€130**m of disposals YTD

Successful refinancings of 2024 maturities

Fully refinanced until mid 2025

Introducing cash is king in 2022 – Promised and delivered

LEG

As presented 10 November 2022

Promised



... and delivered



- Strengthen Voperations
 - Rent growth 23e

3.8 - 4.0%

Investments 23e €**35**/sqm

Costs

on track

- Run-off new development
 - Put in run-off in Q4 22
 - Reduced exposure further by cancellation of projects
 - €117m of cashoutflows remaining until 2025

- 3 Net seller
 C. 1,600 residential
 - units + non-core commercial units
 - Total proceedsc. €130m

- Keep focus Von innovations
- Renowate (serial refurbishment)
- Youtilly (B2B2C)
- Termios (smart thermostats)
- Dekarbo (A2A heat pumps)

Cash remains king – macro picture remains unclear

LEG

Generating

+10%1

AFFO 2024e

cashflow

We remain focussed on cash without jeopardising our growth

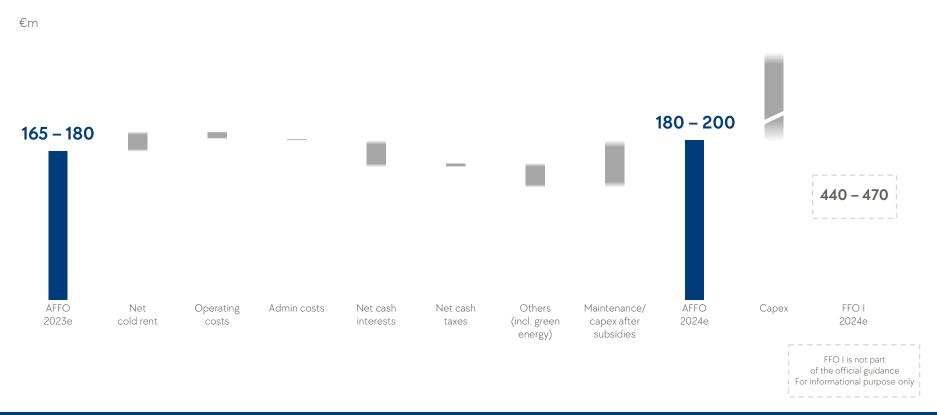


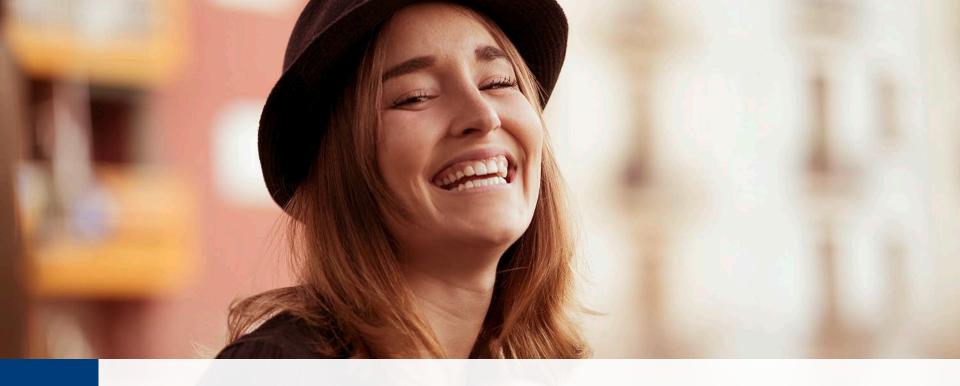


Cash remains king: AFFO 2023e to AFFO 2024e



More than offsetting the normalization of the forward sale of green electricity contribution as well as higher interest rates





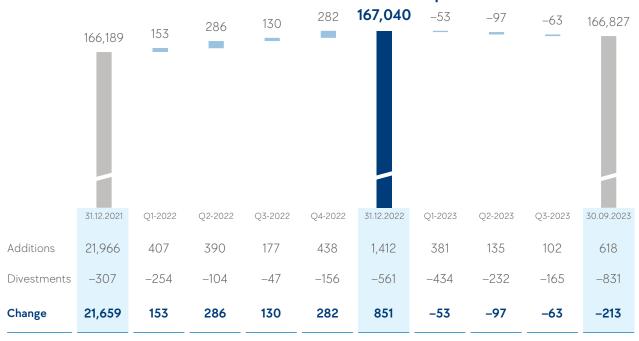
1.2 Portfolio & Operating Performance

Portfolio transactions



Around 1,600 units and commercial units sold YTD at book value for c. €130m

Number of units based on date of transfer of ownership^{1,2}



Additions

- In Q1 transfer of ownership of one larger portfolio (Düsseldorf and Cologne) signed in 2022
- In Q2 und Q3 nearly all additions from finished new construction projects

Disposals

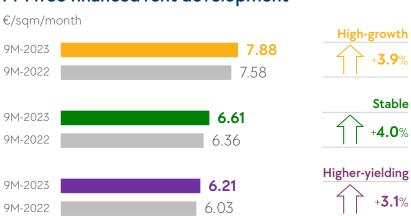
- Transfer of 831 units at a volume of c. €49m – at around book value in 9Mperiod
- Disposal contracts for around 800 units, signed but not yet transferred, for a volume of (c. €45m)
- Total disposals include four larger portfolios (in total >800 units) and several small ticket sales of non-core units particular in Eastern Germany
- Additional commercial non-core units sold at book value (c. €36m)

¹ Residential units. 2 Note: The date of the transaction announcement and the transfer of ownership are usually several months apart. The number of units may therefore differ from other disclosures, depending on the data basis.

Immediate cash generation via dynamic rent growth

Additional contribution from cost rent adjustment





- Residential rent increase of 4.0% driven by rent table adjustments and re-letting
- Cost rent increase of **5.5**% for the subsidised units contributed **0.8**%-pts.
- Free financed rent increased by **3.7**% on average
- New rent table examples for LEG: Kiel +15.6%, Münster +13.3%, Dortmund +5.8% (based on local reference rent (OVM))

Capex and Maintenance



Significant reduction in 9M – confirming target of 35€/sqm of investments for 2023



- Investments per sqm declined by 22.6% yoy to €22.32 and lifts cash generation by c. €70m
- Shift towards AFFO steering leads to lower capitalisation rate² (57% vs 74% 9M-2022) and increased maintenance expenses
- Investments in 9M remained below pro-rata level to achieve guidance of €35/sqm. Capex levels to increase significantly in Q4 with higher expected share of finished work
- Hence €35/sqm investment guidance for FY 2023 reaffirmed
- On track for our CO₂ targets despite lower investment volumes
- New construction costs on own land reduced to c. €20m, run-off progressing



1.3 Financial Performance

Financial highlights 9M-2023

Well on track for our guidance



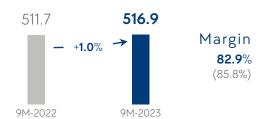




EBITDA (adjusted)¹



Net operating income (recurring)¹



AFFO

€m



Net cold rent

 Growth driven by 4.0% I-f-I rent growth and some positive effects from additions to the portfolio

Net operating income (recurring)

- Slight increase by 1.0%
- Margin decline from 85.8% to 82.9% driven by higher operating expenses (-€11.6m) e.g. due to higher non-transferable operating and heating costs

EBITDA (adjusted)

 Positive effects from other services (+€11.7m), driven by forward sale of green electricity

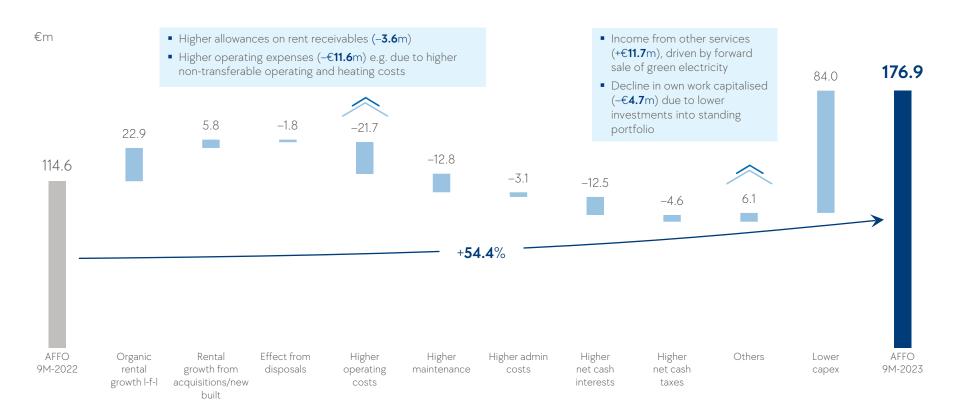
AFFO

- Driven by reduction of investments by 22.2% to €242.2m from €311.4m
- Partly offset by higher interest expenses (-€12.5m)

AFFO Bridge 9M-2023

Close grip on capex spendings drives AFFO up



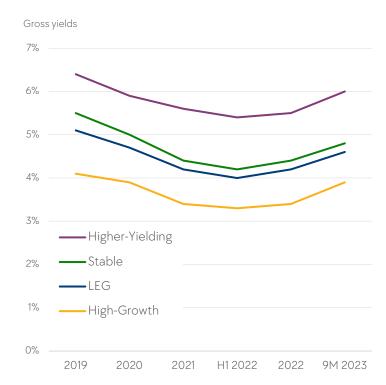


Portfolio valuation 9M-2023: Sound 4.6% gross yield



Devaluation of c. 4–6% for H2 23 expected – at decreasing momentum and differentiated across markets

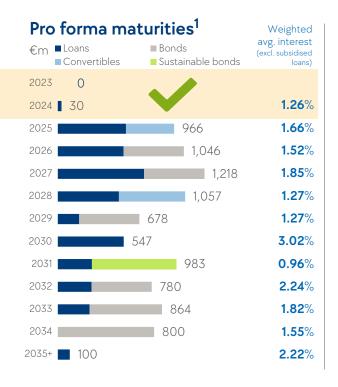
| Market segment | Residential Units | GAV Residential Assets (€m) | GAV/ sqm (€) | Gross yield | | GAV ommercial/ Other (€m) | Total GAV (€m) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| High- Growth Markets | 49,932 | 7,573 | 2,299 | 3.9% | 26.0x | 383 | 7,956 |
| Stable Markets | 66,760 | 6,637 | 1,559 | 4.8% | 20.7x | 211 | 6,847 |
| Higher- Yielding Markets | 50,135 | 3,529 | 1,166 | 6.0% | 16.7x | 95 | 3,623 |
| Total Portfolio | 166,827 | 17,739 | 1,677 | 4.6% | 21.5x | 688 | 18,427¹ |



Pro forma financial profile (as of early November)

LEG

2024 maturities refinanced – next maturities mid 2025





Highlights

- €500m bond redemption, in total financings of €>900m signed at 8.0y for 3.89% cash interest costs with a mix of c.90/10 of secured/unsecured debt
- Headroom of c. >25% value decline regarding unencumbered asset test
- Secured maturities in 2025 of €566m to be rolled forward or refinanced (first maturities mid 2025)
- Convertible of €400m due as of Sept 1, 2025
- Undrawn RCF's increased to €675m (3y maturity) (prev. €600m)/ CP-programme of €600m
- Strong liquidity of €326m (as at 09/23)²
- Average debt maturity as at 11/23 was 6.6 years with average interest cost of 1.65%
- Interest hedging rate of c.94%
- LTV of 46.8% above new medium-term target level of max. 45%, but comfortably within thresholds for rating of Baa2 (stable)



1.4 Outlook

Guidance 2023: Strong performance points to upper end of range



Well on track – Q4 with seasonality in capex spending

| | | | | Guidance 2023 ¹ |
|--------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| AFFO | | | Update: | Upper end of €165 m – 180 m |
| Adj. EBITDA margin | | | | c. 80 % |
| l-f-l rent growth | | | | 3.8% - 4.0% |
| Investments | | | | c. 35 €/sqm |
| LTV | | | Update: | Medium-term target level max. 45% |
| Dividend | | | 100% AFFO as well as a p | art of the net proceeds from disposals |
| Disposals | | | | Not reflected ¹ |
| Environment | 2023–2026 | Reduction of persistent relative | CO ₂ emission saving costs in €/ton by | 10 % achieved by permanent structural djustments to LEG residential buildings |
| | 2023 | | 4,000 tons CO ₂ r | reduction from modernisation projects and customer behavior change |
| Social | 2023–2026 | | Improve high employe | ee satisfaction level to 70 % Trust Index |
| | 2023 | | Timely resolution of tenant inqu | iries regarding outstanding receivables |
| Governance | 2023 | 99 % of all other s | taff holding LEG group companies have | 85 % of Nord FM, TSP, biomass plant, completed digital compliance training |

Guidance 2024: AFFO in the range of €180m – €200m



Stronger rent growth and smart spending allows for higher cash generation

| | | Guidance 2024 ¹ |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---|
| AFFO ² | | €180 m – 200 m |
| Adj. EBITDA margin ³ | | C. 77 % |
| l-f-l rent growth | | 3.2 % – 3.4 % |
| Investments | | c. 32 €/sqm |
| LTV | | Medium-term target level max. 45 % |
| Dividend | | 100% AFFO as well as a part of the net proceeds from disposals |
| Disposals | | Not reflected ¹ |
| Environment | 2024–2027 | Installation and commissioning of 2,000 air-to-air heat pumps in 2027 in LEG's portfolio and in third-party portfolios |
| | 2024 | 4,000 tons CO ₂ reduction from modernisation projects and customer behaviour change |
| Social | 2024–2027 | Acceleration of the processing time of total LEG tenant complaints by 10% by 31 December 2027 based on the averaged processing time of resolved complaint tickets from March 2024 and September 2024 |
| | 2024 | Use of 100 LEG staff hours to design, organise or implement intercultural projects until 31 December 2024 |
| Governance | 2024 | 85 % of TSP employees, 99 % of employees in staff holding LEG group companies have completed the "IT Security" training until 31 December 2024 |

¹ Guidance based on 167 k units. 2 Adjusted for capex financed in full by subsidised, long-term loans accounted for at fair value or at cost, these will be reported separately. 3 Based on the adjusted EBITDA definition effective since business year 2023, i.e. excluding maintenance (externally-procured services) and own work capitalised.



2 Who we are and what we stand for

Affordable housing in Germany

Made in NRW – Rolled out to Germany



Aachen



Bremen



Dusseldorf



Duisburg



Flensburg



Hamm



Hanover



Kaiserslautern



Mannheim



Münster



Remscheid



Solingen



Affordable housing in Germany Made in NRW

LEG



German residential pure play

Pure Play:

Residential + Germany

Focus on affordable living segment

Focus NRW (c. **80%** of assets), **no. 1** in NRW

Market cap c. €5.1bn¹, 100% tradeable shares



Lean balance sheet

One asset class

No goodwill

NTA: €137.57

Equity ratio: 40.4%

GAV/m² € 1,796

No hidden financing structures

Ø financing cost **1.35%**, Ø maturity **6.4** years

Investment grade rating



Social responsibility

500,000 tenants/ **167,000** apartments

Average rent per unit c. €420 per month/€6.57 per sqm

c. **19%** social housing (rent-restricted)



Consolidation of platform

Avoiding complexity

Acquisitions stopped - Shifting to net seller - but flexible to "switch back on"

Run-off new construction

Cash neutrality focus



Focus on cash while exploiting growth opportunities

LEG

A resilient business model



- Large demand/supply gap with 750k units missing already today
- Further widening supply/demand imbalance as new developments will tumble to <100k units by 2025e
- LEG strongly positioned as no.1 in NRW and no.2 in Germany fully rented out



- AFFO as internal and external KPI
- AFFO as basis for dividend policy in a higher interest rate environment
- Full flexibility remains to increase share of debt-financed investments if market conditions ease

Resilient business model to provide stable operating cash flows

- Crisis proven business model during GFC and Corona crisis
- Pure Play at a lean balance sheet
- Higher refinancing costs to be broadly compensated by rent increases

Structural growth drivers to support top line growth

- Market rent growth supported by demand situation to support structural mid-term growth
- Growth from subsidised units in 2026 and transition of >16k units into free-financed units in 2028
- Ongoing modernisation and decarbonisation investments allow for additional rent adjustments

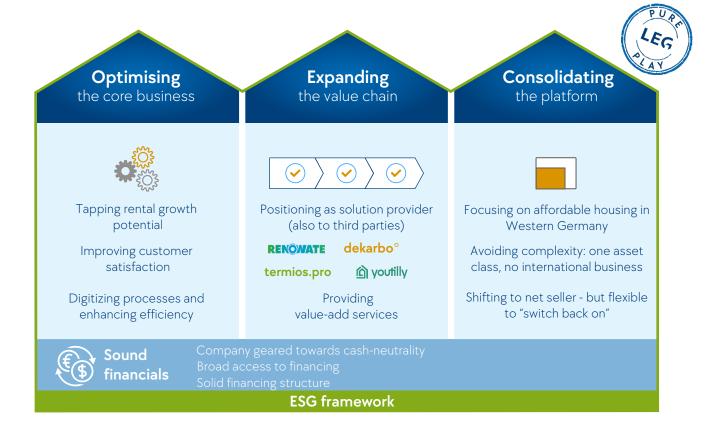
Leading in sustainability and provider of decarbonisation solutions

- Top ratings by MSCI, Sustainalytics decarbonisation path approved by SBTi
- On track for climate neutrality by 2045
- Solution provider via own JV's (Renowate serial refurbishment, termios smart thermostats, dekarbo air-to-air heatpumps)



LEG's strategy is based on strong building blocks

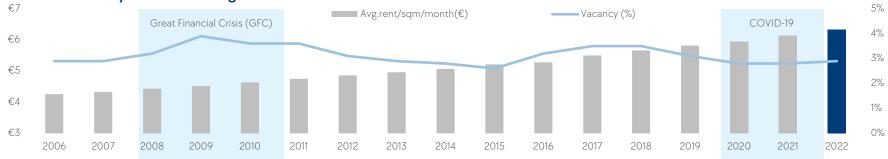




Resilient business model



LEG not materially affected during the GFC and COVID-19



LEG well positioned

- Non-cyclical business model
- LEG's attractive rent level of €6.57/sqm is key to provide affordable living to our tenants
- C. 19% of units subsidised
- German social system provides several strong layers of social security

Resilience of German residential during the last economic crises



EPRA-NIY



| €m | H1-2023 | FY-2022 ¹ |
|---|----------|----------------------|
| Investment properties | 18,356.1 | 19.595.1 |
| Assets held for sale | 14.9 | 35.6 |
| Market value of the property portfolio (net) | 18,371.0 | 19.630.6 |
| Estimated incidental costs of acquisition | 1,771.6 | 1.889.9 |
| Market value of the property portfolio (gross) | 20,142.6 | 21.520.6 |
| Annualised net cash rental income of the financial year | 839.4 | 817.0 |
| Cash income from operating and heating costs | 440.5 | 386.4 |
| Cash expenses from operating and heating costs | -458.1 | -413.8 |
| Annualised gross cash rental income of the financial year | 821.8 | 789.6 |
| Annualised maintenance expenses | -68.8 | -57.2 |
| Vacancy and non-allocable operating costs | -10.6 | -10.0 |
| Legal and consulting costs | -5.3 | -5.0 |
| Property manager fee owners' association | -0.6 | -0.5 |
| Other expenses | -1.3 | -1.3 |
| Annualised property expenses | -86.6 | -74.0 |
| Annualised net cash rental income of the financial year | 735.2 | 715.6 |
| Adjustments for rental incentives | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Topped-up annualised net cash rental income of the financial year | 740.4 | 720.8 |
| EPRA Net Initial Yield in % | 3.6 | 3.3 |
| EPRA topped-up Net Initial Yield in % | 3.7 | 3.3 |

¹ Amendment of table 23 on page 57 in the annual report 2022 and additionally figures adjusted to new calculation based on total investment properties (previously: residential assets)

Subsidised units account for around 19% of the portfolio



Reversionary potential amounts to 43% on average

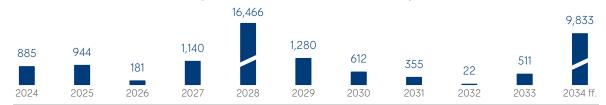
Rent potential subsidised units

- Until 2028, around 20,000 units will come off rent restriction
- Units show significant upside to market rents
- The economic upside can theoretically be realised the year after restrictions expire subject to general legal and other restrictions⁴

Around 60% of units to come off restriction until 2028



Number of units coming off restriction and rent upside (ytd 2023: c. 1,500)



Spread to market rent

€/sgm/month



| | ≤ 5 years² | 6 – 10 years² | > 10 years ² |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| In-place rent | €5.36 | €5.61 | €5.30 |
| Market rent ¹ | €8.11 | €7.86 | €7.29 |
| Upside potential ³ | 51% | 40% | 38% |
| Upside potential p.a. ³ | €43.6m | €5.0m | €16.0m |

¹ Employed by CBRE as indicator of an average rent value that could theoretically be achieved, not implying that an adjustment of the in-place rent to the market rent is feasible, as stringent legal and contractual restrictions regarding rent increases exist. 2 <5 years = 2024–2028; 6-10 years = 2029–2033; >10 years = 2034ff. 3 Rent upside is defined as the difference between LEG in-place rent and market. 4 For example rent increase cap of 15% (tense markets) or 20% for three years.

Subsidised units – Inflation-dependent components of the cost rent (i.e. admin and maintenance) were adjusted in January 2023 based on 3-year CPI development¹



Cost rent components²

Management costs

Depreciation

Operating costs

Loss of rental income risk

Administration costs

Maintenance costs

CPI - linked

Capital costs

■ Financing costs

Calculation for LEG's subsidised portfolio



Historic view

Impact on cost rent adjustment at LEG

| | 2014 | 2017 | 2020 | 2023 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------|
| 3 year period CPI development | +5.7% | +1.9% | +4.8% | +15.2% |
| Total rent increase for LEG's subsidised portfolio (I-f-I) | +2.4% | +1.2% | +2.0% | +5.5 % ⁵ |

LEG portfolio

Subsidised units (H1-2023)

| Location | Number of subsidised units | Average net cold rent month/sqm (€) |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| High growth markets | 11,419 | 5.76 |
| Stable markets | 13,761 | 5.25 |
| Higher-yielding markets | 7,066 | 4.88 |
| Total subsidised portfolio | 33,246 | 5.35 |

¹ CPI development from October 2019 (index = 106.1) to October 2022 (index = 122.2 acc. to Federal Statistical Office). 2 Legal basis for calculation: II. Berechnungsverordnung. 3 Basis 2015 = 100. 4 Administration and maintenance costs are lump sums. 5. as of 9M 2023

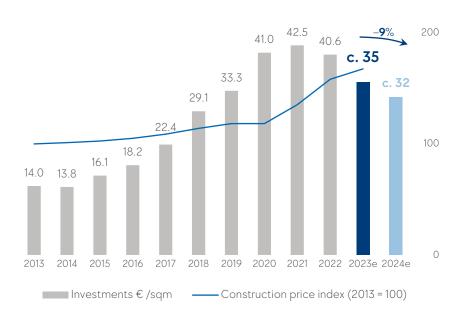
LEG's investment track record in nominal and real terms



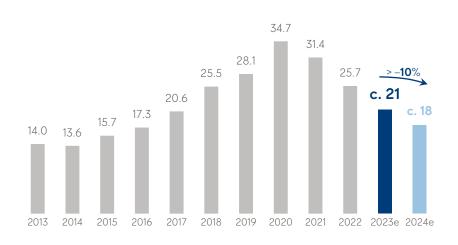
Investments into the standing portfolio

Nominal (adjusted) investments

€/sqm



Inflation adjusted (2013 based) investments €/sqm



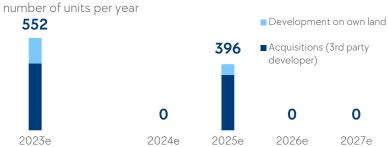
Source: company data / Destatis for construction price index

New construction pipeline further reduced to a total of c. €117m



Manageable size of projects and investment volume, cash potential from built to sell

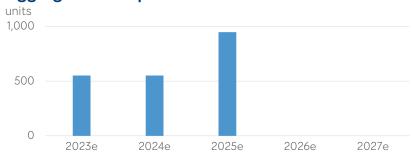
Completions number of units pe



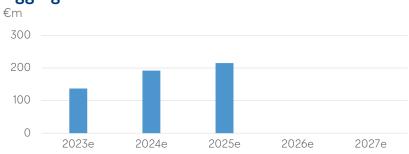
Investment volume per year



Aggregated completions



Aggregated investment volume

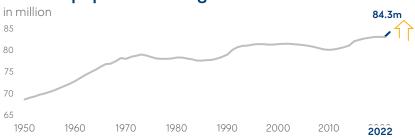


Demand – supply imbalance will persist for the coming years



Immigration remains a driver to further push demand for affordable units while new supply erodes

German population at highest level ever in 2022



New apartments completed no. of units Official target German government 400k 200,000 200,000 2002 2006 2010 2014 2018 2023e¹ 2024e¹

2nd strongest population growth in 2022



No. of building permissions for apartments with strongest decline within last decade



Source: destatis/ 1 GDW (2023) and Macroeconomic Policy Institute (IMK) (2024)



Session Sessio

ESG Agenda – A joint journey

LEG

Key indicators



- We are committed to climate targets
 - 10% CO₂ reduction from 2023 until 2026 and 4,000 tons CO₂ reduction from modernisation projects in 2023
 - Committed to Climate Act 2030 and to climate neutrality by 2045
- We intend to invest up to €500m into energetic modernisation from 2020 until 2024
- **Key drivers** for our energetic transition **until 2045** are:
 - Tenants engagement needed to contribute up to 5% to the overall improvement
 - Energy transition to shift towards green district heating and green electricity, driving 65% 70% of the overall improvement
 - **Refurbishments** to achieve >30% of energy reduction, contributing 25% 30% to the overall improvement



- Affordable living segment and responsibility for our client base remains core to our DNA
- Improvement of customer satisfaction index (CSI) from 56% to 70% in the period 2022 2025 (was 59% in 2022)
- Further building on the strong partnership with local communities, leading to a preferred partner status
- LEG is a highly valued employer underlined again by a strong **Trust Index** of **73**% in **2022** (was **66%** in **2020**)



- In **2022** our **Sustainalytics rating** improved from **7.8** to **6.7** (negligible risk range)
- One-third of our fully independent supervisory board is represented by women since the AGM 2022
- Management remuneration 2023 is linked to the target that virtually all employees of the Group have participated in compliance training
- Compliance management system certified by the Institute for Corporate Governance in the German Real Estate Industry

Among the best in class Upgrade to AAA rating by MSCI



| ESG | | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022/23 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| MSCI 💮 | ESG Rating | AA | AA | AA | AA | Upgrade to top rating in 12/2022 |
| SUSTAINALYTICS a Morningstar company | ESG Rating | | 20.1 | 10.4 | 7.8 | 6.7 ESC INDUSTRY TOP PATED |
| DISCLOSURE INSIGHT ACTION | CDP Score | | | | | B Initial score above sector score (C) |
| SCIENCE BASED TARGETS | SBTi target | | | | | Approved 10/2023 |
| ISS ESG ⊳ | ISS ESG | D+ | D+ | C- | C- | C Corporate ESO Performance SS ESG > Prime C Corporate ESO Performance Prime Prime Prime Prime Prime |
| EPRA EUROPEAN PUBLIC REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATION | sBPR Award | SBPR BRONZE | SBPR SILVER | SBPR GOLD | SBPR GOLD | SBPR COLD Gold rating confirmed for 2023 |
| DAX | ESG Index | | | DAX® 50 ESG | DAX* 50 ESG | DAX* 50 ESG |
| MSCI | ESG Indices | | | | | MSCI EAFE Choice ESG Screened Index MSCI World Custom ESG Climate Series MSCI OFI Revenue Weighted Global ESG Index |

Our ESG mission statement























Carbon Balance Sheet 2022

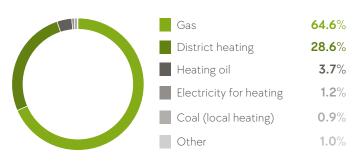
28.3 kg CO₂e/m² on a market based and climate adjusted basis



Carbon balance sheet

- Bottom-up approach
- BAFA-factors in line with GHG-protocol
- Scope 1 and scope 2
- 28.3 kg CO₂e/m² based on heating energy
- **301**k t CO₂ in total (2021: **283**k t)

Heat energy by source (100% of portfolio)



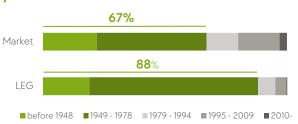
- Based on actual consumption 2021 (84% actuals, 14% energy performance certificates (EPC), 2% estimates)
- Extrapolated for 2022
- Limited assurance by Deloitte

Reflecting our roots

Energy efficiency of our portfolio of **147** kWh/m² (2021: **144.5**kWh/m²) is a function of corporate DNA & history:

 Providing affordable housing in post-war Germany

LEG portfolio by construction years vs. LEG market



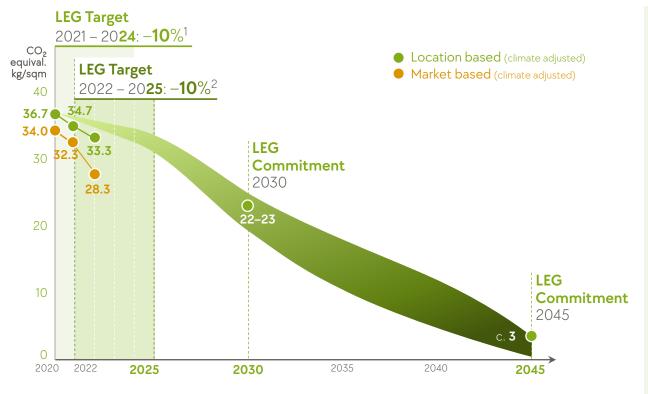
Distribution by energy efficiency classes LEG



Strong CO₂ reduction of 15% in 2022

Well on track for our target towards climate neutrality





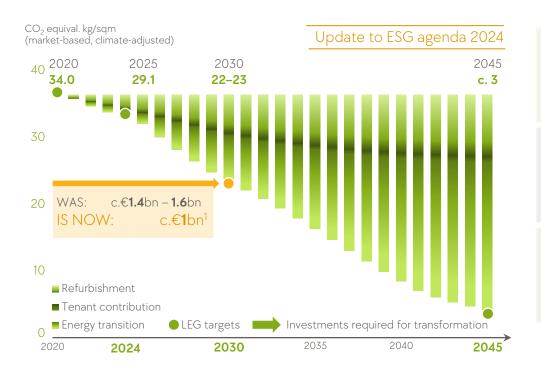
- LEG fully committed to new German Climate Change Act to achieve climate neutrality by 2045
- Aligned with strategy via LTIcomponent of compensation scheme
- 2023-26 LTI component envisages a 10% efficiency improvement for investments undertaken
- Strong reduction in 2022 by 4% to
 33.3kg (location based) and by 12% to
 28.3kg (market based)
- Key driver:
 - 4,028t CO₂ savings from energetic refurbishments
 - better footprint of our district heating grid based on actual certificates of our utility provider vs. original assumption of market average

1 Based on FY20 CO₂ level. 2 Based on FY21 CO₂ level. 3 Based on German buildings energy act (GEG).

Transition roadmap towards climate neutrality



Energy transition and energetic refurbishment are the main drivers to reach the targets



Refurbishment

- At least 30% efficiency improvement
- Insulation of the building shell, incl. windows and doors
- Contribution of 25% 30%

Smart meter/Tenant engagement

- Digitisation of heating system via smart metering
- Education and incentivisation of tenants.
- Contribution of up to 5%

Energy transition

- Shift from fossil energy mix to green district heating
- Shift towards green electricity along Germany's path
- Contribution of 65% 70%

LEG positions itself as first mover solutions provider

LEG

Digitisation and smart technology to push change

Serial refurbishment

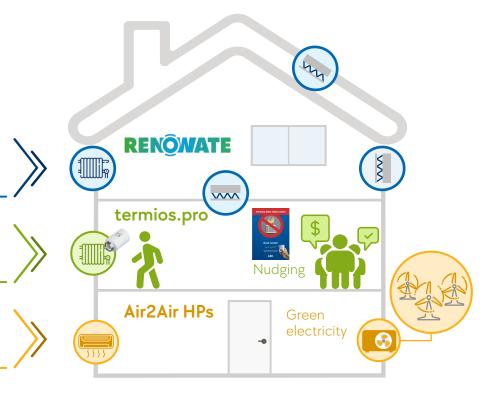
- Insulation of the building shell, incl. windows and doors
- At least **30**% efficiency improvement
- Additional 15% subsidies from BEG

Smart technology/ Tenant engagement

- Hydraulic optimisation by digitising radiators
- 30% reduction in carbon emissions expected
- Avoidance of €30m regulatory compliance costs

Energy transition

- Widespread adoption of Air2Air heat pumps
- Increasing energy efficiency standard, e.g., from G to C
- Saving up to €500m for carbon reduction until 2030¹



RENOWATE | Expanding the value chain and positioning as solution provider







Background

- Renowate to provide comprehensive, serial, energetic refurbishment solutions
- 'One stop shop': measuring, planning, production and installation provided internally
- Refurbishment of 47 units (KfW 55) in Mönchengladbach mainly completed in 2022



Significance for LEG portfolio



Outlook

- Refurbishment of >200 units in 2023
- Product development with the aim of reducing renovation costs per sqm and increasing construction speed
- Implementation of Renowate IT portal solution as a basis for core product "one piece of CO2 reduction"

termios.pro | Accelerating LEG's energy transformation by installation of smart heating thermostats







Background

- Regulatory requirement for hydraulic balancing
- Optimisation of thermostats substantial lever for energy and CO₂ savings
- Conventional (manual) hydraulic balancing slow and with factual infeasibility
- Solution for smart thermostat specifically designed to meet professional residential operators' needs

Significance for LEG portfolio



Outlook

- Finalisation of product development for smart thermostat that meets hydraulic balancing requirements
- Timely product launch to capture high expected demand due to mandatory hydraulic balancing requirement starting fall 2023
- Rapid scale-up and commercialisation due to joint venture set-up and partner capabilities

Air2Air HPs | Accelerating LEG's energy transformation via large-scale roll-out of highly efficient air-to-air heat pumps





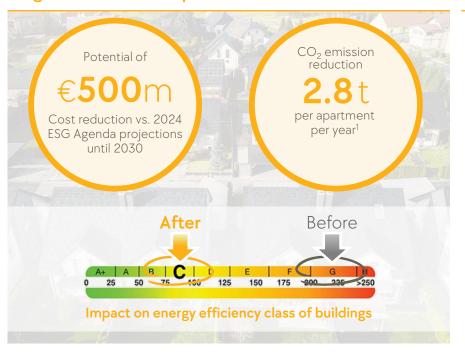


Background

- Strategic partnership with Mitsubishi Electric to ensure best in class device availability
- Decarbonisation of heating technology critical for regulatory compliance
- Air-to-air heat pump is promising technology for decarbonising buildings
- Technology especially wellsuited for decentral infrastructure and buildings with low efficiency



Significance for LEG portfolio



Outlook

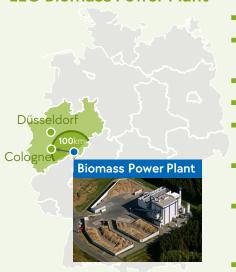
- Large-scale roll-out of economical air-to-air heat pumps within LEG portfolio starting H2 2023
- Optimisation and standardisation of roll-out process for further Capex reduction potential
- Ramp-up of own installation capacity to secure value generation within LEG
- Evaluation of partnering options to scale up craftsmen resources and build new value-add business

LEG's biomass plant



Providing us with an competitive advantage – not reflected due to current framework

LEG Biomass Power Plant



- Started 2005
- Own carbon neutral power plant, c. 100km from LFG hubs
- Green energy from waste wood
- Recognised as carbon neutral energy
- Production of district heat and electricity for local commercial area
- Due to distance to LEG buildings, energy not provided to own buildings
- Annual production of 105,000 MWh of electricity (represents annual production of onshore wind farm with 20 large wind turbines)
- Not reflected in our CO₂ footprint

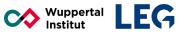
Potential offset from biomass plant



Potential **18**% off-set from own biomass plant

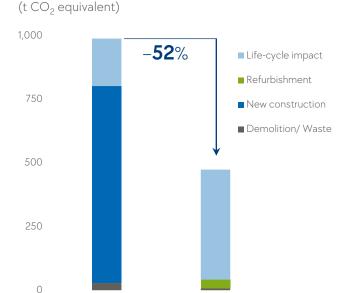
This represents savings of 57.5kt CO_2 and potentially carbon neutral electricity for 45,000 LEG units, i.e. around 1/3 of our portfolio

LEG Study: Energetic refurbishment superior over new construction approach under CO₂ lifecycle perspective



CO₂ lifecycle footprint¹

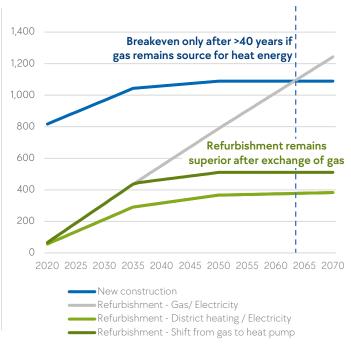
New building



Refurbishment of

existing building

Total energy consumption in Giga Joule



Joint study between renown Wuppertal Institute and LEG Key findings:

- Lifecycle perspective favors refurbishment over new construction
- Total CO₂ footprint for a refurbished building >50% smaller than for a new building
- Break-even in total energy consumption perspective only after >40 years, if heat energy will remain on gas forever
- After shift to heat pump or district heating, refurbishment will remain the superior strategy
- Exit from gas likely to be accelerated (independence from Russia)

 $^{1\} Based on buildings with construction year 1959-1968 and \\ 3\ floors. On average \\ 14\ units per building with a total of \\ 852 sqm., assuming change towards heat pump by 2035$

Affordable living and focus on customer satisfaction

LEG

Attractive rents overall - especially for tenants in our rent-restricted units

Providing an affordable home

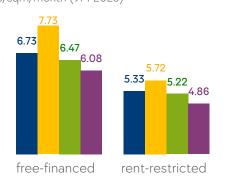
- Social responsibility for our 500,000 customers
- Providing a home at affordable prices
- 167,000 units at
 €6.57/sqm/month on
 average (c. €420 per
 month per unit)
- Rent increases for rentrestricted units only every 3 years by inflation factor

19% of units rent-restricted



Attractive rent levels

€/sqm/month (9M-2023)



High-growth Stable Higher-yielding markets

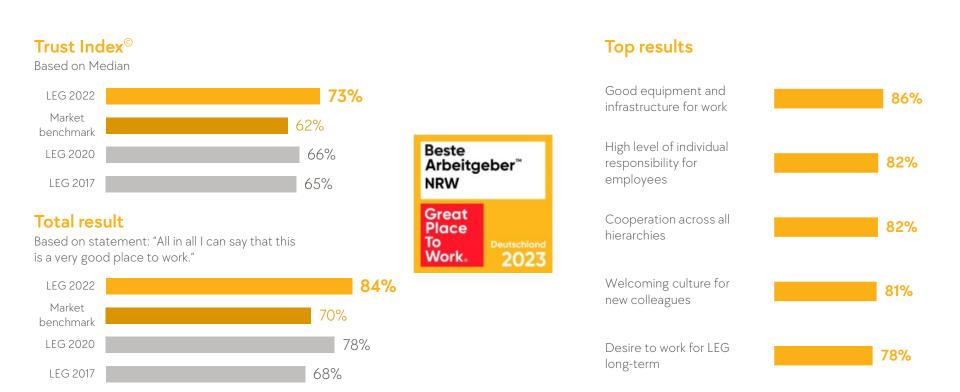
Increase CSI to 70% by 2025



Trust Index 73% - Among the best employers in NRW

LEG

Target is to keep our strong employee recognition



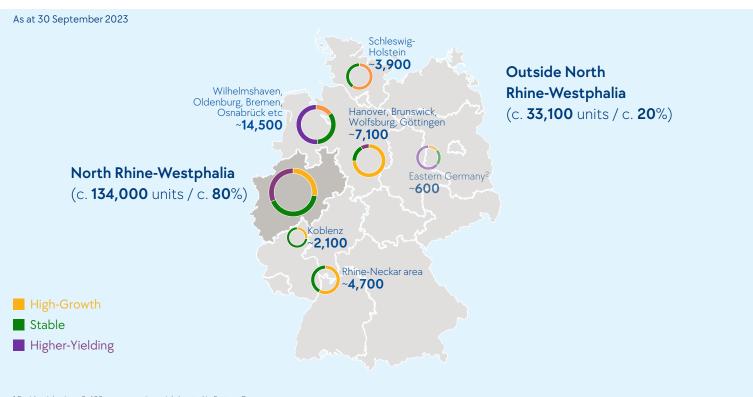


Portfolio **Overview**

LEG's portfolio comprises c. 167,000 units



Well balanced portfolio with significant exposure also in target markets outside NRW





Well-balanced portfolio 9M-2023



By Market



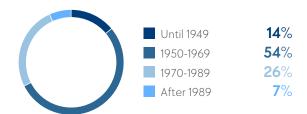
Restricted vs. unrestricted



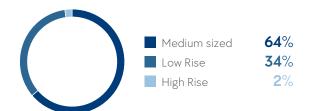
Portfolio structure 9M-2023

LEG

Construction Years



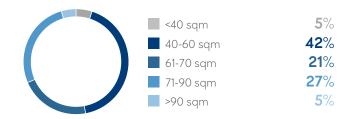
Building Types¹



Free Financed / Rent Restricted Units



Apartment Size



Valuation framework



| | LEG | CBRE (Appraiser since IPO in 2013) | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Frequency Valuation Date | Semi-annually 30 June - (cut off for data 31 March) 31 December - (cut off for data 30 September) | Same as LEG | | |
| Scope | Complete portfolio incl. commercial units, parking spaces, including land | Complete portfolio incl. commercial units, parking spaces, excluding land | | |
| Valuation Level | Address-specific (building entrance level) | Economic units (homogeneous cluster of adjacent buildings with similar construction date and condition) provided by LEG | | |
| Technical Assessment | Physical review of 20 % of the portfolio as part of technical reviews, data updates in EPIQR (data base for technical condition of buildings) | Every economic unit has been inspected at least once Rolling annual inspections, especially of new acquisitions and modernised properties Additional information on change of condition provided by LEG | | |
| Model | 10 year DCF model, terminal value in year 11, finite Assumption that buildings have a finite life (max. 80 years), decrease in value over a building's life Residual value of land at the end of building's life Cap rate¹ increased to reflect the decrease of a building's value over its lifetime | 10 year DCF model, terminal value in year 11, infinite No separate valuation of plot size/ value of land Exit cap rate based on market evidence | | |
| Calculation of Discount-/Cap-Rate | Determination based on data from expert committees (publicly appointed surveyor boards) plus property specific premiums and discounts | Consistent DCF model for all 402 cities/districts and all clients plus property specific premiums and discounts. Results cross-checked with market data (local land valuation boards, asking prices, own transaction data base) | | |
| Inclusion of legislation (e.g. rental brake) | Yes, via cash-flow | Yes , via cash-flow | | |
| Relevance for Audit of Financial Statements | Yes, model and results audited by the Auditor | No, second opinion for validation only | | |

Market clustering based on LEG's methodology



Key indicator



Rental level¹



Vacancy level²



Socio demographic ranking³



Future attractiveness⁴

Scoring based on local districts⁵

Relative comparison of rental levels

Relative comparison of vacancy levels

c. 30 indicators like demographics, labour market, wealth etc.

>20 indicators from demographics, economy, education, family friendliness

LEG Scoring

High-growth markets



Stable markets

Higher-yielding markets



Source: Company information
Notes: 1 Empirica. 2 CBRE. 3 Prognos Institut. 4 Berlin Institut. 5 Based on 401 local districts in Germany.

North-Rhine Westphalia (NRW)

LEG

Demographics and social aspects

- Key metropolitan area in Germany, and one of the largest areas in Europe (17.9m inhabitants in 2020, which corresponds to 22% of Germany's population¹)
- Highest population density^{2/3} key advantage for efficient property management
- Low home ownership of approx. 44%⁴ in NRW in 2018 (47%⁴ in Germany) provides for consistent demand. Germany has the second lowest home ownership ratio of all OECD-member countries
- High demand for affordable living product Approx. 40% of households with income of less than €2,000⁴ per month in 2019



Economics

- Germany's economic powerhouse generating approx. 21% of German GDP
- NRW's GDP is larger than the GDP of Sweden, Poland or Belgium
- About one third of the largest companies in Germany are based in NRW
- Most start-up foundations in Germany
- Centrally located in Europe, excellent infrastructure and a key transport hub (with multiple airports, dense railway system, motorway network and waterways)
- Robust labour market with decreasing rate of unemployment (-40% since 2006)



5 Management

Management Team





Lars von Lackum

12,000 shares in LEG1

- Investor Relations & Strategy
- Legal and Human Resources
 - Management & Supervisory Board Office
 - Legal, Compliance and Internal Audit
 - Human Resources
- Corporate Communications
- ESG
- Acquisition & Sales
- Project Construction
- IT

With LEG since 2019

1 As at November 2023 based on directors' dealings notification



Dr. Kathrin Köhling

2,310 in LEG1

- Controlling
- Corporate Finance & Treasury
- Organisation
- Process & Data Management
- Portfolio Management
- Accounting & Taxes
- Risk Management & Internal Control System





Dr. Volker Wiegel

4.581 shares in LEG1

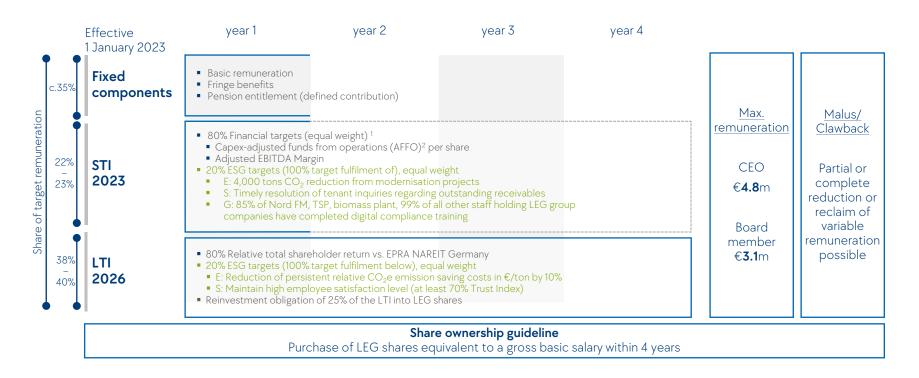
- Asset and Property-Management
 - Commercial Management
 - Neighbourhood Management
 - Property Management
 - Modernisation
 - Central Procurement
 - Receivables Management
 - Rent Management
 - Operating Expenses Management
- TechnikServicePlus GmbH
- EnergieServicePlus GmbH

With LEG since 2013

Remuneration system 2023/26

LEG

Financial STI targets in-line with new steering methodology³



1 For details of new KPI definitions see appendix and more details under. 2 Adjusted for subsidised investments. 3 Approved by AGM 2023. https://irpages2.equitystory.com/download/companies/legimmobilien/Presentations/LEG Pres Q3 2022 KPI Definitions v2.pdf

Supervisory board – 100% independent members

LEG

1/3 of female members since AGM 2022



Michael Zimmer

Chairman since 2013

4,100 shares in LEG1

Entrepreneurial career in the real estate sector (e.g. founder of Corpus Sireo Immobilien, later sold to Swiss Life) since 1990



Dr. Sylvia Eichelberg

Member since 2021

- - -

CEO of Gothaer Health Insurance and previously in different roles with AXA and FRGO insurance



Dr. Claus Nolting

Member since 2016

- - -

Professional background as a lawyer. Different positions in the banking and private equity sector (e.g. CEO of Hypovereinsbank, Cerberus, Lone Star)



Dr. Jochen Scharpe

Member since 2013

3,000 shares in LEG1

Professional experience in Corporate Finance (KPMG) and the real estate sector, e.g. precursor of CA Immo and Siemens Real Estate



Dr. Katrin Suder

Member since 2022

500 shares in LFG1

Independent consultant with focus on diversity. Previously State Secretary in the German Ministry of Defence and various roles at McKinsey (Partner, Head of the Berlin office and Director & Head of "Public sector").



Martin Wiesmann

Member since 2020

1,400 shares in LEG1

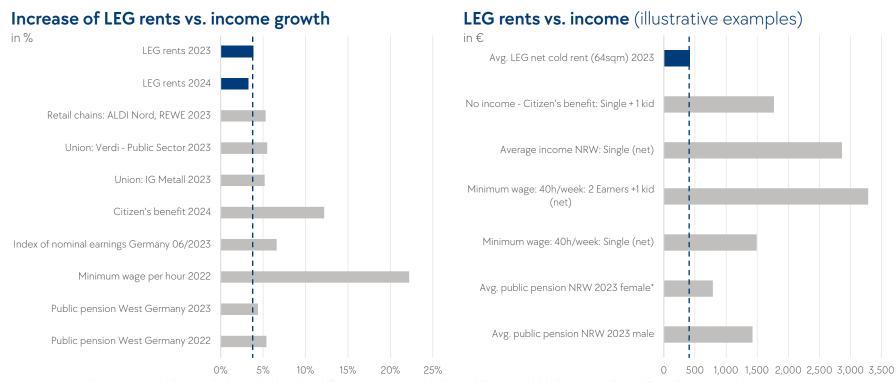
Professional background in investment banking with Deutsche Bank and J.P. Morgan, amongst various roles Vice-Chairman IB Europe with JPM



6 Regulation & Social Security in Germany

Affordability of living





Source: LEG, ALDI Nord, Rewe; Verdi, IG Metall, destatis, Federal Ministry for Labor and Social Affairs, DGB regarding citizen benefit example (https://www.dgb.de/themen/++co++ef171378-cbfb-11ea-af64-001a4a160123), *eligible for citizen's benefit

Heat Planning Act (WPG) as basis for the individual building plan (GEG)



Heat Planning Act

(Wärmeplanungsgesetz WPG)

- Municipalities and cities have to provide their individual plans on how to transition their heat infrastructure into a climate neutral grid
- Major cities need to provide their plans until June 2026, smaller communities until June 2028
- Local utility companies, grid operator and manufacturing companies to provide data in respect to energy source and consumption
- Basis for individual heat energy transition planning on private owner level, landlord level and public buildings

Energy Act for Buildings

(Gebäudeenergiegesetz GEG)

- Renewable energy obligation (REO): New heating systems must cover at least 65% of heat energy demand of the building with renewable energies
- Target is to achieve a national climate neutral heat supply by 2045
- New buildings: REO as of 1 January 2024, transition periods for new buildings outside new construction areas
- Existing buildings: transition periods for defect heating systems: 3 years (general), 10 years (connecting to a heating grid), 13 years (centralisation of decentralised heating systems)
- Permitted technologies: Connection to the heating network, electric heat pumps, direct
 electricity heating such as air-to-air heat pumps, hybrid heating, heating based on solar
 thermal energy, "H2-Ready" gas heating or when using green gases, biomass heating
 (mandatory from 2029)
- Duty for external consultation on heating system replacement from 2024



Funding concept for new heating systems

LEG

Start January 2024 via the BEG (federal funding for energy-efficient buildings act)

Status as of **20 November 2023**

30% basic subsidy for all

Subsidy reduces rent increase potential

25% sprinter bonus

in 2024 - declines over time - 20% in 2025 and 2026

5% efficiency bonus

Granted for very efficient heat pumps or systems using natural refrigerant

Hardship supplement 30%

for owner-occupied properties with a house-hold income <40k € (total subsidy max. 70%)

- Cap for total subsidies at 55%
- The **eligible costs** for subsidised heating systems in residential buildings are
 - €30,000 for the first unit
 - €15,000 each for the 2nd to 6th unit
 - €8,000 each for the 7th residential unit and above

Additional modernisation levy (new § 559e BGB included in the GEG draft)

Option 1

8% of the investment costs for heating replacement and related work minus maintenance; cap at €0.50 sqm per month

Option 2

10% of the investment costs for heating replacement and related work minus maintenance, if landlord takes advantage of subsidies; cap at €0.50 sgm per month

- Previous modernisation levy of 8% remains in place for remaining modernisation measures
- Offset against the existing modernisation levy cap of €2/sqm/month (cold rent <7.00€/sqm) or €3/sqm/month (cold rent ≥7.00€/sqm)



Rent regulation in Germany

LEG

Basics

Free-financed units

81% of LEG's units

| | Non-tense markets | Tense markets ² ~25,000 units | |
|--|-------------------|---|--|
| Rent increase • Max. 20% within 3 years • Max. increase to local reference rent¹ Modernisation levy • Annual rent can be increased 1. Limit: €3 per sqm (rent/sqm (rent/sqm/month < €7) over | | Rent increase • Max. 15% within 3 years (Kappungsgrenze) • Max. increase to local reference rent¹ + ed by 8% of modernisation costs m/month > €7) or €2 per sqm | |
| New contracts | No regulations | Rental brake (Mietpreisbremse) Increase of max. 10% on local reference rent1 | |

Rent restricted units

19% of LEG's units

Cost rent adjustment

- Every third year (i.e. 2023, 2026)
- After full repayment of the underlying subsidised loan, the residential unit gets out of rent restriction and regular code applies
- In the case of early repayment, rent restriction continues for another 10 years (tenant protection); then regular code applies

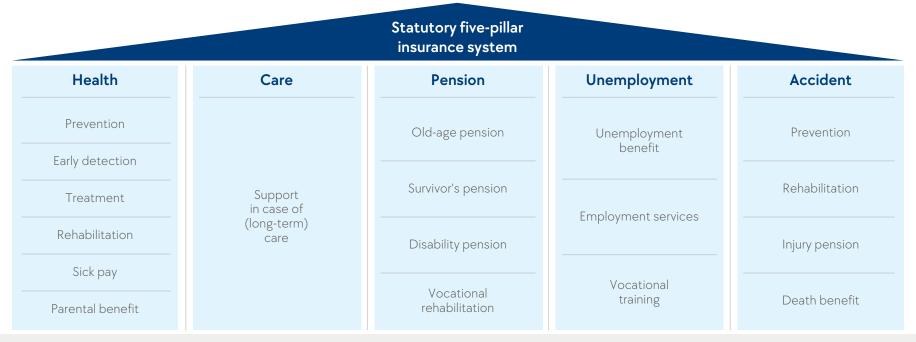
Advantages of early repayment

- Earlier transition of subsidised unit into free financed segment
- Immediate positive valuation effect (DCF model)

1 Based on rent table (Mietspiegel). 2 In NRW, 18 cities were identified as tense markets, especially Düsseldorf, Cologne and Greater Cologne area, Bonn, Münster. Outside NRW and relevant for LEG are cities such as Brunswick, Hanover, Laatzen, Oldenburg, Osnabrück and Mannheim.

A well-developed social security system ensures a fair standard of living in Germany





Principles of solidarity



7 Investor & Credit Relations

LEG additional creditor information

Headroom of >25% value decline for unencumbered asset test



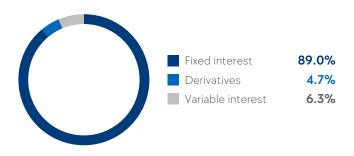
Unsecured financing covenants

| Covenant | Threshold | 9M-2023 |
|---|-----------|-------------------|
| Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA / Net Cash Interest | ≥1.8x | 4.7x ¹ |
| Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Financial Indebtedness | ≥125% | 163.8% |
| Net Financial Indebtedness / Total Assets | ≤60% | 45.2% |
| Secured Financial Indebtedness / Total Assets | ≤45% | 16.2% |

Ratings (Moody's)

| Туре | Rating | Outlook |
|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Long Term Rating | Baa2 | Stable |
| Short Term Rating | P-2 | Stable |

Financing mix



Key financial ratios

| - | 9M-2023 | 9M-2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Net debt / adj. EBITDA ² | 13.9x | 14.0x |
| LTV | 46.8% | 42.3% |
| Secured Debt / Total Debt | 35.8% | 37.6% |
| Unencumbered Assets / Total Assets | 42.2% | 41.1% |
| Equity ratio | 40.4% | 45.0% |

¹ Based on the adjusted EBITDA definition effective until business year 2022. Based on the adjusted EBITDA definition effective since business year 2023, i.e. excluding maintenance (externally-procured services) and own work capitalized, KPI is 5.2x. 2 Average net debt last four quarters / adjusted EBITDA LTM.

Capital market financing

LEG

Corporate bonds

| Maturity | Issue Size | Maturity Date | Coupon | Issue Price | ISIN | WKN |
|-----------|----------------|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| 2017/2024 | €500 m | Exercise of call option as at 23 October 2023 | | | | |
| 2019/2027 | €500 m | 28 Nov 2027 | 0.875% p.a. | 99.356% | DE000A254P51 | A254P5 |
| 2019/2034 | €300 m | 28 Nov 2034 | 1.625% p.a. | 98.649% | DE000A254P69 | A254P6 |
| 2021/2033 | €600 m | 30 Mar 2033 | 0.875% p.a. | 99.232% | DE000A3H3JU7 | АЗНЗЈИ |
| 2021/2031 | €700 m¹ | 30 Jun 2031 | 0.750% p.a. | 99.502% | DE000A3E5VK1 | A3E5VK |
| 2021/2032 | €500 m | 19 Nov 2032 | 1.000% p.a. | 98.642% | DE000A3MQMD2 | A3MQMD |
| 2022/2026 | €500 m | 17 Jan 2026 | 0.375% p.a. | 99.435% | DE000A3MQNN9 | A3MQNN |
| 2022/2029 | €500 m | 17 Jan 2029 | 0.875% p.a. | 99.045% | DE000A3MQNP4 | A3MQNP |
| 2022/2034 | €500 m | 17 Jan 2034 | 1.500% p.a. | 99.175% | DE000A3MQNQ2 | A3MQNQ |

Financial Covenants

Adj. EBITDA/ net cash interest ≥ 1.8x

Unencumbered assets/ unsecured financial debt ≥ 125%

Net financial debt/ total assets ≤ 60%

Secured financial debt/ total assets ≤ 45%

1 Includes €100m bond tap as of 10 July 2023

Capital market financing Convertible bonds

LEG

| | 2017/2025 | 2020/2028 |
|--|--|--|
| Issue Size | €400 m | €550 m |
| Term / Maturity Date | 8 years/ 1 September 2025 | 8 years/ 30 June 2028 |
| Coupon | 0.875% p.a. (semi-annual payment: 1 March, 1 September) | 0.400% p.a. (semi-annual payment: 15 January, 15 July) |
| # of shares | 3,531,959 | 3,580,370 |
| Initial Conversion Price | €118.4692 | €155.2500 |
| Adjusted Conversion Price ¹ | €113.2516 (since 2 June 2022) | €153.6154 (since 7 June 2022) |
| Issuer Call | From 22 September 2022, if LEG share price >130% of the then applicable conversion price | From 5 August 2025, if LEG share price >130% of the then applicable conversion price |
| ISIN | DE000A2GSDH2 | DE000A289T23 |
| WKN | A2GSDH | A289T2 |
| | | |

1 Dividend-protection: The conversion price will not be adjusted until the dividend exceeds €2.76 (2017/2025 convertible) and €3.60 (2020/2028 convertible).

LEG share information



10.5%

8.1%

81.4%

Basic data

Market segment Stock Exchange Total no. of shares Ticker symbol

Frankfurt 74,109,276 LEG

Prime Standard

ISIN DE000LEG1110

Indices

MDAX, FTSE EPRA/NAREIT, GPR 250, Stoxx Europe 600, DAX 50 ESG, i.a. MSCI Europe ex UK, MSCI World ex USA, MSCI World

Custom ESG Climate Series

Weighting

MDAX 3.5% (30.9.2023)

EPRA Developed Europe 2.9% (30.9.2023)

Share (7.11.2023; indexed; in %; 1.2.2013 = 100)

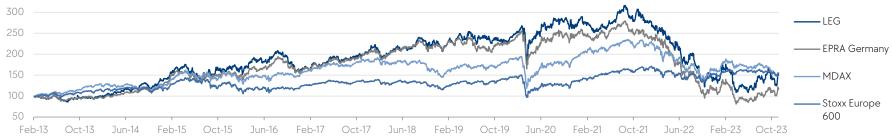


MFS

BlackRock

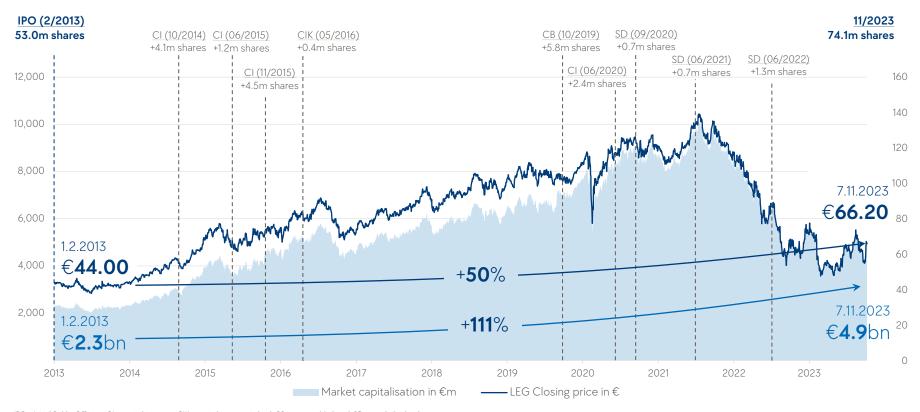
Other free float

Shareholder structure¹



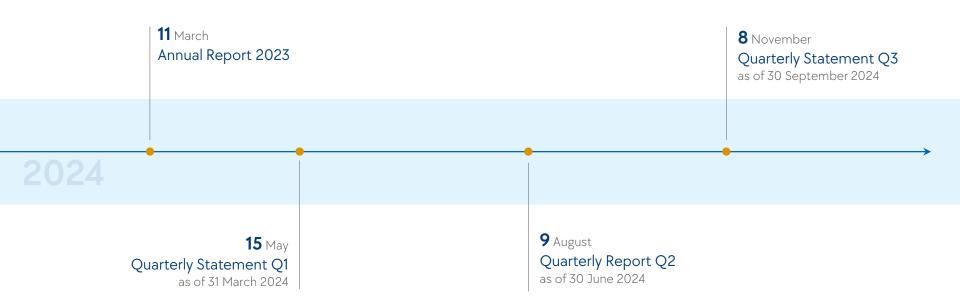
Share price and market capitalisation since IPO





Financial calendar





For our detailed financial calendar, please visit https://ir.leg-se.com/en/investor-relations/financial-calendar

72

IR Contact



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